

# City of Cake Illinois

### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2024

### CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE, ILLINOIS

### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended April 30, 2024

Prepared by the Finance Department

Jodie Hartman Director of Finance

	Page(s)
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	i -vi
Officers and Officials	vii
Organizational Chart	viii
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	ix
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1-4
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	5-6
GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	&A 1-17
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	7-8
Statement of Activities	9-10
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds	
Balance Sheet	11-12
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	14
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities	15

Page(s)

### FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)

### GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Statement of Net Position	16-17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	18
Statement of Cash Flows	19-20
Fiduciary Funds	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	22
Notes to Financial Statements	23-81
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual	0.2
General Fund	82 83
Fire Rescue Fund	83 84
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	04
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	85
Police Pension Fund	86
Firefighters' Pension Fund	87
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability	07
and Related Ratios	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	88-89
Police Pension Fund	90-91
Firefighters' Pension Fund	92-93
Schedule of Investment Returns	
Police Pension Fund	94
Firefighters' Pension Fund	95
Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Total OPEB Liability	
and Related Ratios	
Other Postemployment Benefit Plan	96

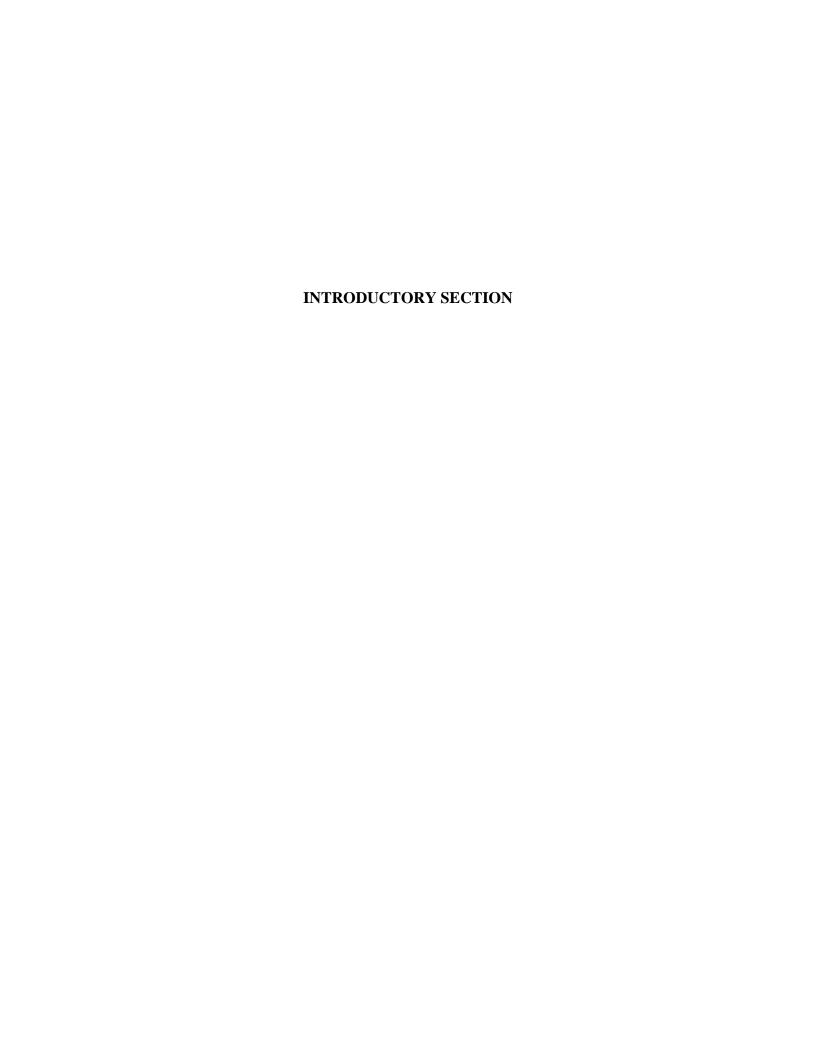
	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
General Fund Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Schedule of Detailed Expenditures - Budget and Actual Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	97 98-100
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	101
Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund	101
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
Combining Balance Sheet  Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	102-103
Changes in Fund Balances	104
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	105-106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	107-108
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Motor Fuel Tax Fund	109
IMRF/FICA Fund	110
Road/Vehicle License Fund	111
School Crossing Guard Fund	112
Restricted Police Fund	113
Commuter Parking Lot Fund	114
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	115
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	116
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Three Oaks Debt Service Fund	117

	Page(s)
FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	
COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued)	
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)	
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	118-119
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	
Changes in Fund Balances	120-121
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	
Fund Balance - Budget and Actual	
Main Street TIF Project Fund	122
Virginia Street Corridor TIF Project Fund	123
Vulcan Lakes TIF Project Fund	124
Three Oaks Development Fund	125
Waters Edge TIF Fund	126
MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position - Budget and Actual - Budgetary Basis	
Waterworks and Sewerage Fund	127-128
waterworks and Sewerage Fund	127-120
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in	
Net Position - Budget and Actual	
Group Insurance Fund	129
•	
FIDUCIARY FUNDS	
Combining Statement of Net Position -	
Pension Trust Funds	130
Combining Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position -	
Pension Trust Funds	131
Schedule of Changes in Plan Net Position - Budget and Actual	131
Police Pension Fund	132
Firefighters' Pension Fund	133
Custodial Funds	133
Combining Statement of Net Position	134
Combining Statement of Net 1 ostron	134
Combining Statement of Changes in Flan Net Losition	155

Page(s) **FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)** COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES (Continued) DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT Statement of Net Position and Balance Sheet ..... 136-137 Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.... 138 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Operating Fund 139 Combining Balance Sheet Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Gift and Memorial Fund 144 IMRF Fund 145 FICA Fund 146 Special Reserve Fund 147 Public Library Construction and Repair Fund..... 148 STATISTICAL SECTION Financial Trends Change in Net Position 151-154 Revenue Capacity Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property..... 159 Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments ..... 160 Principal Property Taxpayers.... 161 Property Tax Extensions and Collections ..... 162

CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE, ILLINOIS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

	Page(s)
STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)	
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	163
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	164
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Bonded Debt,	
Unamortized Bond Premium and Capital Leases	165
Legal Debt Margin	166
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	167
Principal Employers	168
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent Employees	169
Operating Indicators	170
Capital Asset Statistics	171
CONTINUING DISCLOSURE	
Certificate of Insurance	172





October 17, 2024

Mayor Haig Haleblian Members of the City Council Citizens of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois

We submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within six months of the close of each fiscal year complete a set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Crystal Lake for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Crystal Lake. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis to make these representations, management of the City of Crystal Lake has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Crystal Lake's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The Finance Department takes responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including disclosures. We believe the information, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position of the City and the results of its operations as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and includes all the disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

The City of Crystal Lake's financial statements have been audited by Sikich CPA LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Crystal Lake for the fiscal year ended April 30; 2024 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City of Crystal Lake's financial statements for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. This "clean" opinion is the highest obtainable opinion, a statement of not

only reliability of the financial information, but also to the high level of professionalism and integrity of the staff. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The City of Crystal Lake's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements and required supplemental information. The MD&A provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activity. Included in the basic financial statements are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the financial statements. The required supplementary information presents the budgetary comparison schedules and other schedules. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

### PROFILE OF THE CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE

The City of Crystal Lake, incorporated in 1914, is in the southeastern portion of McHenry County, which is the furthest northwestern county in the Chicago metropolitan region. The City of Crystal Lake currently occupies a land area of 19.24 square miles and serves a population of 40,269 according to the 2020 Decennial Census. The City of Crystal Lake is empowered by State Statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs periodically when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Crystal Lake has operated under the Council-Manager form of government since 1957. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the Mayor and six other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the City Manager. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the heads of the various departments, including the City Attorney. The City Council is elected at-large on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms.

This report encompasses all funds of the City of Crystal Lake. The City of Crystal Lake provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; recreation; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and infrastructure; maintenance of the public storm drainage system; water, sanitary sewer service and wastewater treatment; and growth management, planning and development control through the activities of the Community Development Department. In addition to these general governmental activities, the City has certain information relative to the public library (a discretely presented component unit) and police and fire pension systems (blended component units). Therefore, these activities have been included in the City of Crystal Lake's financial reporting entity.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Crystal Lake's financial planning and control. All agencies of the City of Crystal Lake are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager and Director of Finance use these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to the City Council for review. The City Council is required to hold a public hearing on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by no later than April 30th, the close of the City of Crystal Lake's fiscal year. Starting January 1, 2025, the City's fiscal year will move to match the calendar year which will make December 31st the new close of the City's fiscal year. The budget is prepared

by fund and department. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted.

### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Crystal Lake operates.

### **Local Economy**

The City of Crystal Lake enjoys a rather stable economic environment. With inflation, supply chain issues, and geopolitical events having a substantial effect on the national economy, the City has been able to withstand the financial consequences without reducing services. The largest single source of revenue is sales tax, which reflects the current economic trends with the attractions of new retail and restaurants.

Development and property management represents a significant challenge and priority for the City. Utilization of impact fees and sophisticated policies requiring development to fund its own infrastructure cost illustrate the fact that the City has growth management initiatives. The City's impact fees and growth-funded infrastructure requirements have ensured that the City's taxpayers are not burdened by development.

New construction in the residential and commercial sectors continues to add value to the City. Of particular note, Lennar, the nation's largest homebuilder, almost completed construction of a 500-unit residential development, Woodlore Estates, on the northeast section of Crystal Lake. The Springs at Three Oaks, a 280 unit luxury apartment complex, was completed in 2022. Enclave, a 99 unit luxury rental project was completed in 2024 and Redwood, a 304 rental ranch townhome community plans to be completed in 2025. More housing is currently underway including Clover Communities, a 121-unit age-restricted independent living apartment complex; and Woodlore Townes, a 47-unit townhome community.

Despite substantial competition that has occurred from commercial growth in many of the areas surrounding Crystal Lake and the difficult retail environment for certain players in the very competitive Chicago arena, the retail sector has remained stable and has grown slightly over the past year. The City has continued to maintain strength as a retail base for serving regular commercial needs for the immediate City population, and has continued as a regional point for commercial activities.

Route 14 serves as a retail corridor for the City of Crystal Lake, with a variety of tenants occupying space in several shopping centers. In 2023, 1,100,122 square feet of commercial space was occupied. The Route 14 corridor provides a variety of large national tenants as well as dining options ranging from fine dining to fast casual.

The downtown sector continues to be a vibrant commercial destination, with its own unique dining, specialty shops, services and entertainment options. The downtown district is home to the Raue Center for the Arts, an 800-seat theatre that provides a unique draw for the downtown area as the largest performing arts theater in McHenry County.

Crystal Lake continues to be an attractive place to live and conduct business. The City is fortunate to have two Metra train stations within the corporate limits. In 2023 Crystal Lake welcomed sixty-five new businesses. The City is also home to several large auto retailers, all of which over the past decade have completed substantial renovations or expansions of their dealerships.

Once again, the City has continued to have a very low property tax rate for municipal services compared to other municipalities in southeastern McHenry County. The continued development of the City's non-residential tax base and the stable retail sector of the community have facilitated this position. The City's retail base helps defray the cost of most General Fund supported services, such as police protection, street maintenance, brush and leaf pickup, and other services. The City has continued to maintain strength as a retail base for serving regular commercial needs for the immediate City population and has continued as a regional point for commercial activities.

### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City of Crystal Lake is well-positioned for growth, both geographically and economically. Located 50 miles northwest of Chicago, Crystal Lake benefits from a continually growing population and workforce. The City's median household income is approximately 37% above the national average and approximately 31% above the State average. Over 40% of residents twenty-five or older have college degrees, compared to the State and National averages of 37% and 34% respectively.

Crystal Lake, like all municipalities, must continually evolve to meet the changing needs of its citizens. Because the City is a service provider, its main expenditures are personnel-related. City staff continuously examine municipal services for efficiency, effectiveness, usefulness and sustainability, and develops options and strategies that enable the City to match resources (financial, physical and human) to the desired level of service.

The City is committed to maintaining a low property tax rate. On December 5, 2023, the Crystal Lake City Council adopted a property tax levy ordinance that maintained a zero General Fund levy, which has been in place since 1997. The City's overall levy included a modest overall increase of 3%, primarily attributable to increased funding to Fire Rescue Department and the City's pension obligations. With overall growth to the City's tax base from new construction, the impact to property owners was a decrease of 3.5% for the City's levy. The City takes pride in minimizing the use of property taxes, relying upon other revenue sources for funding both operations and capital expenditures.

The City sponsors single employer defined benefit pension plans for its sworn police officers and for its sworn firefighters. Each year, an independent actuary calculates the amount of the annual contribution. As a matter of policy, the City fully funds each year's annual required contributions as determined by the actuary. As of April 30, 2024, the Police Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 58.33%. As of April 30, 2024, the Fire Pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 76.19%. Unfunded amounts are being systematically funded as part of the annual required contribution until 2040 when each fund's assets shall be equal to its pension obligations.

The City also provides pension benefits for its non-public safety employees. These benefits are provided through a state-wide plan that is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF). Additional information on the City's pension arrangements can be found in Note 14 of the financial statements. As of December 31, 2023, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, the IMRF plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability was 90.52%.

In 2022, Standard and Poor's upgraded the City to a AAA stable rating. The City of Crystal Lake's AAA credit rating represents the highest credit rating that can be earned by an organization and has been assigned to very few governments within the State of Illinois. According to S&P, the City of Crystal Lake "embodies many characteristics of a 'AAA' issuer, including a diverse economy that is independently strong and growing...with consistently stable financial operating results with no discernible budgetary pressures... and a sophisticated and knowledgeable management team that has strong planning practices." At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$45.15 million of debt instruments outstanding. The City also has \$7.33 million relating to Special Service Area obligations which are not the financial responsibility of the City. Under current state statute, the City has no legal debt limit on general obligation debt.

### FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City of Crystal Lake's Financial Policies provide the basic framework for the fiscal management of the City. The policies provide guidelines for evaluating both current activities and proposals for future programs. Most of the policies represent longstanding principles, traditions and practices that have guided the City in the past and have helped maintain the City's financial stability. The following are detailed in the City of Crystal Lake's Financial Policies:

- Purchasing
- o Travel and Training
- o City Credit Card
- Petty Cash
- Donation Acceptance
- Economic Development Incentives
- Cash Receipts
- Accounting and Financial Reporting
- Accounts Payable and Vendor Disbursements

- Surplus Personal Property Disposal
- Accounts Receivable and Collections
- o Grant Management
- Annual Budget
- Debt Management
- Investments
- Fraud Reporting
- Capital Assets

### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Crystal Lake for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2023. This results in thirty-four consecutive years that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The City of Crystal Lake received the Distinguished Budget presentation award for the Fiscal Year 2024 Budget document for the sixteenth consecutive year. The City also received its third consecutive Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Popular Financial Reporting for Fiscal Year 2023. It is an honor for the City of Crystal Lake to receive these three awards from the National GFOA.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all staff members who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report, especially Assistant Finance Director Adam Orton and Accounting Manager Stephanie Wrolson. Without the support given by the Mayor and the City Council and their unfailing commitment to maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Crystal Lake's finances, this report would not be possible. Recognition and acknowledgement of the essential nature of their support and commitment to effective and responsible local government financial operations, which has enabled a report that is believed to meet the requirements of the GFOA Certificate of Achievement Program again this year, is an appropriate conclusion to this year's report.

Eric Helm

City Manager

Jodie Hartman

Director of Finance/Treasurer



## CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE, ILLINOIS CITY OFFICIALS

As of April 30, 2024

### **MAYOR**

Haig Haleblian

### **COUNCILMEMBERS**

Ellen Brady Brett Hopkins
Cameron Hubbard Ian Philpot
Amanda Montford Denise Smith

### **CITY CLERK**

**Nick Kachiroubas** 

### **ADMINISTRATION**

Eric Helm City Manager

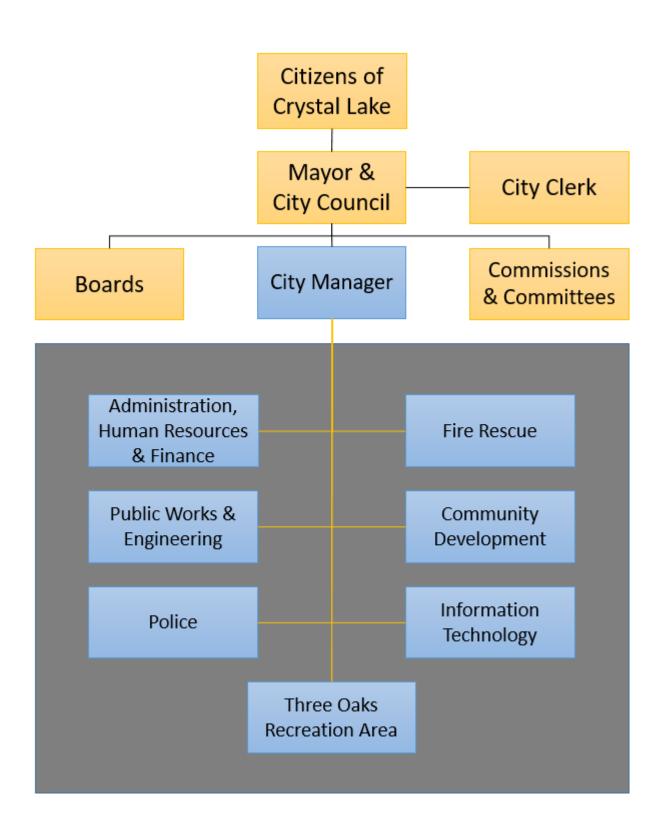
Nicholas Hammonds Assistant City Manager

Kathryn Cowlin Director of Community Development

Jodie Hartman Director of Finance/Treasurer
Julie Meyer Director of Human Resources

Steven Weishaar Director of Information Technology

Michael P. Magnuson Director of Public Works
Craig Snyder Chief of Fire Rescue
James Black Chief of Police





### Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

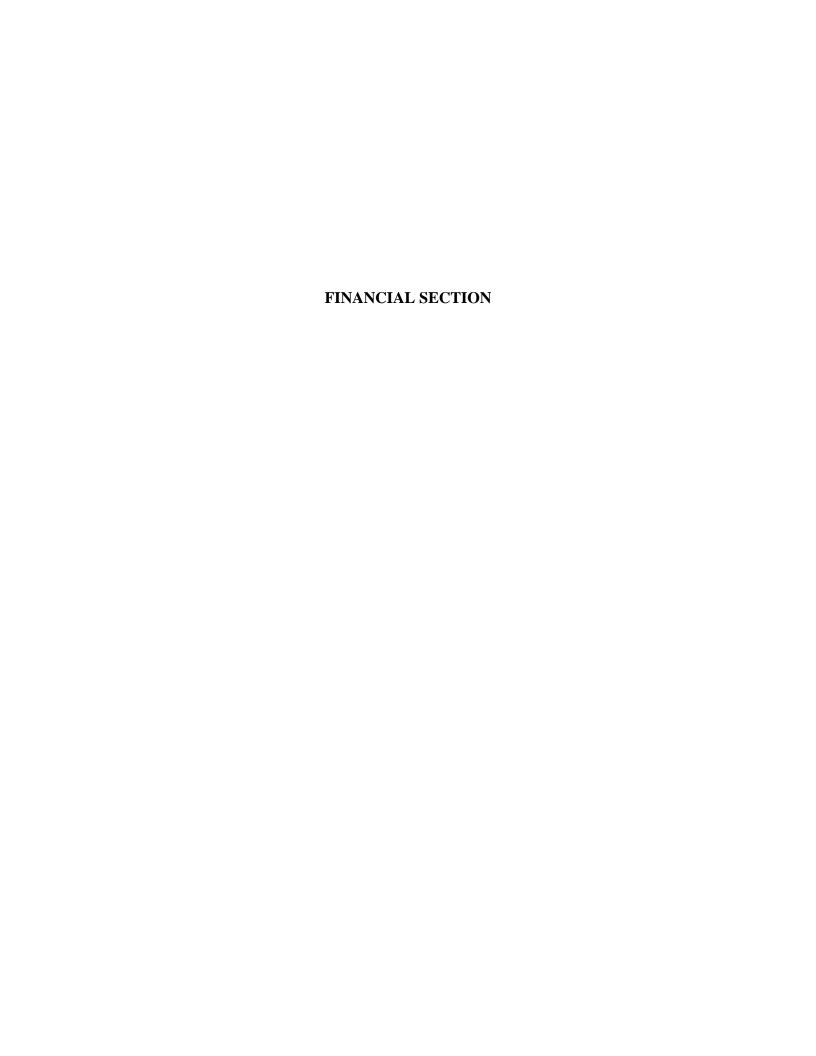
### City of Crystal Lake Illinois

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

April 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

#### SIKICH.COM

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Crystal Lake, Illinois

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under these standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
  an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory, statistical sections, and continuing disclosure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2024, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sikich CPA LLC

Naperville, Illinois October 17, 2024



1415 West Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, IL 60563 630.566.8400

#### SIKICH.COM

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor Members of the City Council City of Crystal Lake, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois (the City), as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 17, 2024.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sikich CPA LLC

Naperville, Illinois October 17, 2024

### GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City of Crystal Lake Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to 1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, 2) provide an overview of the City's financial activity, 3) identify changes in the City's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), 4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and 5) identify individual fund issues and concerns.

As management of the City of Crystal Lake (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. We encourage readers of this document to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i to vii of this report.

### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

#### CITY FUNDS AS A WHOLE

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets/deferred outflows and liabilities/deferred inflows as of April 30, 2024, with the difference reported as net position.

- Net position, excluding the Crystal Lake Public Library, was \$269.34 million.
- o Change in net position due to activity during the year was an increase of \$17.21 million.
- o **Combined revenues** totaled \$85.14 million, an increase of 6.3%
- Combined expenses totaled \$67.93 million, a decrease of 0.04%

### **GENERAL FUND**

- o **Revenues** for the fiscal year totaled \$44.59 million, an increase of \$3.22 million.
- Expenditures for the fiscal year totaled \$31.26 million, an increase of \$936k.
- Fund Balance as of April 30, 2024 was \$23.69 million. The net change in fund balance due to activity during the fiscal year was an increase of \$2.61 million.

### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (Waterworks and Sewerage Fund)

- Operating revenues for the fiscal year totaled \$15.01 million, an increase of \$588k.
- Operating expenses for the fiscal year totaled \$13.67 million, a decrease of \$518k.
   Depreciation and amortization of capital assets, a non-cash expense totaling \$4.36 million, is included in the operating expenses total.

### LONG-TERM DEBT

- Bonded Debt for governmental activities outstanding as of April 30, 2024 decreased \$824k to \$5.33 million during the year.
- o **Bonded Debt for business-type activities outstanding** as of April 30, 2024 decreased \$2.03 million to \$19.37 million during the year.
- Net Pension Liability for Public Safety Pensions increased \$1.19 million to \$56.13 million. This includes the liabilities for both Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds.
- Net Pension Liability for IMRF (non-sworn employees excluding the Crystal Lake Library) decreased \$2.32 million, to net pension liability of \$7 million as of December 31, 2023.

#### CAPITAL INVESTMENT

- City-wide assets, net of depreciation, total \$279.80 million at April 30, 2024, an increase of \$6.50 million.
- Governmental capital assets net of depreciation increased \$5.01 million to \$191.92 million.
- Business-type capital assets net of depreciation increased \$1.48 million to \$87.87 million, primarily for infrastructure.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are considered integral to the financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, this report also contains required supplementary information, other supplementary information and statistical information.

The City's basic financial statements comprise two components: 1) Government-wide financial statements and 2) Fund financial statements. The combination of government-wide and fund financial statements allows the City to present fairly and with full disclosure, the funds and activities of the City and to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

**Government-wide Financial Statements** are intended to provide an aggregated overview of the City's net position and changes in net position. The government-wide financial statements report on the government as a whole using the same basis of accounting and measurement focus as a private-sector business.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also a legally separate library for which the City is accountable. This component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7-10 of this report.

**Fund financial statements** assist in assessing whether the government has raised and spent financial resources in accordance with budget plans and in compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Certain funds, referred to as governmental funds, focus on the short-term flow of *current* financial resources, rather than on the flow of economic resources. Other funds, referred to as proprietary and fiduciary funds, account for the business-type and certain fiduciary activities of the government. These funds follow accounting and reporting principles similar to those of business organizations.

**Governmental funds.** These funds are a generic classification used to refer to all funds other than proprietary and fiduciary funds. The City has twenty (20) governmental funds to account for governmental functions. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for those governmental funds considered to be "major" funds.

Governmental funds account for the inflows and outflows of *current* financial resources. No long-lived assets such as land, buildings, and equipment, nor any long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, are reported on the governmental funds balance sheet. Financial resources must be available to pay current-period obligations. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 11-15 of this report.

**Proprietary funds.** These funds are sometimes referred to as *business-type* funds of local government. Examples of proprietary funds are enterprise funds and internal service funds. The City maintains two proprietary funds: the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund and the Group Insurance Fund. The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund is considered to be a major fund of the City. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-20 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. This includes the City's two pension trust funds and custodial Special Service Area Funds. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-22 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** These notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-81 of this report.

**Required supplementary information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits, as well as budgetary comparison schedules for major funds for which an appropriation was approved. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 82-96 of this report.

**Other supplementary information.** This includes combining and individual fund statements and schedules, which can be found beginning on page 97 of this report.

**Statistical information.** The statistical section of the annual report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementation information says about the City's overall financial health. Statistical information can be found beginning on page 149.

### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### **Net Position**

The Statement of Net Position is a high-level view of the total assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows of the primary government. The resulting net position is allocated to three categories: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted funds and Unrestricted Funds. Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

#### Statement of Net Position As of April 30, 2023 and 2024

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total Primary Government	
Category	4/30/2024	4/30/2023	4/30/2024	4/30/2023	4/30/2024	4/30/2023
Current and other assets	\$ 94,496,320	\$ 88,400,676	\$ 37,009,571	\$ 34,820,787	\$ 131,505,891	\$ 123,221,463
Capital assets	191,924,966	186,913,940	87,872,033	86,387,966	279,796,999	273,301,906
Total assets	286,421,286	275,314,616	124,881,604	121,208,753	411,302,890	396,523,369
Deferred Outflows	15,593,442	18,046,552	2,434,306	3,007,085	18,027,748	21,053,637
Total assets & deferred outflows	302,014,728	293,361,168	127,315,910	124,215,838	429,330,638	417,577,006
Current liabilities	8,185,953	7,113,077	6,931,752	7,329,888	15,117,705	14,442,965
Long-term liabilities	76,521,771	77,494,236	42,375,201	45,464,818	118,896,972	122,959,054
Total liabilities	84,707,724	84,607,313	49,306,953	52,794,706	134,014,677	137,402,019
Deferred Inflows	22,538,495	23,774,729	3,441,582	4,274,264	25,980,077	28,048,993
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	107,246,219	108,382,042	52,748,535	57,068,970	159,994,754	165,451,012
Net position:						
Net Invest. In Capital Assets	181,837,388	176,875,488	55,271,549	54,686,616	237,108,937	231,562,104
Restricted	10,649,313	11,849,081	-	-	10,649,313	11,849,081
Unrestricted	2,281,808	(3,745,443)	19,295,826	12,460,252	21,577,634	8,714,809
Total net position	\$ 194,768,509	\$ 184,979,126	\$ 74,567,375	\$ 67,146,868	\$ 269,335,884	\$ 252,125,994

Total assets increased \$14.78 million during the year, including an increase of \$8.29 million in current and other assets including cash and investments. The current year also includes an increase of \$960k in the City's equity investment in Southeast Emergency Communications (SEECOM) for a total of \$4.60 million. Created by intergovernmental agreement, SEECOM is a consolidated emergency communications center which provides dispatch services and is owned in common by the City and two other municipalities. Capital assets increased \$6.50 million for the year.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$3.03 million over the year. This is mostly attributable to the pension items for the IMRF, Police and Firefighters pensions, which decreased a combined \$3.41 million. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) saw an increase of \$395k. OPEB liability relates to health insurance provided to 1) retired eligible employees who pay the full premium, and 2) health insurance costs for any public safety employees awarded Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA) benefits due to sustained catastrophic injuries while responding to emergencies. Another required deferred outflow represents the cost to retire water wells from service calculated at \$903k.

Total liabilities decreased \$3.39 million for the year. Current liabilities increased \$675k, and long-term liabilities decreased \$4.06 million. Of this amount, the increase to net pension liability for public safety pensions (sworn employees) totaled \$1.19 million. The net pension liability for non-sworn employees through the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) decreased \$2.32 million for a total of \$7 million. Also, a component of long-term liabilities, lease obligations decreased \$296k. While its fleet leasing program continues, the City is no long exclusively leasing vehicles for its fleet. Outstanding bonded debt decreased \$2.86 million.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$2.07 million over the year. Deferred inflows for pension items accounted for most of the net decrease. IMRF and the police and fire pensions saw a combined decrease of \$1.81 million. Deferred inflows related to leases decreased \$895k. Changes to deferred inflows relating to the property tax levy and other postemployment benefits make up the remainder of the change.

As of April 30, 2024, net position for the City was \$269.34 million. The largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings, and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets still outstanding. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net assets (\$10.65 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions relative to their use.

The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net position is \$21.58 million at April 30, 2024. GASB requires the City to recognize the net pension liability totaling \$63.12 million at April 30, 2024 for its three pension plans and requires the City to recognize net other post-employment benefit obligations totaling \$6.30 million. Unrestricted net position increased \$12.86 million from the previous fiscal year primarily due to revenues exceeding expenses.

### **Statement of Activities**

The Statement of Activities illustrates the change in net position throughout the fiscal year. A snapshot of the statement is provided below, with greater detail on pages 9-10 of this report.

Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended April 30, 2023 and 2024

		nmental vities	Business-type Activities				-
Category	2023/24	2022/23	2023/24	2022/23	2023/24	2022/23	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 8,361,879	\$ 8,034,322	\$ 16,775,808	\$15,397,219	\$ 25,137,687	\$ 23,431,541	
Operating grants/contributions	1,933,578	2,238,021	-	-	1,933,578	2,238,021	
Capital grants/contributions	665,817	2,601,288	-	109,003	665,817	2,710,291	
General revenues:							
Taxes	24,538,354	24,937,069	2,596,683	1,000,000	27,135,037	25,937,069	
Intergovernmental	23,656,862	22,852,234	1,326,955	-	24,983,817	22,852,234	
Investment earnings	1,924,376	329,908	936,253	246,960	2,860,629	576,868	
Other	2,199,979	1,716,455	224,268	638,101	2,424,247	2,354,556	
Total revenues	63,280,845	62,709,297	21,859,967	17,391,283	85,140,812	80,100,580	
Expenses:							
General Government	8,868,981	9,204,627	-	-	8,868,981	9,204,627	
Public Safety	30,928,000	30,424,252	-	-	30,928,000	30,424,252	
Highways and Streets	11,648,259	11,473,336	-	-	11,648,259	11,473,336	
Culture and Recreation	1,745,214	1,558,416	-	-	1,745,214	1,558,416	
Interest on long-term debt	202,288	250,474	-	-	202,288	250,474	
Water/Sewer	-	-	14,538,180	15,048,735	14,538,180	15,048,735	
Total expenses	53,392,742	52,911,105	14,538,180	15,048,735	67,930,922	67,959,840	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses	9,888,103	9,798,192	7,321,787	2,342,548	17,209,890	12,140,740	
Transfers:	(98,720)	-	98,720	-	-	-	
Change in net position	9,789,383	9,798,192	7,420,507	2,342,548	17,209,890	12,140,740	
Beginning net position	184,979,126	175,298,114	67,146,868	64,820,265	252,125,994	240,118,379	
Change in accounting principle	-	(117,180)		(15,945)	-	(133,125)	
Ending net position	\$ 194,768,509	\$ 184,979,126	\$ 74,567,375	\$67,146,868	\$ 269,335,884	\$ 252,125,994	

Overall, revenues for the City totaled \$85.14 million, an increase of \$5.04 million from the prior fiscal year. Expenses city-wide totaled \$67.92 million, a decrease of \$29k from the prior fiscal year. The resulting change from the fiscal year activities is an increase in net position of \$17.21 million, representing growth of 6.8%. The change in accounting principle in FY2022/23 was due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. See Note 6D for more information.

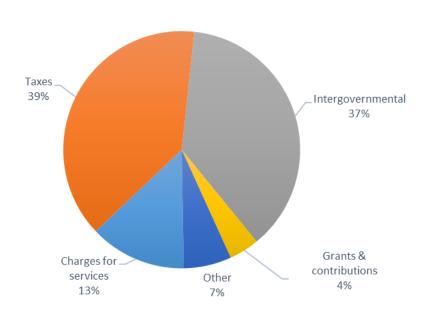
### **Governmental Activities**

As is typical for governmental activities of local governments, program revenues cover a small percentage of program expenses, with general revenues covering the majority of expenses. For this fiscal year, governmental program expenses of \$53.39 million exceeded program revenues of \$10.96 million by \$42.43 million; general revenues of \$52.32 million are used to make up the difference. With governmental revenues performing better than anticipated while expenses remained low, the City experienced a \$9.79 million surplus in governmental activities.

### Revenues

The following graph indicates the breakdown of governmental revenue by type for the fiscal year. Diversification by source is an important factor in financial stability. The City does not rely heavily on any one particular category.

### **Governmental Activity Revenue**

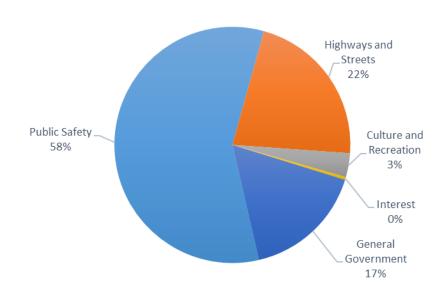


- Charges for services increased \$328k for the year, and grant and contribution revenues decreased by \$2.24 million.
- Intergovernmental revenues increased \$805k. States Sales and Use Taxes were up \$869k and State Income Tax was up \$86k.
- Investment earnings ended the year at \$1.92 million, an increase of \$1.59 million primarily due to improved yields and a shorter average maturity within the investment portfolio.
- Revenue from taxes decreased \$399k. Receipts from the Home Rule Sales Tax increased \$352k while the Telecommunications Tax (down \$28k) continued to decline year over year. In prior fiscal years, a portion of the utility taxes went into the governmental activities. In FY2022/23, \$1.68 million of utility taxes was used for governmental activities. However, in FY2023/24, all utility taxes were dedicated to business-type activities.
- Other revenues of \$2.20 million increased \$483k. This category includes recognition of interest of \$504k on funds held with the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). This category also includes capital facility fees, reimbursements from other agencies, and host fees for transfer facilities.

### Expenses

Governmental activity expenses represent the costs to operate the City's core services, excluding water and sewer service. The following chart shows the breakdown of governmental expenses by activity.

### **Governmental Activity Expenses**



Public safety expenses, which account for the largest share, increased by \$504k (1.7%) to \$30.93 million. The increase in police and fire pension liability represents a significant portion of the increase in public safety expenses due to the actuarial accrued liability increasing more than the investment returns. As the change in pension obligation is not a source or use of funds, it is only shown in the high-level Statement of Activities and not the remainder of financial reports within the report.

General Government expenses decreased \$335k (-3.6%) over the prior year. This decrease is due in part to a decrease in IMRF pension liability due to investment returns coming in higher than the investment projections. Highway and Streets increased \$175k (1.5%) from the prior year due to an increase in personnel expenditures resulting from contractual obligations. Interest expense on long-term debt for governmental activities decreased \$48k as debt service continues to be paid down.

### **Business-type activities**

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund activity resulted in an increase to net position of \$7.42 million from the fiscal year's activity. Net position ended the fiscal year with \$74.57 million.

#### Revenues

Charges for services increased \$1.38 million (9.0%) from the prior year. In FY2023/24, there was a 3% increase to the water and sewer rates that took effect September 1, 2023, but consumption trends are down overall. Connection fees increased \$434k (34.7%) to \$1.69 million due to increase in issuance of multi-family and single family home permits issued in FY2023/24.

In order to fund capital needs, all utility taxes totaling \$2.60 million were deposited in the business-type funds. In prior fiscal years, utility taxes were divided between the Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund and the Water and Sewer Capital Replacement Fund. Investment income for business-type revenues increased \$689k up to \$936k.

### Expenses

Operating expenses of the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund were \$518k lower than the previous year, a decrease of 3.7% due to the reclassification of a position into the General Fund, the net change in the IMRF pension expense, and a reversal of retainage for a large capital project. Principal payments decreased by \$194k to \$3.06 million and interest expenses increased \$7.7k to \$866k per the debt service payment schedules. Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$195k to \$4.36 million.

### **GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unreserved fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the fiscal year 2024, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$63.15 million, an increase of \$3.03 million from the prior year. The unassigned portion of the ending fund balances totaled \$15.21 million and is available to spend at the City's discretion. The remainder of the combined ending fund balance is restricted or assigned to indicate it is not available for spending. Restricted and assigned funds are reserved to pay debt service, retirement, street improvement or other specific costs, or are reserved for prepaid items such as insurance and inventories.

### General Fund

At the end of the fiscal year, the General Fund had a fund balance of \$23.69 million, with \$15.40 million as unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's capacity to provide a sufficient cash flow for day-to-day operations, offset unanticipated downturns to General Fund revenues or provide an ability to make emergency purchases, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to operating expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represented 49.3% of FY2023/24 General Fund operating expenditures.

The ending fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$2.61 million. General Fund revenues totaled \$44.59 million, an increase of \$3.22 million (7.8%). Intergovernmental revenue was up \$853k. Charges for services were up \$450k, as review fees, parking receipts and Three Oaks Recreation fee revenues were all higher than the prior year. Sales Tax increased \$1.01 million to \$15.17 million. General Fund expenditures totaled \$31.26 million, an increase of \$936k (3.1%).

### Fire Rescue Fund

The Fire Rescue Fund is also a major governmental fund, with an ending fund balance of \$8.68 million. This was an increase of \$1.04 million from annual activity. Revenues increased \$43k (0.3%) to \$12.73 million. Primary revenue sources of the Fire Rescue Fund include charges for services to other agencies, ambulance transport fees, and a property tax. Expenditures increased \$120k (1.0%). Of the increase, personnel costs alone increased \$110k, most of which is the result of salary increases based on labor contracts and overtime required to maintain minimum staffing levels.

### Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund

The ending fund balance in the Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund was \$16.10 million, a decrease of \$3.45 million from the prior year, a planned draw-down of fund balance for multiple larger projects. Revenues for the year of \$420k included \$238k in taxes from video gaming. In prior fiscal years, utility taxes were divided between the Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund and the Water and Sewer Capital Replacement Fund. In fiscal year 2023/24, all utility taxes were budgeted for the Water and Sewer Capital Replacement Fund. Other financing sources included \$492k in financing for new leased vehicles and \$9.51 million from other funds as transfers in for capital purchases.

Expenditures totaled \$13.88 million, compared to budgeted expenditures of \$24.31 million; several projects were delayed due to supply chain issues and availability of contractors. Major projects for the year included the annual street resurfacing program (\$1.46 million), the sidewalk and curb program (\$573k), new vehicle and equipment purchases and leases (\$1.85 million), building improvements (\$2.53 million), and road/intersection improvements (\$4.04 million). To mitigate tax increases, one-time capital and equipment replacement expenditures are funded using unassigned fund balance and/or bond proceeds.

### Other Governmental Funds

The City maintains several other governmental funds. In aggregate, fund balances of other governmental funds increased \$2.83 from the previous year. Highlights from some of these funds include:

- The Motor Fuel Tax Fund had a fund balance of \$6.53 million as of April 30, 2024, a decrease of \$1.58 million. The entire balance is restricted for purposes of roadway improvements. Expenditures of Motor Fuel Tax dollars require authorization from the Illinois Department of Transportation, as well as the Crystal Lake City Council. Other financing uses (transfers out to the Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund) of \$2.94 million provided roadway, intersection and pedestrian path improvements, as well as the construction of a salt storage building.
- The IMRF/FICA Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a separate tax levy.
  Disbursement of these funds are restricted to the payment of employer contributions to
  Social Security, Medicare and to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund. The ending fund
  balance in the IMRF/FICA Fund is \$1.06 million, a decrease of \$81k due to an intentional
  drawdown of fund balance reserves.
- The Restricted Police Fund consists of revenues collected by the Police Department for specific infractions such as DUI, drug forfeitures and vehicle impoundments. The restricted accounts are governed by State or Federal statutes. These funds are limited in their potential uses and must be used by the Police Department for purposes directly related to DUI and drug related enforcement and prevention. The ending fund balance in the Restricted Police Fund is \$786k, an increase of \$83k.
- The Three Oaks Debt Service Fund accounts for debt service costs associated with a tax increment financing redevelopment project within the Vulcan Lake TIF District. This fund had no revenues during fiscal year 2023/24, but received other financing sources of \$1.02 million. This includes \$1.02 million in debt service payments. The ending fund balance is \$0.

## CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

• The Water's Edge TIF Project Fund is used to account for funds associated with the tax increment financing district created to assist in the redevelopment of the former Crystal Court Shopping Center. The fund received its first tax increment revenue in the amount of \$32k for fiscal year 2023/24. Over the past three fiscal years, the General Fund has advanced the Water's Edge TIF Project Fund \$187k to cover planning and engineering expenditures.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are sometimes referred to as *business-type* funds of a local government. The City maintains two proprietary funds. The Waterworks and Sewerage enterprise fund is used to account for the acquisition, operations and maintenance of Waterworks and Sewerage facilities and services, including capital improvements and debt service obligations. This fund is predominately self-supporting through user charges. The Group Insurance Fund is an internal service fund that accounts for assets associated with funding the City's group health insurance.

Total net position of the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund increased \$7.42 million through fiscal year activity to \$74.57 million at April 30, 2024. Of the total, \$55.27 million represents the City's net investment in capital assets. The remaining \$19.30 million of total net position, represents unrestricted net position. Expenses included water main and storm sewer replacements, construction of new deep well #19, generator replacements for lift stations #12, #19 and #20, improvements to water treatment plant #2, equipment replacement at wastewater treatment plant #3 and engineering costs for various projects.

The Group Insurance Fund had an ending fund balance of \$2.0 million, all of which is unrestricted. The majority of revenues (\$6.24 million) came from employer and employee contributions. Group health insurance premiums totaling \$5.76 million accounted for most of the fund's expenses. Other minor expenses include wellness costs and other professional services.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

As the main operating fund of the City, the General Fund represents a range of revenues and expenditures. Revenues that are not restricted, committed or assigned to other functions are recorded in the General Fund. Operating costs of most major departments are recorded here as well, such as aspects of police protection, street maintenance, economic development, planning, engineering, fleet and facility maintenance and administration.

Actual revenues of \$44.59 million surpassed budget expectations by \$4.45 million. Combined with other financing sources, inflows exceeded budget by \$4.52 million. Transfers in to the General Fund were higher than budgeted due to the actual amount of tax increment received from the Virginia Street TIF.

Expenditures ended the year \$1.80 million below budget. Other financing uses ended the year \$4.18 million above budget, primarily due to a one-time transfer from the General Fund to the Capital and Equipment Replacement Fund. This planned transfer utilizes \$6 million of operating surplus to provide advanced funding of future capital needs.

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights Fiscal Year Ended April 30, 2024

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance \$	Variance %
Revenues & Other Financing Sources				
Taxes	\$ 14,428,726	\$ 14,755,806	\$ 327,080	2.3%
Licenses and permits	639,000	1,266,076	627,076	98.1%
Intergovernmental	22,920,594	23,772,042	851,448	3.7%
Charges for services	833,650	1,079,746	246,096	29.5%
Fines and forfeits	334,000	498,692	164,692	49.3%
Investment Income	300,000	1,623,809	1,323,809	441.3%
Other revenue	687,254	1,593,482	906,228	131.9%
Sub-total revenues	40,143,224	44,589,653	4,446,429	11.1%
Other financing sources	139,180	212,493	73,313	52.7%
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources	40,282,404	44,802,146	4,519,742	11.2%
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses				
General Government	7,545,814	6,766,540	(779,274)	-10.3%
Public Safety	17,733,100	17,373,063	(360,037)	-2.0%
Highways and Streets	6,882,788	6,164,077	(718,711)	-10.4%
Culture and Recreation	846,603	901,246	54,643	6.5%
Debt service	52,924	52,717	(207)	-0.4%
Sub-total expenditures	33,061,229	31,257,643	(1,803,586)	-5.5%
Other financing uses Transfers to Other Funds Total Expenditures and	6,755,304	10,935,096	4,179,792	61.9%
Other Financing Uses	39,816,533	42,192,739	2,376,206	6.0%
Change in Fund Balance	\$ 465,871	\$ 2,609,407	\$ 2,143,536	

During the fiscal year, the City of Crystal Lake Council approved one amendment to the General Fund budget, increasing the Executive Department's budget to reflect donations received for the Crystal Lake fireworks display (\$30k).

#### **Major General Fund Revenues**

State Sales Tax receipts of \$15.17 million surpassed its budgeted amount by \$768k. Receipts from sales tax continue to grow as prices rise with inflation. Starting January 2021, the State began classifying online retail purchases into the State Sales Tax distributions by purchase destination rather than as Use Tax and distributed per capita. So in addition to sales of groceries and general merchandise, online purchases are now supporting State Sales Tax revenues.

Home Rule Sales Tax receipts of \$7.18 million exceeded budgeted expectations by \$200k. Purchases of groceries are exempt from Home Rule Sales Tax, however staple items and online retail orders are not exempted.

*Income Tax* receipts ended the fiscal year at \$6.59 million. This total slightly exceeded the budgeted amount by \$140k.

## CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

*Use Tax* totaled \$1.52 million for FY2023/24. This was less than its budgeted expectation by \$121k. Online retail sales that were formerly in Use Tax are now being remitted under the Sales Tax category.

Hotel Tax receipts ended the fiscal year at \$352k. The Hotel Tax exceeded its budgeted amount by \$7,400 and brought in \$23k more than the prior fiscal year.

Building permits of \$1.10 million exceeded budgeted expectations by \$601k. Lennar Homes continues to construct single-family and age-targeted single-family homes in addition to townhomes in the northeast corner of the City near Routes 176 and 31. Several large multi-family projects also account for the increase in building permit revenue.

Investment earnings of \$1.62 million surpassed budget expectations by \$1.32 million. The increase in investment earnings was mainly driven by improved yields and a shorter average maturity within the investment portfolio. As the City is restricted statutorily on the types of investment vehicles, the City invests idle funds with a professional investment management firm to maximize earning potential while remaining compliant with restrictive investment options allowed by Illinois Statute.

Other revenue of \$1.59 million exceeded budget expectations by \$906k. This category includes an interest earnings credit of \$504k arising from assets held in trust at the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an entity that was created under Illinois state law which allows municipalities to band together in order to pool risk management needs for general liability and workers' compensation insurance.

Charges for services ended the fiscal year at \$1.08 million which was \$246k above budgeted expectations. Beach admission and boat rental revenues at Three Oaks Recreation Area were \$70k above their budgeted expectations as hot, dry weather drove attendance at the park. Plan review fees ended the year \$143k higher than the budgeted amount. Of this increase, \$113k was for the engineering site review for a new, mixed use development.

#### **Major General Fund Expenditures**

Across all functions, spending within the General Fund ended the fiscal year under budget. This is a combination of savings from a variety of items. Some savings include the following:

- Personnel related expenditures ended the year below budget due to vacated positions, which remain open unless deemed critical to City operations.
- Contractual services expenditures were under budget mainly in professional services as projects were delayed or managed internally.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of April 30, 2024, totaled \$279.80 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, infrastructure, buildings, improvements, and machinery and equipment.

## Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation and Amortization As of April 30, 2023 and 2024

	Govern Activ	mental vities	Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Total Primary Government			
	FYE 24	FYE 23	FYE 24 FYE 23		FYE 24	FYE 23		
Land and Improvements	\$104,097,773	\$103,734,813	\$ 2,209,776	\$ 2,209,776	\$106,307,549	\$ 105,944,589		
Building and Improvements	20,347,199	19,428,374	17,569,683	18,959,703	37,916,882	38,388,077		
Machinery, Equip. & Vehicles	7,261,812	7,193,484	5,035,310	5,390,827	12,297,122	12,584,311		
Construction in Progress	5,023,434	1,137,278	4,998,248	8,214,156	10,021,682	9,351,434		
Infrastructure	55,194,748	55,419,991	58,059,016	51,613,504	113,253,764	107,033,495		
Total	\$191,924,966	\$ 186,913,940	\$87,872,033	\$86,387,966	\$279,796,999	\$ 273,301,906		

During the fiscal year, the City invested \$15.08 million in capital (buildings, equipment and infrastructure). Major capital asset acquisitions made during the fiscal year included:

- Eight new leased vehicles for the Police Department
- Five police vehicles
- Two ambulances
- A heavy rescue vehicle
- A Public Works wheel loader
- Two public works pickup trucks
- A Public Works asphalt trailer
- Public Works garage floor replacement
- Three Oaks Storage Building improvements
- City Hall overhead paging system
- Wireless system upgrade
- Salt storage building at Wastewater Treatment Plan #2
- Crystal Lake Train Station
- Three Oaks Playground Surface Replacement
- City Hall building improvements
- Dole Avenue reconstruction
- Three Oaks lake level adjustment
- Annual road resurfacing program
- Lift station generator replacements
- New deep well #19
- Water main replacements
- Storm sewer system improvements
- Water and wastewater treatment plant improvements

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 of this report.

#### **LONG-TERM DEBT**

In March 2022, the City received a bond rating upgrade from AA+ to AAA from S&P Global Ratings with a stable outlook. Some factors cited by S&P Global Ratings for the rating increase include:

- · Maintenance of very strong reserves and liquidity;
- Very strong management conditions, with robust planning and policies:
- Very low debt profile, with manageable pension costs;
- · Strong institutional framework as a home-rule community.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$45.15 million of debt outstanding, including \$1.20 million in lease liability. The chart below summarizes the City's outstanding long-term debt by debt instrument.

# Long-Term Debt Outstanding As of April 30, 2023 and 2024

	Governmental Activities				Busine Activ	Total Primary Government				
		FYE 24		FYE 23	FYE 24	FYE 23		FYE 24		FYE 23
General Obligation Bonds	\$	5,327,518	\$	6,151,364	\$19,367,482	\$21,398,636	\$	24,695,000	\$	27,550,000
Unamortized Bond Premium		436,973		530,758	569,011	700,101		1,005,984		1,230,859
IEPA Loans		-		-	18,021,057	17,952,107		18,021,057		17,952,107
General Obligation Note		-		-	230,000	455,000		230,000		455,000
Lease Liability		986,480		1,176,190	215,466	321,999		1,201,946		1,498,189
Total	\$	6,750,971	\$	7,858,312	\$38,403,016	\$40,827,843	\$	45,153,987	\$	48,686,155

Currently, the City has four general obligation bonds outstanding. As of April 30, 2024, the total outstanding balance general obligation is \$24.70 million, of which \$5.33 million is attributed to governmental activities and \$19.37 million is related to business-type activities.

Taxable General Obligation Bonds, Series 2022A, was repaid in December 2023.

The City has two loan agreements with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency. The first began in 2015 and authorized the City to borrow \$14.78 million to fund improvements to the City's wastewater treatment plants. The City is currently awaiting the final disbursement on the second IEPA loan. This loan is providing funding for improvements to the City's water treatment plant #2 and has an outstanding payable balance of \$7.41 million. Both loans are paid on a semi-annual basis over 20 years. As of April 30, 2024, the City has a total outstanding loan payable of \$18.02 million.

The City also has an outstanding balance of \$230k on a general obligation promissory note. This note was issued in 2015. The note was issued to finance costs of water main replacements and water capacity enhancements. The note will be repaid December 2024.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of this report.

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

High inflation, supply chain issues, and geopolitical conflicts continue to inject uncertainty into the economy. However, the City enjoys a healthy mix of retail diversity which has proven to weather economic downturns well. Management continually monitors revenues sources and cash balances into order to ensure sufficient resources are available to support City services.

Some revenue sources of the City rely on the allocation and distribution of funds from the State of Illinois, such as Income Tax and Use Tax. The State has reduced the municipal share of Income Tax historically and may look to this source again to offset their own fiscal shortages. The State budget contains a structural financial imbalance. Since the pressures of this imbalance will continue into the next budget, it is likely that additional local government diversions may be proposed in future years.

## CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Effective January 1, 2026, the State of Illinois will eliminate the 1% tax on groceries. In anticipation of this loss of revenue, the City has increased its home rule sales tax by 0.5% to 1.25% which took effect starting July 1, 2024. This is the first home rule sales tax increase since its inception in 2008.

In June 2024, the City no longer required all residents and businesses to purchase a City vehicle license sticker. Previously, the vehicle license sticker was required for any motor vehicles kept or used within the corporate limits of the City for more than 30 days during the calendar year. Revenue generated from the sale of vehicle stickers was used to offset a portion of the cost of road improvements each year. Going forward, the City will utilized a portion of the new home rule sales tax to supplement the road improvement program.

A water and sewer rate increase of 3% went into effect on September 1, 2024. These increases provide a necessary funding mechanism to allow the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund to remain financially independent and provide for some capital investment to maintain Waterworks and Sewerage infrastructure systems.

As of May 1, 2024, the user fee currently charged for emergency medical patients who are transported to the hospital via a Crystal Lake Fire Rescue ambulance automatically adjusted to match the rate generated by the State of Illinois Ground Emergency Transportation (GEMT) program. The City files an annual report of ambulance service related expenses and is assigned a GEMT rate per call on an annual basis. The GEMT rate will be provide a consistent annual rate calculation based on actual expenses incurred. Additionally, the City will also no longer bill residents for the portion of the ambulance transportation bill remaining after any insurance adjustments. This is the first adjustment to the ambulance user fee rate since 2017.

The City has traditionally operated on a fiscal year that would start on May 1st of each year and end April 30th of the following year. The City of Crystal Lake will transition its fiscal year to a calendar year basis effective January 1, 2025. In order to achieve this transition, the City will operate a shortened, 8-month fiscal year which will be called Fiscal Year 2024B. This transitional fiscal year (FY 2024B) started on May 1, 2024 and will end on December 31, 2024. The benefits of making this conversion include aligning the City's budget with the annual tax levy request, federal W2 and 1099 reporting, and State of Illinois Motor Fuel Tax audit cycles. A significant benefit is that is also allows for the entire construction season for many capital projects to fall within a single fiscal year.

To keep the fiscal year 2024B budget balanced, the City of Crystal Lake continues to utilize spending control measures that include taking advantage of cooperative purchasing opportunities through joint purchasing agreements, seeking competitive bids, and avoid filling vacated positions unless they are critical to City operations. Whenever possible, grant funding is sought to offset program and project costs.

The fiscal year 2024B budget continues funding General Fund services without the use of a General Fund property tax. General Fund services include Police, Community Development, Streets, Storm Sewers, Fleet and Facilities Maintenance, as well as Legal, City Administration and the Three Oaks Recreation Area. In order to mitigate tax increases, one-time capital and equipment replacement expenditures are continue to be funded using unassigned fund balance and/or bond proceeds. Bonds are not be used to finance operating deficits and fund balances are maintained in accordance with City financial policies.

# CITY OF CRYSTAL LAKE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jodie Hartman, Director of Finance, 100 W. Woodstock Street, Crystal Lake, Illinois 60014.



#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			usiness-Type Activities		Total	Component Unit Crystal Lake Public Library		
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	59,415,849	\$	29,034,825	\$	88,450,674	\$	5,034,849	
Receivables (Net, Where Applicable,	Ψ	39,413,649	Ψ	29,034,023	Ψ	88,430,074	Ψ	3,034,049	
of Allowances for Uncollectible)									
Property Taxes		15,188,155				15,188,155		5,042,097	
Accounts Receivable		1,296,847		3,925,607		5,222,454		3,042,097	
Accrued Interest on Investments		227,957		80,246		308,203		7,566	
Leases		1,537,523		3,524,617		5,062,140		7,500	
Other		412,287		3,324,017		412,287			
Prepaid Items		5,840,198		215,147		6,055,345		62,016	
Internal Balances		(229,129)		229,129		-		02,010	
Due from Other Governments		6,080,695		22),12)		6,080,695		_	
Due from Primary Government		-		_		-		127,907	
Inventory		127,844		_		127,844		127,507	
Investment in Joint Venture		4,598,094		_		4,598,094		_	
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		109,121,207		7,208,024		116,329,231		2,472,561	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)		82,803,759		80,664,009		163,467,768		5,048,837	
Total Assets		286,421,286		124,881,604		411,302,890		17,795,877	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Other Postemployment Benefits		1,887,145		128,317		2,015,462		60,361	
Pension Items - IMRF		3,144,313		1,403,489		4,547,802		1,178,265	
Pension Items - Police Pension		5,935,557		-		5,935,557		-	
Pension Items - Firefighters' Pension		4,626,427		-		4,626,427		-	
Well Asset Retirement Obligation		-		902,500		902,500		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		15,593,442		2,434,306		18,027,748		1,238,626	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		302,014,728		127,315,910		429,330,638		19,034,503	

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued)

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit Crystal Lake Public Library
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 6,410,571	\$ 2,547,586	\$ 8,958,157	\$ 170,061
Recapture Fees Payable	75,566	-	75,566	-
Accrued Salaries	701,639	88,055	789,694	152,498
Accrued Interest Payable	84,201	371,501	455,702	-
Escrows and Refundable Deposits	678,762	192,971	871,733	17,288
Due to Component Unit	127,907		127,907	-
Unearned Revenue	107,307	3,731,639	3,838,946	_
Long-Term Liabilities	,	-,,,,,	-,,-	
Due Within One Year	3,215,801	3,406,265	6,622,066	87,825
Due in More than One Year	73,305,970	38,968,936	112,274,906	2,064,105
Due in 112010 time one 1 cm	75,555,575	20,700,720	112,27.1,500	2,001,100
Total Liabilities	84,707,724	49,306,953	134,014,677	2,491,777
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes	15,188,155	-	15,188,155	5,042,097
Deferred Inflows - Leases	1,466,929	3,382,441	4,849,370	· · · · -
Other Postemployment Benefits	796,860	54,182	851,042	25,488
Pension Items - IMRF	11,111	4,959	16,070	4,163
Pension Items - Police Pension	1,738,196	-	1,738,196	· =
Pension Items - Firefighters' Pension	3,337,244	-	3,337,244	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	22,538,495	3,441,582	25,980,077	5,071,748
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	107,246,219	52,748,535	159,994,754	7,563,525
NET POSITION				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	181,837,388	55,271,549	237,108,937	7,521,398
Restricted				
Highways and Streets	6,536,900	-	6,536,900	-
Retirement	1,064,479	-	1,064,479	446,393
Public Safety	785,580	-	785,580	-
Parking	72,771	-	72,771	-
Debt Service	-	-	-	-
Capital Projects	2,189,583	-	2,189,583	-
Library	-	-	-	927,968
Working Cash	-	-	-	54,240
Unrestricted	2,281,808	19,295,826	21,577,634	2,520,979
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 194,768,509	\$ 74,567,375	\$ 269,335,884	\$ 11,470,978

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

			<b>Program Revenues</b>								
						Operating		Capital			
	_			Charges for		Grants and		Grants and			
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	Contributions				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT											
Governmental Activities											
General Government	\$	8,868,981	\$	1,715,823	\$	-	\$	-			
Public Safety		30,928,000		5,753,213		136,057		57,734			
Highways and Streets		11,648,259		269,142		1,797,521		-			
Culture and Recreation		1,745,214		623,701		-		608,083			
Interest		202,288		-		-					
Total Governmental Activities		53,392,742		8,361,879		1,933,578		665,817			
Business-Type Activities											
Waterworks and Sewerage		14,538,180		16,775,808		-		-			
Total Business-Type Activities		14,538,180		16,775,808		-					
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	67,930,922	\$	25,137,687	\$	1,933,578	\$	665,817			
COMPONENTE LINE											
COMPONENT UNIT	¢.	5.066.022	Φ	250 204	Ф	C1 211	d.				
Crystal Lake Public Library	\$	5,066,033	\$	250,294	\$	61,211	\$				

	Net (Expense) R	evenue and Chan	ge in Net Position	
	P	rimary Governme	ent	<b>Component Unit</b>
	Governmental	Business-Type		Crystal Lake Public
	Activities	Activities	Total	Library
	\$ (7,153,158)	\$ -	\$ (7,153,158)	\$ -
	(24,980,996)	-	(24,980,996)	-
	(9,581,596)	-	(9,581,596)	-
	(513,430)	-	(513,430)	-
	(202,288)	-	(202,288)	
	(42,431,468)	-	(42,431,468)	
	_	2,237,628	2,237,628	_
		2,201,626	2,207,020	
		2,237,628	2,237,628	
	(42,431,468)	2,237,628	(40,193,840)	
				(1.551.500)
				(4,754,528)
General Revenues				
Taxes				
Property	15,248,645	-	15,248,645	4,939,498
Home Rule Sales	7,179,057	-	7,179,057	-
Auto Rental	58,694	-	58,694	-
Franchise Fees	543,973	-	543,973	-
Telecommunications Fee	528,630	-	528,630	-
Hotel Occupation	352,400	-	352,400	-
Other	626,955	2,596,683	3,223,638	-
Intergovernmental				
Personal Property Replacement	376,351	-	376,351	-
State Sales and Use	16,687,890	-	16,687,890	-
State Income Tax	6,592,621	-	6,592,621	-
Grants	-	1,326,955	1,326,955	-
Investment Income	1,924,376	936,253	2,860,629	256,174
Miscellaneous	2,199,979	224,268	2,424,247	319,571
Transfers In (Out)	(98,720)	98,720	-	
Total	52,220,851	5,182,879	57,403,730	5,515,243
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	9,789,383	7,420,507	17,209,890	760,715
NET POSITION, MAY 1	184,979,126	67,146,868	252,125,994	10,710,263
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 194,768,509	\$ 74,567,375	\$ 269,335,884	\$ 11,470,978

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	 General	Fire Rescue Fund	Capital uipment and Replacement	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 15,387,522	\$ 8,706,976	\$ 18,671,806	\$ 15,126,884	\$	57,893,188
Receivables (Net of Allowance Where Applicable)						
Property Taxes	5,839,206	7,532,785	-	1,816,164		15,188,155
Accounts Receivable	410,855	677,122	-	147,699		1,235,676
Accrued Interest on Investments	188,505	39,452	-	-		227,957
Leases	1,537,523	-	-	-		1,537,523
Other	201,363	-	-	210,924		412,287
Prepaid Items	4,999,799	199,748	232,848	-		5,432,395
Inventory	127,844	-	-	-		127,844
Due from Other Governments	5,873,078	-	46,376	161,241		6,080,695
Due from Other Funds	24,789	-	481,032	80		505,901
Advance from Other Funds	 186,773	-	-	-		186,773
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 34,777,257	\$ 17,156,083	\$ 19,432,062	\$ 17,462,992	\$	88,828,394

#### BALANCE SHEET (Continued) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General	Fire Rescue Fund	Capital Equipment and Replacement	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES					
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,343,491	\$ 610,874	\$ 3,336,607	\$ 119,599	\$ 6,410,571
Recapture Fees	· · · · · · -	· -	-	75,566	75,566
Accrued Salaries	455,663	245,976	-	-	701,639
Escrows and Refundable Deposits	678,762	-	-	-	678,762
Due to Component Unit	127,907	-	-	-	127,907
Due to Other Funds	154,862	-	356	579,812	735,030
Advance to Other Funds	· <u>-</u>	_	-	186,773	186,773
Unearned Revenue	22,670	84,637	-		107,307
Total Liabilities	3,783,355	941,487	3,336,963	961,750	9,023,555
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5 020 206	7 522 705		1.016.164	15 100 155
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	5,839,206	7,532,785	-	1,816,164	15,188,155
Deferred Inflow - Leases	1,466,929	-	-	-	1,466,929
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,306,135	7,532,785	-	1,816,164	16,655,084
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,089,490	8,474,272	3,336,963	2,777,914	25,678,639
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable					
Prepaid Items	4,999,799	199,748	232,848	_	5,432,395
Inventory	127,844	_	-	_	127,844
Advances	186,773	_	_	_	186,773
Restricted					
Retirement Purposes	_	_	_	1,064,479	1,064,479
Public Safety	_	_	_	785,580	785,580
Parking	_	_	_	72,771	72,771
Highway and Street Maintenance	_	_	_	6,536,900	6,536,900
Park Development	_	-	-	1,996,142	1,996,142
Capital Projects Funds	-	-	-	193,441	193,441
Committed					
Capital Facilities	865,295	1,082,161	-	_	1,947,456
Assigned					
Promotion of Tourism	373,668	-	-	_	373,668
Historical Preservation Services	5,294	-	-	_	5,294
Capital Projects Funds	· -	-	15,862,251	4,000,000	19,862,251
Special Revenue Funds	-	7,399,902	-	222,538	7,622,440
Subsequent Year's Budget	1,729,593	-	-	-	1,729,593
Unassigned					
General Fund	15,399,501	_	-	_	15,399,501
Unassigned (Deficit)		-	-	(186,773)	(186,773)
Total Fund Balances	23,687,767	8,681,811	16,095,099	14,685,078	63,149,755
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 34,777,257	\$ 17,156,083	\$ 19,432,062	\$ 17,462,992	\$ 88,828,394

#### RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 63,149,755
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	191,924,966
Investment in joint venture is not considered to represent a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds	4,598,094
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not	
reported in the governmental funds Bonds Payable	(5,327,518)
Lease Liability	(986,480)
Compensated Absences Payable	(2,907,164)
Interest Payable	(84,201)
Premiums or discounts on long-term liabilities and gains and losses on debt refundings are	
capitalized and amortized at the government-wide level Premiums	(436,973)
The net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is shown as a liability on the	
statement of net position	(4,837,729)
The other postemployment benefit liability is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(5,899,329)
The net pension liability for the Police Pension Fund is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(38,515,856)
The net pension liability for the Firefighters' Pension Fund is shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(17,610,722)
Differences between expected and actual experiences and assumption changes for the Other Postemployment Benefit Plan are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	1,090,285
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences	
between projected and actual earnings and contributions after the measurement date for	
the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows	
of resources on the statement of net position	3,133,202
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences	
between projected and actual earnings for the Police Pension Fund are recognized as	
deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	4,197,361
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences	
between projected and actual earnings for the Firefighters' Pension Fund are recognized as	
deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	1,289,183
The net position of the Internal Service Fund is included in the governmental activities	
in the statement of net position	1,991,635
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 194,768,509

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		General		Fire Rescue Fund		Capital quipment and Replacement		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES										
Charges for Services	\$	1,079,746	\$	4,995,737	\$	_	\$	110,298	\$	6,185,781
Licenses and Permits	Ψ	1,266,076	Ψ	-	Ψ	81,800	Ψ	154,605	Ψ	1,502,481
Intergovernmental		23,772,042		27,858		-		2,517,006		26,316,906
Fines and Forfeitures		498,692		-		_		96,947		595,639
Property Taxes		5,768,388		7,338,820		_		2,141,437		15,248,645
Other Taxes		8,987,418		-		238,314		63,977		9,289,709
Investment Income		1,623,809		57,985		_		242,582		1,924,376
Miscellaneous		1,593,482		307,955		99,873		192,781		2,194,091
Total Revenues		44,589,653		12,728,355		419,987		5,519,633		63,257,628
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General Government		6,766,540		-		-		1,397,531		8,164,071
Public Safety		17,373,063		11,684,191		-		393,567		29,450,821
Highways and Streets		6,164,077		-		-		1,034,064		7,198,141
Culture and Recreation		901,246		-		-		13,460		914,706
Debt Service										
Principal		41,997		-		658,004		781,850		1,481,851
Interest and Fiscal Charges		10,720		-		60,069		240,434		311,223
Capital Outlay		-		-		13,160,786		-		13,160,786
Total Expenditures		31,257,643		11,684,191		13,878,859		3,860,906		60,681,599
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES		13,332,010		1,044,164		(13,458,872)		1,658,727		2,576,029
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Leases Issued		-		-		491,512		-		491,512
Transfers In		150,305		-		9,512,816		5,066,361		14,729,482
Transfers (Out)		(10,935,096)		-		-		(3,893,106)		(14,828,202)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		62,188		-		-		-		62,188
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,722,603)		-		10,004,328		1,173,255		454,980
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		2,609,407		1,044,164		(3,454,544)		2,831,982		3,031,009
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		21,078,360		7,637,647		19,549,643		11,853,096		60,118,746
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	23,687,767	\$	8,681,811	\$	16,095,099	\$	14,685,078	\$	63,149,755

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,031,009
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures; however, they are capitalized and depreciated in the statement of activities	9,738,773
Proceeds from the disposal of capital assets is reported in the governmental funds, but gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is calculated and reported in the statement of activities	(206,537)
The repayment of the principal portion long-term debt is reported as an expenditure when due in governmental funds but as a reduction of principal outstanding in the statement of activities	1,481,851
The forgivness of principal on long-term debt is reported in the statement of activities	23,217
The issuance of long-term debt and related costs are shown on the fund financial statements as other financing sources (uses) and current expenditures, but are recorded as long-term liabilities and deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide statements  Lease Liability	(491,512)
The change in accrued interest payable is reported as interest expense on the statement of activities	15,150
The change in compensated absences is an increase of expenses on the statement of activities	(17,572)
The change in other postemployment benefit liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources is not a source or use of a financial resource and is reported on the statement of activities	(234,741)
The change in Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources is not a source or use of a financial resource and is reported on the statement of activities	378,713
The change in Police Pension Fund net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources is not a source or use of a financial resource and is reported on the statement of activities	(654,640)
The change in Firefighters' Pension Fund net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources is not a source or use of a financial resource and is reported on the statement of activities	(365,825)
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds  Depreciation and amortization  Change in investment in joint venture  Amortization of bond premiums or discounts	(4,521,210) 959,717 93,785
The change in net position of Internal Service Funds is reported in governmental activities	 559,205
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 9,789,383

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	 Business-Type Activities Waterworks		Govermental Activities	
	and Sewerage Fund		Internal Service	
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash and Investments	\$ 29,034,825	\$	1,522,661	
Receivables				
Accounts	3,925,607		61,171	
Accrued Interest	80,246		-	
Leases	3,524,617		-	
Prepaid Items	215,147		407,803	
Due from Other Funds	 253,858			
Total Current Assets	 37,034,300		1,991,635	
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital Assets				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	7,208,024		-	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	 80,664,009			
Net Capital Assets	 87,872,033			
Total Noncurrent Assets	 87,872,033			
Total Assets	 124,906,333		1,991,635	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Other Postemployment Benefits	128,317		_	
Pension Items - IMRF	1,403,489		-	
Well Asset Retirement Obligation	 902,500			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 2,434,306			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	 127,340,639		1,991,635	

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities	Govermental Activities	
	Waterworks and		
	Sewerage Fund	Internal Service	
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,547,586	\$ -	
Accrued Salaries	88,055	Ψ -	
Accrued Interest Payable	371,501	_	
Escrows and Customer Deposits	192,971	_	
Unearned Revenue	3,731,639	_	
Accrued Compensated Absences	230,851	_	
Due to Other Funds	24,729	_	
Total OPEB Liability	26,839	_	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	2,100,489	_	
Promissory Note Payable	230,000	_	
IEPA Loan Payable	698,342	_	
Lease Liability	119,744	-	
Total Current Liabilities	10,362,746	-	
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES			
Compensated Absences	230,850	-	
Total OPEB Liability	374,286	-	
IMRF Net Pension Liability	2,159,359	-	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	17,836,004	-	
IEPA Loan Payable	17,322,715	-	
Lease Liability	95,722	-	
Well Asset Retirement Obligation	950,000	-	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	38,968,936		
Total Liabilities	49,331,682	-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred Inflows - Leases	3,382,441	-	
Other Postemployment Benefits	54,182	-	
Pension Items - IMRF	4,959	-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,441,582		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows and Resources	52,773,264	-	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	55,271,549	-	
Unrestricted	19,295,826	1,991,635	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 74,567,375	\$ 1,991,635	

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Waterworks and Sewerage Fund		e Govermer Activitie	
				Internal Service
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for Services Miscellaneous Income	\$ 	14,785,335 224,268	\$	6,236,238 81,399
Total Operating Revenues		15,009,603		6,317,637
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administration		789,069		5,759,765
Water Operations		5,087,428		-
Sewer Operations		3,428,507		=
Depreciation and Amortization		4,357,778		-
Well ARO Amortization		9,500		
Total Operating Expenses		13,672,282		5,759,765
OPERATING INCOME		1,337,321		557,872
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest Expense		(865,898)		_
Other Tax		2,596,683		-
Investment Income		936,253		1,333
Connection Fees		1,686,553		-
Grants		1,326,955		-
Rental Income		303,920		-
Total Non-Operative Revenues (Expenses)		5,984,466		1,333
NET INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS AND		7,321,787		559,205
TRANSFERS IN		98,720		-
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		7,420,507		559,205
NET POSITION, MAY 1		67,146,868		1,432,430
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$	74,567,375	\$	1,991,635

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND

	Business-Type Activities	Govermental Activities
	Waterworks and	
	Sewerage Fund	Internal Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from Customers and Users	\$ 14,678,430 \$	1,115,271
Receipts from Internal Service Transactions	-	5,124,229
Receipts from Miscellaneous Revenues	224,268	81,399
Payments to Suppliers	(5,102,363)	(5,816,675)
Payments to Employees	(4,399,106)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	5,401,229	504,224
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Amounts Received from (Paid to) Other Funds	(522,933)	-
Transfer in	98,720	-
Other Tax	2,596,683	-
Connection Charges	1,686,553	-
Rental Income	202,172	-
Net Cash from Noncapital		
Financing Activities	4,061,195	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Capital Assets Purchased	(5,033,254)	-
Principal Payments on Long-Term Debt	(2,941,686)	-
Principal Payments on Leases	(120,048)	-
Proceeds from Long-Term Debt	275,265	-
Interest Payments on Long-Term Debt	(912,464)	
Net Cash from Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(8,732,187)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Investment Securities	(2,184,283)	-
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of		
Investment Securities	4,263,039	-
Interest Received	846,882	1,333
Net Cash from Investing Activities	2,925,638	1,333
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,655,875	505,557
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1	11,613,870	1,017,104
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	\$ 15,269,745 \$	1,522,661

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-Type Activities Waterwork	Activities	Govermental Activities  Internal Service	
	and Sewerage Fund			
CACH AND INVESTMENTS				
CASH AND INVESTMENTS	¢ 15.260.74	15 A 1500.6	cc1	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 15,269,74		100	
Investments	13,765,08	-		
TOTAL CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$ 29,034,82	25 \$ 1,522,6	561	
NONCASH TRANSACTIONS				
Capital Assets Purchased in Accounts Payable	\$ 1,909,75	53 \$ -	-	
IEPA Loan Receivable	(479,21	-17)	-	
Assets Aquired through Lease	13,51	-	-	
Unrealized Gain/(Loss) on Investments	93,66	51 -		
TOTAL NONCASH TRANSACTIONS	\$ 1,537,71	2 \$ -		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating Income	\$ 1,337,32	21 \$ 557,8	372	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income		,		
to Net Cash From Operating Activities				
Depreciation and Amortization	4,357,77	78 -	-	
Well ARO Amortization	9,50	00 -	-	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities				
Receivables	(105,24	19) 3,2	262	
Prepaids	(110,01	(56,9	910)	
Deferred Outflows of Resources -				
Pension Items - IMRF	585,75	- 57	-	
OPEB	(22,47	78) -	-	
Accounts Payable	37,39	98 -	-	
Accrued Salaries	13,47	. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	
Accrued Compensated Absences	24,41	-12	-	
Net Pension Liability - IMRF	(715,34	15) -	-	
Total OPEB Liability	26,14	-	-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Pension Items - IMRF	(39,45	55) -	-	
OPEB	3,64		-	
Customer Deposits	(1,65	56) -		
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 5,401,22	29 \$ 504,2	224	

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Pension Trust Funds		Custodial Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$	704,615	\$	500,385	
Investments, at Fair Value					
Investments Held in the Illinois Police Officers'					
Pension Investment Fund		53,502,963		-	
Investments Held in the Illinois Firefighters'					
Pension Investment Fund		56,044,583		-	
Receivables					
Accounts Receivable		-		5	
Prepaid Expenses		6,862			
Total Assets		110,259,023		500,390	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable		4,646			
Total Liabilities		4,646			
NET POSITION					
Restricted for Pensions		110,254,377		-	
Restricted for Debt Service	- 500,3		500,390		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1	110,254,377	\$	500,390	

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS		
Contributions		
Employer	\$ 5,768,388 \$	_
Employee	1,771,089	_
Property Owner		178,273
Total Contributions	7,539,477	178,273
Investment Income		
Net Appreciation in Fair		
Value of Investments	8,871,511	-
Interest	1,446,592	20,796
Total Investment Income	10,318,103	20,796
Less Investment Expense	(115,518)	
Net Investment Income	10,202,585	20,796
Total Additions	17,742,062	199,069
DEDUCTIONS		
Pension Benefits	7,481,946	-
Miscellaneous	78,453	-
Debt Service		
Principal	-	95,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		106,973
Total Deductions	7,560,399	201,973
NET INCREASE (DECREASE)	10,181,663	(2,904)
NET POSITION		
May 1	100,072,714	503,294
April 30	\$ 110,254,377 \$	500,390

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

April 30, 2024

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated in 1914. The City is a home-rule community operating under a Council-Manager form of government and provides services that include police, fire, water and sewer utility, street maintenance, community development and general administrative services.

As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units. As defined by GAAP and established by GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as:

- 1) Appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's board and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government or (b) the possibility that the component unit will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government; or
- 2) Fiscal dependency on the primary government

Police Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's police employees participate in the Police Pension Employees Retirement System (PPERS), a fiduciary component unit of the City. PPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board. Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected by pension beneficiaries and two elected police employees constitute the pension board. The City is obligated to fund all PPERS costs not funded by PPERS participants based upon actuarial valuations, which creates a financial burden on the City. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels, which results in the PPERS being fiscally dependent upon the City. PPERS is reported as a pension trust fund. PPERS does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### A. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System

The City's sworn firefighters participate in Firefighters' Pension Employees Retirement System (FPERS), a fiduciary component unit of the City. FPERS functions for the benefit of these employees and is governed by a five-member pension board.

Two members appointed by the City's Mayor, one elected pension beneficiary and two elected fire employees constitute the pension board. The City is obligated to fund all FPERS costs not funded by FPERS participants based upon actuarial valuations, which creates a financial burden on the City. The State of Illinois is authorized to establish benefit levels and the City is authorized to approve the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of contribution levels, which results in the FPERS being fiscally dependent on the City. FPERS is reported as a pension trust fund. FPERS does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit

The City's component unit is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The Crystal Lake Public Library (Library) is governed by a nine-member Board of Trustees appointed by the Mayor of the City. The Library is financially accountable to the City, as the City's approval is needed for the Library to issue bonded debt. The Library's fiscal year end is the same as the City's. Separate financial statements for the Library are not available.

#### Other Governmental Entities

Several other governmental entities have operations within the City but are separate legal entities. These entities include School District Nos. 47 and 155, Crystal Lake Civic Center Authority and the Crystal Lake Park District. The City is not financially accountable for these entities nor is there a financial benefit/burden relationship with these entities and, therefore, they are not included in the City's reporting entity. In addition, the City does not believe that it is a component unit of any other entity.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to report on its financial position and the changes in its financial position. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain city functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

#### B. Fund Accounting (Continued)

Funds are classified into the following categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the City's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted or committed monies (special revenue funds), the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the acquisition or construction of capital assets (capital projects funds) and the funds committed, restricted or assigned for the servicing of long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the City not accounted for in some other fund.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the City (internal service funds).

Fiduciary funds are used to account for fiduciary activities that meet the definition contained in GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The City utilizes pension trust funds (for its Police and Firefighters' Pension Funds) and custodial funds (for its Special Service Area debt service funds), which are generally used to account for assets that the City holds in a fiduciary capacity.

#### C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. The effect of material interfund activity other than interfund service transactions has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

#### C. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those accounted for in another fund. The service administered by the City and accounted for in the General Fund include general government, public safety and public works.

The Fire Rescue Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to fire protection, ambulance response and emergency rescue operations.

The Capital Equipment and Replacement Fund accounts for revenues for and expenditures related to major capital improvements.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Waterworks and Sewerage Fund accounts for all provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service and billing and collection.

Additionally, the City reports the following Internal Service Funds:

The Internal Service Fund accounts for the City's group health insurance provided to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis. These funds are reported as part of the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements as they provide services to the City's governmental funds/activities.

The City reports pension trust funds as fiduciary component units to account for the Police Pension Fund and Firefighters' Pension Fund. Furthermore, the City reports three Special Service Area debt service funds as custodial funds.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues and additions are recorded when earned and expenses and deductions are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Operating revenues/expenses include all revenues/expenses directly related to providing proprietary fund services. Incidental revenues/expenses are reported as non-operating.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, except for sales taxes and telecommunication taxes which use a 90-day period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes and telecommunication taxes owed to the state by others at year end, franchise taxes, licenses, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fines and permit revenue are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues (e.g., federal and state grants), the legal and contractual requirements of the numerous individual programs are used as guidance. There are, however, essentially two types of these revenues. In one, monies must be expended on the specific purpose or project before any amounts will be paid to the City; therefore, revenues are recognized based upon the expenditures/expenses recorded. In the other, monies are virtually unrestricted as to purpose of expenditure and are generally revocable only for failure to comply with prescribed eligibility requirements, such as equal employment opportunity. These resources are reflected as revenues at the time of receipt or earlier if they meet the eligibility criterion.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The City reports unearned revenue and deferred revenue on its financial statements. Unearned revenue and deferred revenue arises when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenue also arises when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability or deferred inflow of resources for unearned revenue or deferred revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

#### E. Cash and Investments

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City's enterprise fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

#### Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased and non-negotiable certificates of deposit are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased and all investments of the pension trust funds are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### F. Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due to/from other funds" on the financial statements. Interfund loans, if any, are classified as advances to/from other funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### G. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the average cost method on a first-in/first-out (FIFO) basis. Inventories are accounted for under the consumption method, whereby acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts initially and charged as expenditures when used.

#### H. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method.

#### I. Tangible and Intangible Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, storm sewers and similar items) and intangible assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs, including street overlays that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and Improvements	25-50
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	3-15
Infrastructure - Streets and Bridges	50-80
Infrastructure - Water and Sewer System	60
Intangible Assets	2-5

Intangible assets represent the City's right-to-use a leased asset. These intangible assets, as defined by GASB Statements No. 87, *Leases*, are for lease contracts of nonfinancial assets including vehicles and equipment.

#### J. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave that is owed to retirees or terminated employees is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements. Vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave of proprietary funds at both levels and governmental activities at the government-wide level is recorded as an expense and liability as the benefits accrue to employees.

#### K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund financial statements. Bond premiums and discounts and accounting gains/losses on refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and accounting gains/losses on refunding. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

#### L. Fund Balance/Net Position

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose or externally imposed by outside entities or from enabling legislation adopted by the City. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the City Council, which is considered the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the City Council. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the City's Manager and Finance Director. Any residual fund balance in the General Fund, including fund balance targets and any deficit fund balance of any other governmental fund is reported as unassigned. In accordance with the City's fund balance policy, the unassigned General Fund balance will be maintained at a target level of 25% to 50% of annual budgeted expenditures. Balances in excess of 50% may be transferred to the Capital Replacement Fund to support future capital projects.

#### L. Fund Balance/Net Position (Continued)

The City's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the City considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned funds and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net positions are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Net investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets less any outstanding long-term debt issued to acquire or construct the capital assets.

#### M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### N. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

#### O. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The City maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, except the Pension Trust Funds. The deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Funds are held separately from those of other funds and are controlled by the respective pension boards.

The City is limited to investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The City's investment policy further restricts what it may invest in to the following types of investment instruments: U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations and U.S. Government instrumentality obligations, which have a high liquid market with readily determinable fair value, interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing certificates of deposit or interest-bearing time deposits or any other investment constituting director obligations of any bank that is insured by the FDIC, local government investment pools, either state-administered or through join powers statutes or other intergovernmental agreement legislation and investment-grade obligations (rated A or better) of state, provincial and local government and public authorities, The Illinois Funds and the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET), a not-for-profit investment trust formed pursuant to the Illinois Municipal Code and managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. IMET is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. Investments in IMET are valued at IMET's share price, the price for which the investment could be sold. The City's investment policy does limit their deposits to financial institutions that are members of the FDIC system and are capable of posting collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance.

It is the policy of the City to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security, safety and risk avoidance while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the City and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy are, in order of priority, legality, safety, liquidity and total return.

#### A. City Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy requires that funds on deposit in excess of FDIC limits be secured by some form of collateral. The City shall enter into a collateral agreement with the financial institution; and the agreement shall outline the types of assets that may be utilized as collateral, the amount of collateral required, and the methodology. The amount of collateral provided would not be less than 105% of the fair value of the net amount of public funds secured. Pledged collateral will be held by the City or in safekeeping and evidenced by a written agreement. If collateral is held in safekeeping, it must be held at an independent third-party institution. A collateral agreement will preclude the release of the pledged assets, without an authorized signature from the City, but the agreement will allow for an exchange of collateral of like value. The City will accept any of the following assets as collateral: negotiable obligations of the United States Government and negotiable obligations of any agency or instrumentality of the United States Government guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government.

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### B. City Investments

The following table presents the investments and maturities of the City's debt securities as of April 30, 2024:

Investment Maturities (in Years)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	Greater Than 10
U.S. Treasury Securities	\$ 14,362,887	\$ 7,183,990	\$ 7,178,897	-	\$ -
U.S. Agency Securities	22,087,286	7,442,434	14,644,852	-	-
Certificates of Deposits	17,449,665	6,389,140	11,060,525	-	-
Corporate Bonds	341,388	341,388	-	-	-
Municipal Bonds	6,155,807	2,479,403	3,676,404	-	-
			_		
TOTAL	\$ 60,397,033	\$ 23,836,355	\$ 36,560,678		\$ -

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2024: The U.S. agency obligations, U.S. Treasury obligations, corporate bonds, the state and municipal obligations and the negotiable CDs are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

In accordance with its investment policy, the City limits its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of the portfolio to no more than two years and limits the maximum maturity of any investment to three years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific future cash flow need, as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

The City limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by limiting investment in commercial paper and corporate bonds to the top three ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs).

The U.S. agency obligations are rated AAA, the corporate bonds are rated AA2 or not rated, the state and municipal bonds are rated Aa2 to AAA or not rated. The U.S. Treasury securities and negotiable CDs are not rated.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy requires that all security transactions, including collateral for repurchase agreements, be held by an independent third-party custodian designated by the City and evidenced by safekeeping receipts and a written custodial agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### B. City Investments (Continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that the City has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. The City's investment policy limits the amount the City may invest in any one issuer to 10% of the portfolio.

#### 3. RECEIVABLES - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes for the 2023 levy year attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2023, on property value assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December 31 of the subsequent fiscal year end by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1 and August 1, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1 and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

The 2023 taxes are intended to finance the 2025 fiscal year and are not considered available or earned for current operations and, therefore, are shown as deferred revenue. The 2024 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at April 30, 2024, as the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2024; however, the tax will not be levied until December 2024 and, accordingly, is not measurable at April 30, 2024.

#### 4. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Due from other governments consisted of the following amounts at April 30, 2024:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Sales Tax	\$	3,640,237
Home Rule Sales Tax	·	1,641,609
Local Use Tax		370,167
Cannabis Tax		103,969
Motor Fuel Tax		144,830
Video Gaming Tax		46,376
Telecommunications Tax		133,507

#### 5. **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2024, is as follows:

	Balances May 1	Increases/ Transfers	Decreases/ Transfers	Balances April 30
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES  Control Assets Not Paing Depresented				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 103,734,813	\$ 362,960	\$ -	\$ 104,097,773
Construction in Progress	1,137,278	3,932,480	46,324	5,023,434
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	104,872,091	4,295,440	46,324	109,121,207
Capital Assets Being Depreciated	26,200,506	1.500.554		20.142.260
Buildings and Improvements  Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	36,380,506 18,530,819	1,762,754 1,859,271	624,179	38,143,260 19,765,911
Infrastructure	85,399,451	1,376,119	024,179	86,775,570
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	140,310,776	4,998,144	624,179	144,684,741
Intangible Capital Assets Being Amortized				
Machinery and Equipment	2,308,012	491,513	177,411	2,622,114
Total Intangible Assets Being Amortized	2,308,012	491,513	177,411	2,622,114
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and Improvements	16,952,132	843,929	_	17,796,061
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles	12,762,917	1,291,423	493,411	13,560,929
Infrastructure	29,979,460	1,601,362		31,580,822
Total Accumulated Depreciation	59,694,509	3,736,714	493,411	62,937,812
Less Accumulated Amortization for Intangible Capital Assets				
Machinery And Equipment	882,430	784,496	101,642	1,565,284
Total Accumulated Amortization for Intangible Capital Assets	882,430	784,496	101,642	1,565,284
Total Capital Assets and Intangible Capital				
Assets Being Depreciated and				
Amortized, Net	82,041,849	968,447	206,537	82,803,759
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 186,913,940	\$ 5,263,887	\$ 252,861	\$ 191,924,966
Depreciation expense was charged to primary government as follows:	governmental	activities fu	nctions/progra	ms of the
1 7 5				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
General and Administrative			\$	424,163
Public Safety				1,152,508
Highways and Streets				1,575,840
Culture and Recreation				584,203
TOTAL DEDDECLATION EXPENSE				
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			\$	3,736,714
			Ψ	3,730,717

# 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Amortization expense was charged to governmental activities functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES General and Administrative Public Safety Highways and Streets					\$		10,151 247,820 526,525
TOTAL AMORTIZATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					\$	7	784,496
	_	Balances May 1,	Increases/ Transfers	_	Decreases/ Fransfers		Balances April 30
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land Construction in Progress Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$	2,209,776 8,214,156 10,423,932	\$ 5,420,362 5,420,362	\$	8,636,270 8,636,270	\$	2,209,776 4,998,248 7,208,024
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	1 1	37,226,061 10,783,605 12,930,205 60,939,871	304,622 8,739,616 9,044,238		- - -		37,226,061 11,088,227 121,669,821 169,984,109
Intangible Capital Assets Being Amortized Machinery and Equipment Total Intangible Assets Being Amortized		559,280 559,280	13,515 13,515		<u>-</u>		572,795 572,795
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings And Improvements Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles Infrastructure Total Accumulated Depreciation		18,266,358 5,786,604 61,316,701 85,369,663	1,390,020 499,856 2,294,104 4,183,980		- - -		19,656,378 6,286,460 63,610,805 89,553,643
Less Accumulated Amortization for Intangible Capital Assets Machinery And Equipment		165,454	173,798		-		339,252
Total Accumulated Amortization for Intangible Capital Assets		165,454	173,798		-		339,252
Total Capital Assets and Intangible Capital Assets Being Depreciated and Amortized, Net		75,964,034	4,699,975		-		80,664,009
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 8	86,387,966	\$ 10,120,337	\$	8,636,270	\$	87,872,033

# 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

# A. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City and are payable from governmental activities/funds and business-type activities/enterprise funds. General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	Balances May 1	Issuances Retirements		Balances April 30	Current Portion	
\$9,235,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2012, annual installments of \$245,000 to \$850,000 interest at 2.000% to 2.625% payable each June 15 and December 15.	General and Debt Service Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 468,679 2,321,321	\$ -	\$ 41,996 208,004	\$ 426,683 2,113,317	\$ 43,676 216,324	
\$14,330,000 General Obligation Bonds of 2019, annual installments of \$270,000 to \$1,860,000 interest at 3% to 5% payable each June 15 and December 15.	General and Debt Service Waterworks and Sewerage	5,682,685 5,847,315	-	781,850 1,078,150	4,900,835 4,769,165	800,835 114,165	
\$1,020,000 General Obligation Bonds, series 2022A, annual installments of \$770,000 to \$250,000, interest at 2.05% to 2.45% payable each June 15 and December 15.	Waterworks and Sewerage	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	
\$6,740,000 General Obligation, series 2022B, annual installments of \$60,000 to \$1,260,000, interest at 3.00% to 4.00% payable each June 15 and December 15.	Waterworks and Sewerage	6,740,000	-	-	6,740,000	1,260,000	
\$6,770,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds of 2022C, annual installments of \$495,000 to \$645,000, interest at 2.650% payable each June 15 and December 15.	Waterworks and Sewerage	6,240,000	-	495,000	5,745,000	510,000	
TOTAL GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS		\$27,550,000	\$ -	\$ 2,855,000	\$24,695,000	\$ 2,945,000	

### B. General Obligation Promissory Note

General Obligation Promissory Notes currently outstanding are as follows:

	Fund Debt Retired by	Balance May 1	Addition	S	Re	tirements	Balance April 30	Current Portion
\$1,900,000 General Obligation Promissory Notes, Series 2015, annual installments of \$210,000 to \$230,000, interest at 2.151% payable each June 15 and December 15.	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$ 455,000	\$	_	\$	225,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 230,000
TOTAL		\$ 455,000	\$	-	\$	225,000	\$ 230,000	\$ 230,000

### C. IEPA Loan

The City, through the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA), received a low interest loan to fund improvements to two of the City's wastewater treatment plants on a reimbursement basis. Under the terms of the agreement, the City can borrow up to \$14,840,101. The City borrowed \$14,779,811 and has total outstanding loans payable of \$10,611,557 as of April 30, 2024. The loan is to be paid on a semi-annual basis over 20 years, including interest at 1.86%.

The City, through the IEPA, received a low interest loan to fund improvements to a water treatment plant on a reimbursement basis. Under the terms of the agreement, the City can borrow up to \$7,409,500. The loan is still in disbursement and a debt service maturity schedule is not yet available at April 30, 2024. The loan has total outstanding loan payable of \$7,409,500 as of April 30, 2024. The loan is to be paid on a semi-annual basis over 20 years, including interest at 1.35%.

### D. Lease Liability

The City entered into a fleet management lease agreement in June 2018. The agreement covers various individual leases for the right-to-use vehicles and equipment with varying lease terms. The leases have expirations dates ranging from May 2025 and February 2029. Payments ranging from \$1,331 to \$3,344 are due in monthly installments. Total intangible right-to-use assets for governmental activities and business type activities acquired under the fleet management agreement was \$1,269,345 as of April 30, 2024.

The City entered into a lease arrangement in February 2023, for the right-to-use equipment. Payments of \$21,437 are due in annual installments, through February 2025. Total intangible right-to-use assets for governmental activities and business type activities acquired under this agreement are \$21,028 as of April, 2024.

# D. Lease Liability (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize to maturity leases outstanding for governmental activities and business type activities as of April 30, 2024, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Governmen	ctivities		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>				
Ending	 Le	ases			Le	ases		
April 30,	Principal		Interest	]	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$ 522,987	\$	51,618	\$	119,744	\$	11,816	
2026	296,239		23,788		55,822		5,674	
2027	119,515		9,648		21,657		3,127	
2028	33,553		2,747		18,243		597	
2029	 14,186		726					
TOTAL	\$ 986,480	\$	88,527	\$	215,466	\$	21,214	

# E. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Debt service requirements to maturity for governmental activities long-term debt is as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal	General Obligation Bonds						
Year	Principal	Interest					
2025	\$ 844,511	\$ 211,229					
2026	1,004,516	173,013					
2027	1,050,356	133,723					
2028	1,091,196	92,559					
2029	1,137,036	49,720					
2030-2034	199,903	12,862					
TOTAL	\$ 5,327,518	\$ 673,106					

# E. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity for business-type activities long-term debt is as follows:

	Business-Type Activities											
Fiscal	I	EPA :	Loa	ns	General C	Obliga	atic	on Bonds	(	General Obl	igatio	n Note
Year	Princip	al		Interest	Principal			Interest	F	Principal	Iı	nterest
2025	\$ 698,	,342	\$	194,143	\$ 2,100,48	39	\$	583,095	\$	230,000	\$	4,947
2026	711,	,392		181,093	1,550,48	34		509,145		-		-
2027	724,	,685		167,800	1,274,64	14		458,556		-		-
2028	738,	,227		154,258	978,80	)4		419,004		-		-
2029	752,	,022		140,463	797,96	54		391,281		-		-
2030-2034	3,976,	,225		486,199	4,120,09	97		1,635,621		_		-
2035-2039	3,010,	,664		113,033	4,900,00	00		1,078,273		_		-
2040-2043		-		-	3,645,00	00		219,783		-		_
TOTAL	\$ 10,611,	,557	\$	1,436,989	\$ 19,367,48	82	\$	5,294,758	\$	230,000	\$	4,947

# F. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for governmental activities:

	Balances May 1 Issuances Retirements		Balances April 30	Current Portion	
Congred Obligation Dands					
General Obligation Bonds					
Payable	\$ 6,151,364	\$ -	\$ 823,846	\$ 5,327,518	\$ 844,511
Unamortized Bond Premium	530,758	-	93,785	436,973	-
Lease Liability	1,176,190	491,512	681,222	986,480	522,987
Compensated Absences*	2,889,592	1,462,368	1,444,796	2,907,164	1,453,581
Net Pension Liability - IMRF*	6,440,354	_	1,602,625	4,837,729	-
Net Pension Liability - Fire*	17,425,164	185,558	-	17,610,722	-
Net Pension Liability - Police*	37,515,237	1,000,619	-	38,515,856	-
Total OPEB Liability*	5,365,578	533,751	-	5,899,329	394,722
TOTAL	\$ 77,494,237	\$ 3,673,808	\$ 4,646,274	\$ 76,521,771	\$ 3,215,801

<sup>\*</sup>The General Fund resources are used to liquidate these liabilities.

### F. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities for business-type activities:

	Balances				
	May 1		Retirements/	Balances	Current
	(Restated)	Issuances	Refundings	April 30	Portion
General Obligation Bonds					
Payable	\$ 21,398,636	\$ -	\$ 2,031,154	\$ 19,367,482	\$ 2,100,489
Promissory Note Payable	455,000	-	225,000	230,000	230,000
IEPA Loans Payable	17,952,107	754,482	685,532	18,021,057	698,342
Unamortized Bond Premium	700,101	-	131,090	569,011	=
Lease Liability	321,999	13,515	120,048	215,466	119,744
Well Asset Retirement					
Obligation	950,000	-	_	950,000	_
Compensated Absences	437,289	243,057	218,645	461,701	230,851
Net Pension Liability	2,874,704	-	715,345	2,159,359	_
Total OPEB Liability	374,982	26,143	-	401,125	26,839
TOTAL	\$ 45,464,818	\$ 1,037,197	\$ 4,126,814	\$ 42,375,201	\$ 3,406,265

### G. Legal Debt Margin

The City is a home rule municipality. Article VII, Section 6(k) of the 1970 Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property ...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent: ...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

To date the General Assembly has set no limits for home rule municipalities.

#### H. Noncommitment Debt

Special Service Area Bonds

Special service area bonds outstanding are not a direct responsibility of the City. The City will continue to collect taxes assessed on the SSA bonds and forward to bondholders any payments received. The amounts collected are accounted for in a Custodial Fund until they are remitted to the bondholders.

The City has the following SSA bond issues outstanding at April 30, 2024:

Special Service Area No. 45 Bonds, Series 2006 - original principal \$5,935,000, due in annual installments of \$80,000 to \$435,000, commencing February 2007 through February 2031; interest at 4.40% to 5.50% payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1. The outstanding principal balance at April 30, 2024, was \$5,440,000.

Special Service Area No. 46 Refunding Bonds, Series 2016 - original principal \$2,445,000 issued in December 2016, due in annual installments of \$30,000 to \$245,000, commencing March 2017 through March 2036; interest at 2.75% to 4.40% payable semiannually on September 1 and March 1. The outstanding principal balance at April 30, 2024, was \$1,885,000.

### I. Asset Retirement Obligation

The City has recognized an asset retirement obligation (ARO) and related deferred outflow of resources in connection with its obligation to seal and abandon various shallow water wells at the end of their estimated useful lives in accordance with federal, state and/or local requirements. The ARO was measured using actual historical costs for similar abandonments, adjusted for inflation through the end of the year. The estimated remaining useful lives of the water wells is 96 years.

### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City accounts for and finances of health insurance premiums paid in the Internal Service Fund.

# 7. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

The City participates in the Intergovernmental Personnel Benefit Cooperative (IPBC). IPBC is a public entity risk pool established by certain units of local government in Illinois to administer some or all of the personnel benefit programs (primarily medical, dental and life insurance coverage) offered by these members to their officers and employees and to the officers and employees of certain governmental, quasi-governmental and nonprofit public service entities.

The IPBC receives, processes and pays such claims as may come within the benefit program of each member. Management consists of a Board of Directors comprised of one appointed representative from each member. In addition, there are two officers; a Benefit Administrator and a Treasurer. The City does not exercise any control over the activities of the IPBC beyond its representation on the Board of Directors.

The City also participates in the Intergovernmental Risk Management Agency (IRMA). IRMA is an organization of municipalities and special districts in Northeastern Illinois that have formed an association under the Illinois Intergovernmental Cooperation's Statute to pool their risk management needs. The agency administers a mix of self-insurance and commercial services, unemployment claim administration, extensive risk management/loss control consulting and training programs, and a risk information system and financial reporting services for its members. The City's payments to IRMA are displayed on the financial statements as expenditures/expenses in appropriate funds. Each member assumes their deductible portion of each occurrence (\$10,000 for the City), and IRMA has a mix of self-insurance and commercial insurance at various amounts above that level.

### 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

As of April 30, 2024, advances to/from other funds were as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental	General	\$ 186,773
TOTAL ADVANCES TO/FRO	M OTHER FUNDS	\$ 186,773

The purposes of significant due from/due to other funds are as follows:

• \$186,773 advance from the General Fund to the Water's Edge TIF Fund for TIF expenditures. Repayment is not expected within one year.

# 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

As of April 30, 2024, due to/from other funds were as follows:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund		Amount		
General	Waterworks and Sewerage	\$	154,782		
Capital Replacement	Waterworks and Sewerage		356		
Nonmajor Governmental	Capital Replacement		481,032		
Waterworks and Sewerage	General		24,729		
Nonmajor Governmental	Waterworks and Sewerage		98,720		
General	Nonmajor Governmental		80		
Nonmajor Governmental	General		60		
TOTAL DUE TO/FROM OTHI	ER FUNDS	\$_	759,759		

The purposes of significant due from/due to other funds are as follows:

- \$154,782 due from General Fund to the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund for various chargebacks for taxes and capital expenditures. Repayment is expected within one year.
- \$481,032 due from Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Motor Fuel Tax Fund) to the Capital Replacement Fund for capital expenditures. Repayment is expected within one year.
- \$24,729 due from Waterworks and Sewerage Fund to the General Fund to for various chargebacks and capital expenditures. Repayment is expected within one year.
- \$98,720 due from Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Three Oaks Development Fund) to the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund for capital expenditures. Repayment is expected within one year

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

Interfund transfers during the year ended April 30, 2024, were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General		
Capital Replacement	\$ -	\$ 6,000,000
Nonmajor Governmental	150,305	4,935,096
Total General	150,305	10,935,096
Total General	130,303	10,933,090
Capital Replacement		
General	6,000,000	-
Nonmajor Governmental	3,512,816	-
Total Capital Replacement	9,512,816	-
1		
Waterworks and Sewerage		
Nonmajor Governmental	98,720	-
Total Capital Replacement	98,720	-
Nonmajor Governmental		
General	4,935,096	150,305
Capital Replacement	-	3,512,816
Waterworks and Sewerage	_	98,720
Nonmajor Governmental	131,265	131,265
Total Nonmajor Governmental	5,066,361	3,893,106
J	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , ,
TOTAL	\$ 14,828,202	\$ 14,828,202

The purpose of significant transfers is as follows:

- \$935,096 transferred from the General Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Vulcan Lakes Debt Service). This transaction relates to money transferred to debt service funds for payments of principal and interest on general obligation debt. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$4,000,000 transferred from the General Fund to Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Vehicle Replacement Fund) for the purchase of vehicles and equipment. This transfer will not be repaid.
- \$9,512,816 transferred to the Capital Equipment Replacement Fund from the General and Nonmajor Governmental funds for the purchase of equipment and capital projects. This transfer will not be repaid.

### 8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

The Vulcan Lakes Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District was created to spur comprehensive development around US 14 and Main Street, to include residential, retain and recreational facilities (Three Oaks Recreation Area). Initial funding for land acquisition and engineering services (\$2,039,724) was provided using General Fund reserves. Available property tax increment will be used to retire outstanding bonds that were issued for the purposes of constructing the Three Oaks Recreation Area. Remaining increments, if any, are intended to be used to pay back the General Fund. The interfund receivable is reported net of an allowance of the same amount at April 30, 2024.

The Virginia Street Corridor Tax Increment Financing (TIF) District was intended to spur comprehensive revitalization of the Virginia Street Corridor and includes streetscape improvements/beautification and redevelopment of key identified sites. Initial funding \$(1,740,096) for the Virginia Street project was provided using Home Rule Sales Tax. In accordance with resolution 2008R-88, future tax increment could be used to provide reimbursement of Home Rule Sales Tax to the General Fund. The outstanding balance at April 30, 2024 was \$1,081,276 and is reported net of an allowance of the same amount.

The Waters Edge TIF Project Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$186,773 at April 30, 2024.

### 9. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### A. Litigation

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorneys, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

#### B. Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

#### 10. JOINT VENTURE

The City is a founding member of SEECOM - Southeast Emergency Communication (SEECOM). SEECOM is a municipal corporation and public body politic and corporate established pursuant to the Constitution of the State of Illinois and the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of the State of Illinois, as amended (the Act). SEECOM is a cooperative joint venture organized for the purpose of providing the equipment, services and other items necessary and appropriate for the establishment, operation and maintenance of the joint public safety communications system for the mutual benefit of the members of SEECOM.

The founding members of SEECOM consist of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois, the Village of Algonquin, Illinois and the Village of Cary, Illinois.

SEECOM is governed by an Executive Board established with the three voting members consisting of the Village Manager/Village Administrator/City Manager, or their respective staff designees, from the three founding communities. Two nonvoting members also consist of one member from the Fire Services Advisory Board and one member from the Law Enforcement Advisory Board. These nonvoting Board members represent other user communities. Each member of the Executive Board is entitled to one vote.

Each of SEECOM's three members paid an initial entry fee as determined and agreed to by SEECOM's Executive Board and the three members. Each member also pays a portion of the initial capital cost financed by the issuance of a bond. Each member's portion of the initial capital costs is based on the actual capital cost multiplied by the member's proportionate share of the number of calls for services from the preceding year. Each member pays a percentage of the operating costs of SEECOM, as determined by the total operational cost less contracted services by each member's proportional share of the calls for service handled by SEECOM. Calls for service are one year in arrears.

All property, real and personal, acquired by SEECOM is owned in common by the members under the intergovernmental agreement. Each of the three members under the intergovernmental agreement are liable for the debts and liabilities of SEECOM. The intergovernmental agreement establishing SEECOM is in effect for a period of 15 years from the effective date of December 2002. Thereafter, it is automatically renewed with no affirmative action by the three members for successive five-year periods commencing May 1 until notice of termination is given. Any terminating member shall remain liable for their share of the capital expenditures incurred prior to the effective date of their termination. Upon termination by any member, SEECOM shall reimburse the terminated member for its share of the undepreciated value of SEECOM's capital assets. SEECOM is located at 100 Municipal Complex, Crystal Lake, Illinois 60014. A separate audit report for SEECOM is available through its office.

The City reports its activities in SEECOM as a governmental joint venture. In accordance with the joint venture agreement, the City remitted \$1,316,425 to SEECOM during fiscal year 2024. In addition, the City's equity interest in the joint venture's net position of \$4,598,094 is recorded within the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

#### 11. CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has commitments under construction contracts of approximately \$17,703,045 outstanding at April 30, 2024.

#### 12. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City has entered into redevelopment and enhanced sales tax incentive agreements with a local business whereby the city has agreed to reimburse the business for actual project costs related to the expansion of their existing facilities within the City. Under terms of the agreement, the City will pay 40% of local sales tax attributable to the business and received by the City for the 12-month period preceding the annual payment date. The maximum cumulative payment under this agreement is the lower of 50% of actual project costs or \$600,000. The agreement shall terminate ten years after the effective date of the agreement or the date on which the business has been paid by the City an amount equal to the maximum cumulative payment. The payment information of the agreement is summarized as follows:

	N	<b>Maximum</b>			C	umulative
Effective Date	C	umulative	Cu	rrent Year	Pa	ayments at
of Agreement		Payment Payments		ayments	April 30, 2024	
						_
March 1, 2019	\$	600,000	\$	46,401	\$	162,343

### 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### A. Plan Description

In addition to providing the pension benefits described, the City provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the City and can be amended by the City through its personnel manual and union contracts. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the City's governmental and business-type activities.

### B. Benefits Provided

The City provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits to its retirees and certain disabled employees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the City's retirement plans. All health care benefits are provided through the City's health insurance plan. Eligible, full-time employees who retire and elect to continue their medical insurance must pay the full price of insurance.

Benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Benefits include general inpatient and outpatient medical services; mental, nervous, and substance abuse care; vision care; and prescriptions. Upon a retiree reaching age 65 years, Medicare becomes the primary insurer and the City's plan becomes secondary.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 13. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

### B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

For certain disabled employees who qualify for health insurance benefits under the Public Safety Employee Benefits Act (PSEBA), the City is required to pay 100% of the cost of basic health insurance for the employee and their dependents until they are Medicare eligible.

### C. Membership

At April 30, 2024, membership consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently	
Receiving Benefit Payments	29
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not yet	
Receiving Benefit Payments	-
Active Employees	254
TOTAL	283
Participating employers	1

### D. Total OPEB Liability

The City and Library's total OPEB liability of \$6,489,145 was measured as of April 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023.

### E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability at April 30, 2024, as determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2023 actuarial valuation, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actuarial Value of Assets	N/A
Inflation	3.00%
Salary Increases	3.50%
Discount Rate	4.42%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	4.00% Initial 4.50% Ultimate

# E. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

The discount rate was based on The Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index, which is based on an average of certain general obligation municipal bonds maturing in 20 years and having an average rating equivalent of Moody's Aa2 and Standard & Poor's AA

Mortality rates follow the PubG.H-2010(B) mortality table with future mortality improvement using Scale MP-2020.

# F. City - Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2023	\$	5,740,560
Changes for the Period		
Service Cost		155,201
Interest		230,093
Changes in Benefit Terms*		73,522
Difference Between Expected		
and Actual Experience		596,741
Changes in Assumptions**		(102,106)
Benefit Payments		(421,561)
Other		28,004
Net Changes		559,894
BALANCES AT APRIL 30, 2024	\$	6,300,454

<sup>\*</sup>Benefit term changes related to PSEBA participants changing from 100% payment for the least expensive plan provided to all employees to 100% payment for any plan selected. In addition, 100% payment for dental coverage is no longer provided.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2024.

G. Library - Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	
BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2023	\$	200,765
Changes for the Period		
Service Cost		4,648
Interest		6,891
Changes in Benefit Terms*		2,202
Difference Between Expected		
and Actual Experience		17,872
Changes in Assumptions**		(3,058)
Benefit Payments		(12,625)
Other		(28,004)
Net Changes		(12,074)
BALANCES AT APRIL 30, 2024	\$	188,691

<sup>\*</sup>Benefit term changes related to 100% payment for dental coverage no longer being provided.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2024.

# H. Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate and the healthcare cost trend rate. The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the discount rate of 4.42% as well as what the City total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.42%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.42%) than the current rate:

	Current						
	19	% Decrease	Discount Rate		1% Increase		
		(3.42%)		(4.42%)		(5.42%)	
City - Total OPEB Liability Library - Total OPEB Liability	\$	6,794,451 203,486	\$	6,300,454 188,691	\$	5,856,887 175,407	
TOTAL - TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	\$	6,997,937	\$	6,489,145	\$	6,032,294	

The table below presents the total OPEB liability of the City calculated using the healthcare rate of 4.00% to 4.50% as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.00% to 3.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (5.00 % to 5.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (3.00% to 3.50%)		Current scount Rate (4.00% to 4.50%)	1% Increase (5.00% to 5.50%)	
City - Total OPEB Liability Library - Total OPEB Liability	\$	5,786,850 173,309	\$ 6,300,454 188,691	\$	6,889,287 206,326
TOTAL - TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	\$	5,960,159	\$ 6,489,145	\$	7,095,613

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$639,735.

At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$	1,150,949 864,513	\$	34,060 816,982	
TOTAL	\$	2,015,462	\$	851,042	

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$19,159.

At April 30, 2024, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions	\$	34,470 25,891	\$	1,020 24,468
TOTAL	\$	60,361	\$	25,488

I. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year				
Ending				
April 30,	City	I	Library	Total
2025	\$ 180,920	\$	5,418	\$ 186,338
2026	180,920		5,418	186,338
2027	180,920		5,418	186,338
2028	180,920		5,418	186,338
2029	180,920		5,418	186,338
Thereafter	259,820		7,783	267,606
TOTAL	\$ 1,164,420	\$	34,873	\$ 1,199,293

### 14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The City contributes to three defined benefit pension plans, the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system; the Police Pension Plan which is a single-employer pension plan; and the Firefighters' Pension Plan which is also a single-employer pension plan. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions for all plans are governed by ILCS and can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan do not issue separate reports. IMRF does issue a publicly available report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for the plan as a whole, but not for individual employers. That report can be obtained from Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or www.imrf.org.

The table below is a summary for all City pension plans as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024:

		Police	Fire	
	IMRF	Pension	Pension	Total
Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,997,088	\$ 38,515,856	\$ 17,610,722	\$ 63,123,666
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,547,802	5,935,557	4,626,427	15,109,786
Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,070	1,738,196	3,337,244	5,091,510
Pension Expense	364,485	4,136,894	2,651,959	7,153,338

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

# A. Plan Membership

At December 31, 2023, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive Employees or Their Beneficiaries	
Currently Receiving Benefits	227
Inactive Employees Entitled to but not	
yet Receiving Benefits	126
Active Employees	165
TOTAL	518

### B. Benefits Provided

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter.

IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

### C. Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual salary to IMRF. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 was 9.57% of covered payroll.

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

### D. Actuarial Assumptions

The City's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date December 31, 2023

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal

Assumptions

Price Inflation 2.25%
Salary Increases 2.85% to 13.75%
Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108.0%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

#### E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25% at December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the IMRF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

F. City - Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
BALANCES AT			
JANUARY 1, 2023	\$ 71,317,112	\$ 62,002,055	\$ 9,315,057
Changes for the Period			
Service Cost	884,174	-	884,174
Interest	5,061,392	-	5,061,392
Difference Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	453,294	-	453,294
Changes in Assumptions	9,625	-	9,625
Employer Contributions	-	898,401	(898,401)
Employee Contributions	_	425,122	(425,122)
Net Investment Income	-	6,741,728	(6,741,728)
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(3,893,778)	(3,893,778)	-
Administrative Expense	-	-	-
Other (Net Transfer)		661,203	(661,203)
			/ <b>- - - -</b>
Net Changes	2,514,707	4,832,676	(2,317,969)
BALANCES AT			
DECEMBER 31, 2023	\$ 73,831,819	\$ 66,834,731	\$ 6,997,088

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

G. Library - Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
	Total	Plan	Net Pension
	Pension	Fiduciary	Liability
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)
BALANCES AT			
JANUARY 1, 2023	\$ 18,477,177	\$ 16,063,788	\$ 2,413,389
Changes for the Period			
Service Cost	229,076	-	229,076
Interest	1,311,330	-	1,311,330
Difference Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	117,441	-	117,441
Changes in Assumptions	2,494	-	2,494
Employer Contributions	-	232,762	(232,762)
<b>Employee Contributions</b>	-	110,143	(110,143)
Net Investment Income	-	1,746,679	(1,746,679)
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(1,008,819)	(1,008,819)	-
Administrative Expense	-	-	-
Other (Net Transfer)		171,307	(171,307)
Net Changes	651,522	1,252,072	(600,550)
DALANGES AF			
BALANCES AT	¢ 10.100.600	¢ 17.215.060	¢ 1.010.020
DECEMBER 31, 2023	\$ 19,128,699	\$ 17,315,860	\$ 1,812,839

There were changes in assumptions related to mortality rates compared to the previous valuation.

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

H. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension expense of \$364,485 and the Library recognized pension expense of \$94,432.

At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	]	Resources		esources
Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience	\$	821,793	\$	16,070
Changes in Assumption		6,613		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		3,427,659		-
Employer Contributions After the Measurement				
Date		291,737		
TOTAL	\$	4,547,802	\$	16,070
		· · · · ·		

\$291,737 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the reporting year ending April 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows on the following page:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

# 14. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

H. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

At April 30, 2024, the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	Deferred flows of esources
Difference Between Expected and Actual				
Experience	\$	212,914	\$	4,163
Changes in Assumption		1,713		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		888,054		-
Employer Contributions After the Measurement				
Date		75,584		
TOTAL	\$	1,178,265	\$	4,163

\$75,584 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the reporting year ending April 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal	Year
End	ino

April 30,	City	City Library		
2025 2026	\$ 917,559 \$ 1,411,310	237,725 365,649	\$	1,155,284 1,776,959
2027 2028	2,374,283 (463,157)	615,141 (119,997)		2,989,424 (583,154)
2029 Thereafter	 -	-		- -
TOTAL	\$ 4,239,995 \$	5 1,098,518	\$	5,338,513

### <u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

### I. Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)			1% Increase (8.25%)	
City - Net Pension Liability (Asset) Library - Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	15,919,486 4,124,496	\$	6,997,088 1,812,839	\$	(214,885) (55,674)	
TOTAL - NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$	20,043,982	\$	8,809,927	\$	(270,559)	

### Police Pension Plan

#### A. Plan Administration

Police sworn personnel are covered by the Police Pension Plan. Although this is a single-employer pension plan, the defined benefits and employee and employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/3-1) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Police Pension Plan as a pension trust fund. A separate report is not issued for the Police Pension Fund.

The Police Pension Plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the City's Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active police employees.

The Police Pension Plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

### B. Plan Membership

At April 30, 2024, the measurement date, membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	57
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving	
Benefits	13
Active Plan Members	67
TOTAL	137

# C. Benefits Provided

The Police Pension Plan provides retirement benefits through two tiers of benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held on the last day of service, or for one year prior to the last day, whichever is greater. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least eight years but less than 20 years of credited service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a police officer who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the greater of the average monthly salary obtaining by dividing the total salary during the 48 consecutive months of service within the last of 60 months in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months in that period; or the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the police officer during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Police officers' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55).

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

# C. Benefits Provided (Continued)

The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 police officer shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1<sup>st</sup> after the police officer retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the preceding calendar year.

#### D. Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.91% of their base salary to the Police Pension Plan. If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the plan and the administrative costs as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by 2040. However, the City has adopted a funding policy using the entry-age normal cost method that will result in 100% funding by 2040. For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City's contribution was 51.05% of covered payroll.

### E. Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund

The Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund (IPOPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds. IPOPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610 and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds as defined in 40 ILCS 5/22B-105. Participation in IPOPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate police pension funds is mandatory.

### F. Investment Policy

IPOPIF's investment policy was originally adopted by the Board of Trustees on December 17, 2021. IPOPIF has the authority to invest trust fund assets in any type of security subject to the requirements and restrictions set forth in the Illinois Pension Code and is not restricted by the Pension Code sections that pertain exclusively to the Article 3 participating police pension funds. IPOPIF shall be subject to the provisions of the Illinois Pension Code including, but not limited to, utilization of emerging investment managers and utilization of businesses owned by minorities, women and persons with disabilities.

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

### G. Deposits with Financial Institutions

The plan retains all of its available cash with two financial institutions. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the plan. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IPOPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the plan.

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the financial institutions. At April 30, 2024, all deposits are covered by federal depository insurance.

#### H. *Investments*

Investments of the plan are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IPOPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IPOPIF's annual report. For additional information on IPOPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2023. A copy of that report can be obtained from IPOPIF at 456 Fulton Street, Suite 402, Peoria, Illinois 61602 or at www.ipopif.org.

### I. Fair Value Measurement

The plan categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The plan held no investments subject to fair value measurement at April 30, 2024.

#### J. Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the plan's pooled investment in IPOPIF was \$53,502,963 at April 30, 2024. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table below. Investments in IPOPIF are valued at IPOPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at April 30, 2024. The plan may redeem shares with a seven-calendar day notice. IPOPIF may, at its sole discretion and based on circumstances, process redemption requests with fewer than a seven-calendar day notice. Regular redemptions of the same amount on a particular day of the month may be arranged with IPOPIF.

## Police Pension Plan (Continued)

### K. Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments as calculated by the Fund's Treasurer, net of pension plan investment expense, was 9.70%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for changing amounts actually invested.

# L. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2024
--------------------------	----------------

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
-----------------------	------------------

### Assumptions

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.75% to 21.54%
Investment Rate	7.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.25%

#### Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 mortality table. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

### M. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Police Pension Plan (Continued)

# N. Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for year ended April 30, 2024.

The table below presents the pension liability of the City, for year ended April 30, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

Current

		1	% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1	% Increase (8.25%)
	Net Pension Liability	\$	51,682,469	\$	38,515,856	\$	27,770,764
O.	Changes in the Net Pension Liability	,					
			(A) Total Pension Liability	N	(B) Plan Fiduciary Vet Position		(A) - (B) Net Pension Liability
	BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2023	\$	86,802,602	\$	49,287,365	\$	37,515,237
	Changes for the Period						
	Service Cost		1,502,290		_		1,502,290
	Interest		6,122,048		_		6,122,048
	Difference Between Expected						
	and Actual Experience		2,726,586		-		2,726,586
	Changes in Assumptions		-		-		-
	Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-		-
	<b>Employer Contributions</b>		-		3,482,254		(3,482,254)
	Employee Contributions		-		686,958		(686,958)
	Other Contributions		-		438,073		(438,073)
	Net Investment Income		-		4,757,914		(4,757,914)
	Benefit Payments and Refunds		(4,721,701)		(4,721,701)		-
	Administrative Expense		-		(14,894)		14,894
	Net Changes		5,629,223		4,628,604		1,000,619
	BALANCES AT APRIL 30, 2024	\$	92,431,825	\$	53,915,969	\$	38,515,856

The Police Pension Plan was 58.33% funded as of April 30, 2024.

# Police Pension Plan (Continued)

P. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized police pension expense of \$4,136,894. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumption Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	\$ 3,406,741 823,670 1,705,146	\$ 1,243,512 494,684
TOTAL	\$ 5,935,557	\$ 1,738,196

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the police pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	
Ending	
April 30,	
2025	\$ 324,734
2026	2,006,163
2027	818,533
2028	210,932
2029	491,711
Thereafter	345,288
TOTAL	\$ 4,197,361

### Firefighters' Pension Plan

### A. Plan Administration

Firefighter sworn personnel are covered by the Firefighters' Pension Plan, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan sponsored by the City. The defined benefits and employee and minimum employer contribution levels are governed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (40 ILCS 5/4-101) and may be amended only by the Illinois legislature. The City accounts for the Firefighters' Pension Plan as a pension trust fund.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is governed by a five-member Board of Trustees. Two members of the Board of Trustees are appointed by the City's Mayor, one member is elected by pension beneficiaries and two members are elected by active firefighter employees.

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

### B. Plan Membership

At April 30, 2024, the measurement date, membership consisted of:

Inactive Plan Members Currently Receiving Benefits	34
Inactive Plan Members Entitled to but not yet Receiving	
Benefits	4
Active Plan Members	55
TOTAL	93

### C. Benefits Provided

The Firefighters' Pension Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. Tier 1 employees (those hired prior to January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 50 or older with 20 or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to one-half of the salary attached to the rank held at the date of retirement. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years but less than 20 years of credited

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

### C. Benefits Provided (Continued)

service may retire at or after age 60 and receive a reduced benefit. The monthly benefit of a covered employee who retired with 20 or more years of service after January 1, 1977, shall be increased annually, following the first anniversary date of retirement and be paid upon reaching the age of at least 55 years, by 3% of the original pension and 3% compounded annually thereafter.

Tier 2 employees (those hired on or after January 1, 2011) attaining the age of 55 or older with ten or more years of creditable service are entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to the average monthly salary obtained by dividing the total salary of the firefighter during the 96 consecutive months of service within the last 120 months of service in which the total salary was the highest by the number of months of service in that period. Firefighters' salary for pension purposes is capped at \$106,800, plus the lesser of ½ of the annual change in the Consumer Price Index or 3% compounded. The annual benefit shall be increased by 2.50% of such salary for each additional year of service over 20 years up to 30 years to a maximum of 75% of such salary. Employees with at least ten years may retire at or after age 50 and receive a reduced benefit (i.e., ½% for each month under 55). The monthly benefit of a Tier 2 firefighter shall be increased annually at age 60 on the January 1st after the firefighter retires, or the first anniversary of the pension starting date, whichever is later. Noncompounding increases occur annually, each January thereafter. The increase is the lesser of 3% or ½ of the change in the Consumer Price Index for the proceeding calendar year.

#### D. Contributions

Employees are required by ILCS to contribute 9.455% of their base salary to the Firefighters' Pension Fund (the Fund). If an employee leaves covered employment with less than 20 years of service, accumulated employee contributions may be refunded without accumulated interest. The City is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the Fund, as actuarially determined by an enrolled actuary. Effective January 1, 2011, ILCS requires the City to contribute a minimum amount annually calculated using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method that will result in the funding of 90% of the past service cost by the year 2040. However, the City has adopted a funding policy using the entry-age normal cost method that will result in funding of 100% of the past service cost by 2040. The City's contribution was 33.51% of covered payroll for the year ended April 30, 2024.

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

### E. Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund

The Illinois Firefighters' Pension Investment Fund (IFPIF) is an investment trust fund responsible for the consolidation and fiduciary management of the pension assets of Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds. IFPIF was created by Public Act 101-0610, and codified within the Illinois Pension Code, becoming effective January 1, 2020, to streamline investments and eliminate unnecessary and redundant administrative costs, thereby ensuring assets are available to fund pension benefits for the beneficiaries of the participating pension funds. Participation in IFPIF by Illinois suburban and downstate firefighter pension funds is mandatory.

### F. Deposits with Financial Institutions

The plan retains all of its available cash with two financial institutions. Available cash is determined to be that amount which is required for the current expenditures of the plan. The excess of available cash is required to be transferred to IFPIF for purposes of the long-term investment for the plan.

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the Fund's deposits may not be returned to it. The Fund's investment policy requires all bank balances to be covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized by the financial institutions. All deposits at April 30, 2024, are covered by federal depository insurance.

## G. Investments

Investments of the plan are combined in a commingled external investment pool and held by IFPIF. A schedule of investment expenses is included in IFPIF's annual report. For additional information on IFPIF's investments, please refer to their annual report as of June 30, 2023. A copy of that report can be obtained from IFPIF at 1919 South Highland Avenue, Building A, Suite 237, Lombard, Illinois 60148 or at <a href="https://www.ifpif.org">www.ifpif.org</a>.

### H. Fair Value Measurement

The plan categorizes fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The plan held no investments subject to fair value measurement at April 30, 2024.

#### Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### I. Net Asset Value

The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the plan's pooled investment in IFPIF was \$56,044,583 at April 30, 2024. The pooled investments consist of the investments as noted in the target allocation table available at www.ifpif.org. Investments in IFPIF are valued at IFPIF's share price, which is the price the investment could be sold. There are no unfunded commitments at April 30, 2024. The plan may redeem shares by giving notice by 5:00 pm central time on the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month. Requests properly submitted on or before the 1<sup>st</sup> of each month will be processed for redemption by the 14<sup>th</sup> of the month. Expedited redemptions may be processed at the sole discretion of IFPIF.

#### J. Investment Policy

IFPIF's current investment policy was adopted by the Board of Trustees on June 17, 2022. IFPIF is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS). The IFPIF shall not be subject to any of the limitations applicable to investments of pension fund assets currently held by the transferor pension funds under Sections 1-113.1 through 1-113.12 or Article 4 of the Illinois Pension Code.

#### K. Investment Rate of Return

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 10.70%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### L. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of April 30, 2024, using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial Valuation Date	April 30, 2024
--------------------------	----------------

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal
Actualiai Cost Method	Entry-Age Norman

Assumptions

Inflation	2.25%
Salary Increases	3.75% to 8.78%
Investment Rate	7.25%
Cost of Living Adjustments	2.25%

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

#### L. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 mortality table. Mortality improvement uses MP-2019 Improvement Rates applied on a fully generational basis.

#### M. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Fund's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### N. Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitive analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate for year ended April 30, 2024.

The table below presents the net pension liability of the City, for year ended April 30, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

		Current							
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	19	% Increase			
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)				
Net Pension Liability	\$	28,980,267	\$	17,610,722	\$	8,364,519			

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

# O. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
BALANCES AT MAY 1, 2023	\$ 68,210,513	\$ 50,785,349	\$ 17,425,164
Changes for the Period			
Service Cost	1,642,278		1,642,278
		-	, ,
Interest	4,845,209	-	4,845,209
Difference Between Expected			
and Actual Experience	2,011,375	-	2,011,375
Changes in Assumptions	-	-	-
Changes in Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Employer Contributions	-	2,286,134	(2,286,134)
Employee Contributions	_	646,058	(646,058)
Net Investment Income	-	5,444,671	(5,444,671)
Benefit Payments and Refunds	(2,760,245)		-
Administrative Expense		(63,559)	63,559
Net Changes	5,738,617	5,553,059	185,558
BALANCES AT APRIL 30, 2024	\$ 73,949,130	\$ 56,338,408	\$ 17,610,722

The Firefighters' Pension Plan was 76.19% funded as of April 30, 2024.

Firefighters' Pension Plan (Continued)

P. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized firefighters' pension expense of \$2,651,959. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the firefighters' pension from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference Between Expected and Actual		
Experience	\$ 2,410,197	\$ 3,152,286
Changes in Assumption	584,866	184,958
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual		
Earnings on Pension Plan Investments	1,631,364	
		_
TOTAL	\$ 4,626,427	\$ 3,337,244

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the firefighters' pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending April 30,	
2025	\$ (202,529)
2026	1,482,636
2027	94,718
2028	(504,115)
2029	13,226
Thereafter	405,247
TOTAL	\$ 1,289,183

# 15. PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Fiduciary Funds Summary Financial Information

The following is summary financial information for the Police Pension Plan and the Firefighters' Pension Plan.

# A. Schedule of Net Position

	Police Firefighters'			
	 Pension Pension			Total
ASSETS				
Cash and Short-Term				
Investments	\$ 414,991	\$	289,624	\$ 704,615
Investments				
Investments Held in the Illinois				
Police Officers' Pension				
Investment Fund	53,502,963		-	53,502,963
Investments Held in the Illinois				
Firefighters' Pension				
Investment Fund	-		56,044,583	56,044,583
Prepaid Expenses	-		6,862	6,862
Total Assets	53,917,954		56,341,069	110,259,023
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	1,985		2,661	4,646
•				<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	1,985		2,661	4,646
	·		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NET POSITION	\$ 53,915,969	\$	56,338,408	\$ 110,254,377

# 15. PENSION TRUST FUNDS (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds Summary Financial Information (Continued)

# B. Changes in Plan Net Position

	Police Firefighters'							
		Pension		Pension	Total			
ADDITIONS								
Contributions								
Employer	\$	3,482,254	\$	2,286,134	\$ 5,768,388			
Employee		1,125,031		646,058	1,771,089			
Total Contributions		4,607,285		2,932,192	7,539,477			
Investment Income								
Net Appreciation in Fair								
Value of Investments		4,414,806		4,456,705	8,871,511			
Interest Earned		397,072		1,049,520	1,446,592			
Less Investment Expense		(53,964)		(61,554)	(115,518)			
•								
Net Investment Income		4,757,914		5,444,671	10,202,585			
Total Additions		9,365,199		8,376,863	17,742,062			
DEDUCTIONS								
Benefits and Refunds		4,721,701		2,760,245	7,481,946			
Administrative		14,894		63,559	78,453			
		1 1,00		30,003	7 0, 100			
Total Deductions		4,736,595		2,823,804	7,560,399			
NET INCREASE		4,628,604		5,553,059	10,181,663			
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS								
May 1		49,287,365		50,785,349	100,072,714			
April 30	\$	53,915,969	\$	56,338,408	\$ 110,254,377			

#### 16. COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Library conform to GAAP as applicable to governments. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

#### 1. Fund Accounting

#### Governmental Funds

The accounts of the Library are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped in the financial statements in this report into three fund types and one broad fund category as follows:

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of a government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of general capital assets (capital projects funds) and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses recorded when a liability is incurred.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds on the fund financial statements. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The Library considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. A 60-day availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities when due.

#### B. Deposits and Investments

The Library maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, including the Library's funds and excluding the pension trust fund. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and investments." In addition, deposits and investments are separately held by several of the Library's funds.

The Library is authorized to invest in all investments allowed by ILCS. These include deposits/investments insured by the FDIC, obligations or securities guaranteed by the United States of America, direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Banking Act, certain money market mutual funds and The Illinois Funds (a money market fund created by the State Legislature under the control of the State Treasurer that maintains a \$1 share value).

It is the policy of the Library to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the Library and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objective of the policy is legality, safety (preservation of capital and protection of investment principal), liquidity and yield.

#### 1. Library Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of a bank's failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. The Library's investment policy requires pledging of collateral with a fair value of 110% of all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance with the collateral held by the Library or the Library's agent in the Library's name.

#### 2. Library Investments

As of April 30, 2024, the Library had investments and maturities as follows:

			Investment Maturities (in Years)							
				Less						Greater
Investment Type	]	Fair Value		Than 1		1-5		6-10		Than 10
U.S. Treasury Notes Certificates of Deposits	\$	1,766,716 212,000	\$	1,299,461 212,000	\$	467,255	\$	- -	\$	- -
TOTAL	\$	1,978,716	\$	1,511,461	\$	467,255	\$	-	\$	

#### B. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### 2. Library Investments (Continued)

The Library categorizes the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The U.S Treasury Notes and Certificates of Deposits are valued using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the Library limits its exposure to interest rate risk by taking in account the cash flow needs of the Library regarding maturities on investments.

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment in securities allowed under the investment policy. The Library's investment policy does not address credit risk. The Illinois Funds and money market mutual funds are rated AAA by Standard and Poor's, the certificates of deposits are not rated.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the Library's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held by a third party acting as the Library's agent separate from where the investment was purchased or by the trust department of the bank where purchased, in the Library's name. The Illinois Funds and money market mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of the credit risk is the risk that the Library has a high percentage of their investments invested in one investment. The Library's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk but does not contain any specific diversification targets.

The Library's investment policy does not specifically prohibit the use of or the investment in derivatives.

#### C. Receivables

Property taxes for the 2023 levy year attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2023, on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the same year by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance. Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, and August 1, and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, and September 1. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically.

The Library has elected, under governmental accounting standards, to match its property tax revenues to the fiscal year that the tax levy is intended to finance. Therefore, the 2023 taxes are intended to finance the 2025 fiscal year and are not considered available or earned for current operations and are, therefore, shown as deferred revenue. The 2024 tax levy, which attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, 2024, has not been recorded as a receivable as of April 30, 2024, as the tax has not yet been levied by the Library and will not be levied until December 2024 and, therefore, the levy is not measurable at April 30, 2024.

#### D. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in the Library's capital assets during the fiscal year:

	Balances May 1		Additions/ Transfers		Retirements/ Transfers			Balances April 30
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$	2,472,561	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,472,561
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	Ψ_	2,472,561	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	2,472,561
•		2,472,301						2,472,301
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Building and Improvements		9,555,207		-		16,939		9,538,268
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		412,992		-		27,218		385,774
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		9,968,199		-		44,157		9,924,042
Less Accumulated Depreciation for								
Building and Improvements		4,367,083		232,783		14,519		4,585,347
Machinery, Equipment and Vehicles		268,362		44,128		22,632		289,858
Total Accumulated Depreciation		4,635,445		276,911		37,151		4,875,205
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,		5 222 554		(27.6.011)		7.006		5.040.025
Net		5,332,754		(276,911)		7,006		5,048,837
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS	\$	7,805,315	\$	(276,911)	\$	7,006	\$	7,521,398

#### E. Long-Term Debt

During the fiscal year, the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in general long-term debt:

	Balances May 1	Issuances		Retirements/ Refundings		Balances April 30		Current Portion
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Total OPEB Liability	\$ 145,109 2,413,389 200,765	\$	77,845 - -	\$	72,554 600,550 12,074	\$ 150,400 1,812,839 188,691	\$	75,200 - 12,625
TOTAL	\$ 2,759,263	\$	77,845	\$	685,178	\$ 2,151,930	\$	87,825

#### 17. LESSOR LEASES

The City has entered into seven separate lease agreements to lease space on cell towers for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments ranging from \$45,000 to \$121,319 are due to the City in annual installment. The lease agreements have expiration dates ranging from December 2029 to April 2049. The lease agreements are noncancelable and maintain interest rates ranging from 1.53% to 2.55%.

The City entered a lease agreement in January 2016 to lease space on a cell tower for the placement of cellular communications equipment. Payments ranging from \$282 to \$446 are due to the City in monthly installments, through May 2046. The lease agreement is non-cancelable and maintains an interest rate of 2.51%.

The City entered a lease agreement in January 2024 to lease space with an emergency dispatch center. Payments ranging from \$3,750 to \$6,576 are due to the City in quarterly installments, through April 2044. The lease agreement is non-cancelable and maintains an interest rate of 3.41%.

During the year, the City recognized lease revenue of \$895,435 and interest revenue of \$122,048 related to leases.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES							
Charges for Service	\$ 833,650	\$	833,650	\$	1,079,746	\$	246,096
Licenses and Permits	639,000	·	639,000	·	1,266,076	·	627,076
Intergovernmental	23,120,594		22,920,594		23,772,042		851,448
Fines and Forfeitures	334,000		334,000		498,692		164,692
Property Taxes	5,767,047		5,767,047		5,768,388		1,341
Other Taxes	8,461,679		8,661,679		8,987,418		325,739
Investment Income	300,000		300,000		1,623,809		1,323,809
Miscellaneous	662,254		687,254		1,593,482		906,228
Total Revenues	 40,118,224		40,143,224		44,589,653		4,446,429
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	7,520,814		7,545,814		6,766,540		(779,274)
Public Safety	17,733,100		17,733,100		17,373,063		(360,037)
Highway and Streets	6,882,788		6,882,788		6,164,077		(718,711)
Cultural Recreation	846,603		846,603		901,246		54,643
Debt Service	0.0,000		0.0,000		, , , , , ,		2 1,5 12
Principal	41,997		41,997		41,997		_
Interest and Fees	 10,927		10,927		10,720		(207)
Total Expenditures	33,036,229		33,061,229		31,257,643		(1,803,586)
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	 7,081,995		7,081,995		13,332,010		6,250,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In	139,180		139,180		150,305		11,125
Transfers (Out)	(6,755,304)		(6,755,304)		(10,935,096)		(4,179,792)
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets	 -		-		62,188		62,188
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,616,124)		(6,616,124)		(10,722,603)		(4,106,479)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 465,871	\$	465,871	•	2,609,407	\$	2,143,536
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					21,078,360		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	23,687,767		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIRE RESCUE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services	\$ 4,762,667	\$ 4,762,667	\$	4,995,737	\$	233,070
Intergovernmental	-	-		27,858		27,858
Property Taxes	7,348,000	7,348,000		7,338,820		(9,180)
Investment Income	40,000	40,000		57,985		17,985
Other	60,500	60,500		307,955		247,455
Total Revenues	12,211,167	12,211,167		12,728,355		517,188
EXPENDITURES Public Safety						
Personnel Services	10,002,855	10,002,855		10,026,090		23,235
Contractual Services	1,514,660	1,514,660		1,287,696		(226,964)
Materials and Supplies	383,905	383,905		370,161		(13,744)
Miscellaneous	 -	-		244		244
Total Expenditures	11,901,420	11,901,420		11,684,191		(217,229)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 309,747	\$ 309,747	:	1,044,164	\$	734,417
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				7,637,647		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	8,681,811	ı	

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

April 30, 2024

#### 1. BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual budgets are adopted for the General, certain Special Revenue (except SSA 47 Fund), Debt Service (except the Special Assessment No. 149 Fund and Crystal Heights Debt Service), Capital Projects (except the NCLPB Project Fund and Vehicle Replacement Fund), Enterprise Fund, Internal Service Fund and Pension Trust Funds.

The City Council follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

The City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following May 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is prepared on a basis consistent with GAAP, except for depreciation is not budgeted in the Waterworks and Sewerage Fund, principal issuances, capital outlay and pension and OPEB expenses.

A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments. Prior to May 1, the budget is legally enacted for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds (exception noted above), Debt Service Funds (exception noted above), Capital Projects Funds (exception noted above), Enterprise Funds, Internal Service and Pension Trust Funds.

Expenditures may not legally exceed the total appropriated amounts for each fund. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, expenditures in excess of the total appropriated amount must be approved by the City Council. During the year, the budget was amended by the City Council. The Library's financial statements have been compared to the working budget, which is less than the appropriation amounts.

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Nine Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,452,892	\$ 1,410,404	\$ 1,430,059	\$ 1,385,397	\$ 1,365,266	\$ 1,559,628	\$ 1,543,084	\$ 1,346,193	\$ 1,144,495
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 1,452,892	1,410,404	1,430,059	1,385,397	1,365,266	1,559,628	1,543,084	1,346,193	1,144,495
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ -								
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,133,366	\$ 10,753,366	\$ 11,069,426	\$ 11,160,501	\$ 11,377,411	\$ 11,337,608	\$ 11,696,490	\$ 12,029,760	\$ 11,956,072
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	13.05%	13.12%	12.92%	12.41%	12.00%	13.76%	13.19%	11.19%	9.57%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior calendar year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 20 years; the asset valuation method was at five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.25% annually, projected salary increases of 2.75% to 13.75% compounded annually and postretirement benefit increases of 2.75% compounded annually.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	 2023	2024
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,973,564	\$ 1,869,923 \$	1,992,354	\$	2,091,066	\$ 2,418,845	\$ 2,391,323	\$ 2,690,477	\$ 2,930,906	\$ 3,481,415	\$ 3,368,127
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 1,778,970	2,059,342	1,989,776		2,089,940	2,415,148	2,386,343	2,685,733	2,930,906	 3,481,415	3,482,254
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ 194,594	\$ (189,419) \$	2,578	\$	1,126	\$ 3,697	\$ 4,980	\$ 4,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (114,127)
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,773,467	\$ 5,437,640 \$	5,691,409	\$	5,953,131	\$ 6,099,597	\$ 6,149,431	\$ 6,433,892	\$ 6,335,246	\$ 6,683,400	\$ 6,820,983
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	30.81%	37.87%	34.96%	,	35.11%	39.60%	38.81%	41.74%	46.26%	52.09%	51.05%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 18 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market and the interest rate assumption was 7.25% annually.

The lag betweent information in actuarial reports and actual contributions made are the result of tax collection cycles.

#### SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,720,093	\$ 1,767,767 \$	\$ 1,518,852	\$ 1,609,399	\$ 1,884,348	\$ 1,847,033	\$ 1,882,261	\$ 2,023,967 \$	2,203,496	\$ 2,030,416
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	 1,555,655	1,928,928	1,690,980	1,608,539	1,881,728	1,843,179	1,878,976	2,023,991	2,285,797	2,286,134
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ 164,438	\$ (161,161) \$	\$ (172,128)	\$ 860	\$ 2,620	\$ 3,854	\$ 3,285	\$ (24) \$	(82,301)	\$ (255,718)
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,531,971	\$ 5,744,609 \$	\$ 5,908,574	\$ 6,229,293	\$ 6,482,045	\$ 7,075,908	\$ 7,047,861	\$ 6,827,656 \$	6,560,707	\$ 6,822,798
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	28.12%	33.58%	28.62%	25.82%	29.03%	26.05%	26.66%	29.64%	34.84%	33.51%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed and the amortization period was 18 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the interest rate assumption was 7.25% annually.

The lag betweent information in actuarial reports and actual contributions made are the result of tax collection cycles.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

Last Nine Calendar Years

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY									
Service Cost Interest	+ -,,	-,,	\$ 1,173,075	\$ 1,117,896	, , , , , , , ,	+ -,,	-,,	Ψ 1,12.,20>	\$ 1,113,250
Changes of Benefit Terms	4,343,976	4,539,611	4,819,887	4,947,320	5,275,067	5,544,651	5,856,444	6,068,226	6,372,722
Differences Between Expected									
and Actual Experience	(1,001,063)	121,980	126,838	1,257,266	283,884	1,603,138	(174,967)	1,618,129	570,735
Changes of Assumptions	79,521	(248,700)	(1,994,006)	2,166,714	-	(699,531)	-	-	12,119
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(1.002.170)	(1.050.400)	(2.251.265)	(2.546.021)	(2.882.208)	(2.162.117)	(2.495.042)	(4.207.672)	(4.002.507)
of Member Contributions	(1,903,179)	(1,959,499)	(2,251,265)	(2,546,931)	(2,883,298)	(3,162,117)	(3,485,043)	(4,307,672)	(4,902,597)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	2,730,684	3,653,145	1,874,529	6,942,265	3,835,943	4,490,162	3,344,246	4,502,892	3,166,229
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	58,420,423	61,151,107	64,804,252	66,678,781	73,621,046	77,456,989	81,947,151	85,291,397	89,794,289
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 61,151,107	\$ 64,804,252	\$ 66,678,781	\$ 73,621,046	\$ 77,456,989	\$ 81,947,151	\$ 85,291,397	\$ 89,794,289	\$ 92,960,518
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION									
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,390,362	\$ 1,424,559	\$ 1,388,105	\$ 1,469,484	\$ 1,260,041	\$ 1,615,854	\$ 1,592,450	\$ 1,424,027	\$ 1,131,163
Contributions - Member	485,951	490,006	507,135	503,413	553,793	528,825	556,887	573,623	535,265
Net Investment Income	256,105	3,526,328	9,228,845	(3,068,591)	11,122,244	9,737,032	13,281,939	(11,142,027)	8,488,407
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	(1,903,179)	(1,959,499)	(2,251,265)	(2,546,931)	(2,883,298)	(3,162,117)	(3,485,043)	(4,307,672)	(4,902,597)
Other	(702,990)	335,991	(550,873)	1,044,285	(412,236)	866,615	(181,709)	224,858	832,510
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(473,751)	3,817,385	8,321,947	(2,598,340)	9,640,544	9,586,209	11,764,524	(13,227,191)	6,084,748
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	51,234,516	50,760,765	54,578,150	62,900,097	60,301,757	69,942,301	79,528,510	91,293,034	78,065,843
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 50,760,765	\$ 54,578,150	\$ 62,900,097	\$ 60,301,757	\$ 69,942,301	\$ 79,528,510	\$ 91,293,034	\$ 78,065,843	\$ 84,150,591
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)	\$ 10,390,342	\$ 10,226,102	\$ 3,778,684	\$ 13,319,289	\$ 7,514,688	\$ 2,418,641	\$ (6,001,637)	\$ 11,728,446	\$ 8,809,927

MEASUREMENT DATE DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)	83.01%	84.22%	94.33%	81.91%	90.30%	97.05%	107.04%	86.94%	90.52%
Covered Payroll	\$ 10,752,994	\$ 10,717,757	\$ 10,847,310	\$ 11,174,779	\$ 11,382,497	\$ 11,751,668	\$ 11,564,632	\$ 11,936,530	\$ 11,882,891
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	96.63%	95.41%	34.84%	119.19%	66.02%	20.58%	(51.90%)	98.26%	74.14%

In 2016, changes in assumptions related to the discount rate.

In 2017, changes in assumptions related to salary rates, inflation rates, and mortality rates.

In 2018, changes in assumptions related to the discount rate.

In 2020, changes in assumptions related to salary rates, price inflation, retirement age and mortality rates.

In 2023, changes in assumptions related to mortality rates.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost S. 1,420,407 \$ 1,406,344 \$ 1,384,616 \$ 1,480,535 \$ 1,514,366 \$ 1,428,215 \$ 1,536,190 \$ 1,537,742 \$ 1,427,059 \$ 1,502,290 Interest 3,863,133 \$ 4,154,656 \$ 4,647,595 \$ 4,740,074 \$ 4,795,473 \$ 5,108,983 \$ 5,486,253 \$ 5,480,564 \$ 5,844,925 \$ 6,122,048 Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes of Assumptions Penefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions  (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701)  Total Pension Liability - Beginning  (4,091,216 6,951,892 1,375,270 3,029,494 2,304,576 4,989,171 3,701,649 1,822,771 4,192,897 5,629,223  Total Pension Liability - Beginning  (5,434,366 5,843,4882 \$ 65,386,774 \$ 66,762,044 \$ 69,791,538 \$ 72,096,114 77,085,285 \$ 80,786,934 \$ 82,609,705 \$ 86,802,602 \$ 92,431,825 \$ 1,700,499	MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019*	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Service Cost	,	2013	2010	2017	2010	2017	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Interest 3,863,133 4,154,656 4,647,595 4,740,074 4,795,473 5,108,983 5,486,253 5,480,564 5,844,925 6,122,048 Changes of Benefit Terms											
Changes of Benefit Terms Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience (Assumptions) Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (A)01,216 (B)05,384 (B)05,385 (B)05,		-, -,,,,,	, ,- ,	, ,							, , , , , , ,
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience 925,823 (652,931) (90,119) (3,331,174) 1,017,819 394,864 (91,869) (1,345,391) 931,558 2,726,586 (2hages of Assumptions - 4,302,384 (2,002,799) 2,903,482 (1,868,828) 1,047,031		3,863,133	4,154,656	4,647,595	4,740,074	4,795,473	, ,	5,486,253	5,480,564	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	6,122,048
and Actual Experience 925,823 (652,931) (90,119) (3,331,174) 1,017,819 394,864 (91,869) (1,345,391) 931,558 2,726,586 Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701)  Net Change in Total Pension Liability - Beginning 54,343,666 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602  **PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION** Contributions - Employer \$1,778,970 \$2,059,342 \$1,989,776 \$2,089,940 \$2,415,148 \$2,386,343 \$2,685,733 \$2,930,906 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 Contributions - Employer \$1,770,649 (528,210) 3,391,766 28,899,799 1,623,122 (1,363,475) 11,056,030 (2,788,427) 661,661 4,757,914 Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701)  **Total Pension Liability - Beginning 54,343,666 58,434,882 65,386,774 \$66,762,044 \$69,791,538 72,096,114 \$77,085,285 \$80,786,934 \$82,609,705 \$86,802,602 \$92,431,825 \$94,700	2	-	-	-	-	-	264,843	-	-	(42,061)	-
Changes of Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions  (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701)  Net Change in Total Pension Liability  4,091,216 6,951,892 1,375,270 3,029,494 2,304,576 4,989,171 3,701,649 1,822,771 4,192,897 5,629,223  Total Pension Liability - Beginning  54,343,666 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602  TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING  \$58,434,882 \$65,386,774 \$66,762,044 \$69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 \$80,786,934 \$2,609,705 \$86,802,602  PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  Contributions - Employer  \$1,778,970 \$2,059,342 \$1,989,776 \$2,089,940 \$2,415,148 \$2,386,343 \$2,685,733 \$2,930,906 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$2,000,705 \$66,526 579,535 \$551,461 \$70,493 \$633,079 \$608,715 798,533 \$1,030,717 \$1,088,129 \$1,125,031 \$1,000,649 \$1,700,649 \$6,526 579,535 \$51,461 \$570,493 \$633,079 \$608,715 798,533 \$1,030,717 \$1,088,129 \$1,125,031 \$1,000,649 \$1,700,649 \$6,526 \$79,535 \$51,461 \$570,493 \$633,079 \$608,715 798,533 \$1,030,717 \$1,088,129 \$1,125,031 \$1,000,649 \$1,700,649 \$6,526 \$79,535 \$51,461 \$570,493 \$633,079 \$608,715 \$798,533 \$1,030,717 \$1,088,129 \$1,125,031 \$1,000,649 \$1	•										
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701,701,701,701,701,701,701,701,701,70		925,823	, , ,				,	(91,869)	(1,345,391)	931,558	2,726,586
of Member Contributions         (2,118,147)         (2,258,561)         (2,564,023)         (2,763,423)         (3,154,254)         (3,254,765)         (3,228,925)         (3,850,144)         (3,968,584)         (4,721,701)           Net Change in Total Pension Liability - Beginning         4,091,216         6,951,892         1,375,270         3,029,494         2,304,576         4,989,171         3,701,649         1,822,771         4,192,897         5,629,223           Total Pension Liability - Beginning         54,343,666         58,434,882         65,386,774         66,762,044         69,791,538         72,096,114         77,085,285         80,786,934         82,609,705         86,802,602         92,431,825           PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION           Contributions - Employer         \$1,778,970         \$2,059,342         \$1,989,776         \$2,089,940         \$2,415,148         \$2,386,343         \$2,685,733         \$2,930,906         \$3,481,415         \$3,482,254           Contributions - Employer         \$1,778,970         \$2,059,342         \$1,989,776         \$2,089,940         \$2,415,148         \$2,386,343         \$2,685,733         \$2,930,906         \$3,481,415         \$3,482,254           Contributions - Member         568,526         579,535         551,461         570,493         633,079         60	0 1	-	4,302,384	(2,002,799)	2,903,482	(1,868,828)	1,047,031	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Total Pension Liability											
Total Pension Liability - Beginning 54,343,666 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602  TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602 92,431,825  PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  Contributions - Employer \$1,778,970 \$2,059,342 \$1,989,776 \$2,089,940 \$2,415,148 \$2,386,343 \$2,685,733 \$2,930,906 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$2,000,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3	of Member Contributions	(2,118,147)	(2,258,561)	(2,564,023)	(2,763,423)	(3,154,254)	(3,254,765)	(3,228,925)	(3,850,144)	(3,968,584)	(4,721,701)
Total Pension Liability - Beginning 54,343,666 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602  TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING 58,434,882 65,386,774 66,762,044 69,791,538 72,096,114 77,085,285 80,786,934 82,609,705 86,802,602 92,431,825  PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  Contributions - Employer \$1,778,970 \$2,059,342 \$1,989,776 \$2,089,940 \$2,415,148 \$2,386,343 \$2,685,733 \$2,930,906 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$2,000,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3,000 \$3,481,415 \$3,482,254 \$3,000 \$3	Not Change in Total Pancian Lightlity	4 001 216	6 051 802	1 375 270	3 020 404	2 304 576	4 080 171	3 701 640	1 822 771	4 102 807	5 620 223
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING  \$ 58,434,882 \$ 65,386,774 \$ 66,762,044 \$ 69,791,538 \$ 72,096,114 \$ 77,085,285 \$ 80,786,934 \$ 82,609,705 \$ 86,802,602 \$ 92,431,825  PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  Contributions - Employer  Contributions - Member  5 68,526 5 79,535 5 51,461 5 70,493 633,079 608,715 798,533 1,030,717 1,088,129 1,125,031  Net Investment Income  1,700,649 (528,210) 3,391,766 2,829,729 1,623,122 (1,363,475) 11,056,030 (2,788,427) 661,661 4,757,914  Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions  (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701)  Other  (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	Net Change in Total Lension Liability	4,091,210	0,931,092	1,575,270	3,029,494	2,304,370	4,909,171	3,701,049	1,022,771	4,192,697	3,029,223
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION  Contributions - Employer \$ 1,778,970 \$ 2,059,342 \$ 1,989,776 \$ 2,089,940 \$ 2,415,148 \$ 2,386,343 \$ 2,685,733 \$ 2,930,906 \$ 3,481,415 \$ 3,482,254 \$ (2,081)	Total Pension Liability - Beginning	54,343,666	58,434,882	65,386,774	66,762,044	69,791,538	72,096,114	77,085,285	80,786,934	82,609,705	86,802,602
Contributions - Employer \$ 1,778,970 \$ 2,059,342 \$ 1,989,776 \$ 2,089,940 \$ 2,415,148 \$ 2,386,343 \$ 2,685,733 \$ 2,930,906 \$ 3,481,415 \$ 3,482,254   Contributions - Member \$ 568,526 \$ 579,535 \$ 551,461 \$ 570,493 \$ 633,079 \$ 608,715 \$ 798,533 \$ 1,030,717 \$ 1,088,129 \$ 1,125,031   Net Investment Income \$ 1,700,649 \$ (528,210) \$ 3,391,766 \$ 2,829,729 \$ 1,623,122 \$ (1,363,475) \$ 11,056,030 \$ (2,788,427) \$ 661,661 \$ 4,757,914   Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions \$ (2,118,147) \$ (2,258,561) \$ (2,564,023) \$ (2,763,423) \$ (3,154,254) \$ (3,254,765) \$ (3,228,925) \$ (3,850,144) \$ (3,968,584) \$ (4,721,701   Other \$ (30,088) \$ (53,004) \$ (37,390) \$ (16,115) \$ (16,137) \$ (20,134) \$ (21,369) \$ (21,360) \$ (22,925) \$ (14,894) \$ (14,	TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 58,434,882	65,386,774	66,762,044	\$ 69,791,538	\$ 72,096,114	\$ 77,085,285	\$ 80,786,934	\$ 82,609,705	\$ 86,802,602	\$ 92,431,825
Contributions - Member 568,526 579,535 551,461 570,493 633,079 608,715 798,533 1,030,717 1,088,129 1,125,031 Net Investment Income 1,700,649 (528,210) 3,391,766 2,829,729 1,623,122 (1,363,475) 11,056,030 (2,788,427) 661,661 4,757,914 Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701 Other (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - Member 568,526 579,535 551,461 570,493 633,079 608,715 798,533 1,030,717 1,088,129 1,125,031 Net Investment Income 1,700,649 (528,210) 3,391,766 2,829,729 1,623,122 (1,363,475) 11,056,030 (2,788,427) 661,661 4,757,914 Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701 Other (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,778,970 \$	5 2,059,342 \$	1,989,776	\$ 2,089,940	\$ 2,415,148	\$ 2,386,343	\$ 2,685,733	\$ 2,930,906	\$ 3,481,415	\$ 3,482,254
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701 Other (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	1 2										1,125,031
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701 Other (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	Net Investment Income	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4,757,914
of Member Contributions (2,118,147) (2,258,561) (2,564,023) (2,763,423) (3,154,254) (3,254,765) (3,228,925) (3,850,144) (3,968,584) (4,721,701 (2,258,561) (3,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)	Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	,,.	(, -,	-,,	, ,	,,	( ,= == , == ,	,,	( ) ,	,,,,,	,,.
Other (30,088) (53,004) (37,390) (16,115) (16,137) (20,134) (21,369) (21,360) (22,925) (14,894)		(2,118,147)	(2,258,561)	(2,564,023)	(2,763,423)	(3,154,254)	(3,254,765)	(3,228,925)	(3,850,144)	(3,968,584)	(4,721,701)
	Other									(22,925)	(14,894)
N. C N. E			, ,								
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position 1,899,910 (200,898) 3,331,590 2,710,624 1,500,958 (1,643,316) 11,290,002 (2,698,308) 1,239,696 4,628,604	Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,899,910	(200,898)	3,331,590	2,710,624	1,500,958	(1,643,316)	11,290,002	(2,698,308)	1,239,696	4,628,604
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning 31,857,107 33,757,017 33,556,119 36,887,709 39,598,333 41,099,291 39,455,975 50,745,977 48,047,669 49,287,365	Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	31,857,107	33,757,017	33,556,119	36,887,709	39,598,333	41,099,291	39,455,975	50,745,977	48,047,669	49,287,365
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING \$ 33,757,017 \$ 33,556,119 \$ 36,887,709 \$ 39,598,333 \$ 41,099,291 \$ 39,455,975 \$ 50,745,977 \$ 48,047,669 \$ 49,287,365 \$ 53,915,969	PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 33,757,017	33,556,119 \$	36,887,709	\$ 39,598,333	\$ 41,099,291	\$ 39,455,975	\$ 50,745,977	\$ 48,047,669	\$ 49,287,365	\$ 53,915,969
<b>EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY</b> \$ 24,677,865 \$ 31,830,655 \$ 29,874,335 \$ 30,193,205 \$ 30,996,823 \$ 37,629,310 \$ 30,040,957 \$ 34,562,036 \$ 37,515,237 \$ 38,515,856	EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 24,677,865	31,830,655 \$	29,874,335	\$ 30,193,205	\$ 30,996,823	\$ 37,629,310	\$ 30,040,957	\$ 34,562,036	\$ 37,515,237	\$ 38,515,856

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019*	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	57.77%	51.32%	55.25%	56.74%	57.01%	51.18%	62.81%	58.16%	56.78%	58.33%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,773,467 \$	5,437,640	\$ 5,691,409 \$	5,953,131 \$	6,099,597 \$	6,149,431 \$	6,433,892 \$	6,335,246 \$	6,683,400 \$	6,820,983
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	427.44%	585.38%	524.90%	507.18%	508.18%	611.92%	466.92%	545.55%	561.32%	564.67%

Tier II Police retirees are provided postemployment benefit increases based on the lesser of 3.00% of the original retirement benefits or one-half of the Consumer Price Index (Urban) for the prior September. The average increase in the CPI-U for September 1992 through September 2022 was 2.52% (on a compounded basis). Changes in Benefit Terms in 2023 related to Tier II benefit increases.

Changes in assumption related to the projected individual pay increases, inflation rate, mortality rates, morality improvement rates, retirement rates, termination rates and disability rates were made in 2021.

Changes in assumption related to the projected individual pay increases, inflation rate, mortality rates, morality improvement rates, retirement rates, termination rates and disability rates were made in 2020.

In 2020, the results reflect plan benefit changes under PA-101-0610 (SB 1300). These legislative changes reflect modifications to the Tier II plan provisions.

<sup>\*</sup>Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019.

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY										
Service Cost	\$ 1,458,713	\$ 1,480,463	\$ 1,597,021	\$ 1,663,767	\$ 1,518,410	\$ 1,593,494	\$ 1,806,035	\$ 1,768,476	1,742,756	\$ 1,642,278
Interest	2,591,488	2,898,718	3,314,039	3,466,784	3,583,943	3,890,887	4,065,873	4,152,925	4,519,254	4,845,209
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-	496,787	-	-	(83,818)	-
Differences Between Expected										
and Actual Experience	1,419,845	(85,631)	20,498	(1,976,589)	221,515	(507,207)	(2,198,565)	(1,513,765)	766,930	2,011,375
Changes of Assumptions	-	2,768,663	(1,386,277)	(48,865)	419,832	598,398	-	-	-	-
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds										
of Member Contributions	(1,178,766)	(1,286,016)	(1,381,293)	(1,495,603)	(1,482,619)	(1,537,360)	(1,575,630)	(1,974,968)	(2,236,078)	(2,760,245)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,291,280	5,776,197	2,163,988	1,609,494	4,261,081	4,534,999	2,097,713	2,432,668	4,709,044	5,738,617
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	36,334,049	40,625,329	46,401,526	48,565,514	50,175,008	54,436,089	58,971,088	61,068,801	63,501,469	68,210,513
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 40,625,329	\$ 46,401,526	\$ 48,565,514	\$ 50,175,008	\$ 54,436,089	\$ 58,971,088	\$ 61,068,801	\$ 63,501,469	\$ 68,210,513	\$ 73,949,130
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION										
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,555,655	\$ 1,928,928	\$ 1,690,980	\$ 1,608,539	\$ 1,881,728	\$ 1,843,179	\$ 1,878,976	\$ 2,023,991	\$ 2,285,797	\$ 2,286,134
Contributions - Member	539,487	570,933	544,683	584,464	603,777	660,175	666,374	645,544	620,325	646,058
Net Investment Income	1,873,564	292,962	2,510,351	2,061,996	2,384,267	662,186	11,129,344	(3,204,390)	507,519	5,444,671
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds										
of Member Contributions	(1,178,766)	(1,286,016)	(1,381,293)	(1,495,603)	(1,482,619)	(1,537,360)	(1,575,630)	(1,974,968)	(2,236,078)	(2,760,245)
Other	(66,256)	(51,823)	(58,025)	(16,840)	(22,532)	(18,449)	(17,831)	(69,328)	(55,129)	(63,559)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	2,723,684	1,454,984	3,306,696	2,742,556	3,364,621	1,609,731	12,081,233	(2,579,151)	1,122,434	5,553,059
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	24,958,561	27,682,245	29,137,229	32,443,925	35,186,481	38,551,102	40,160,833	52,242,066	49,662,915	50,785,349
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 27,682,245	\$ 29,137,229	\$ 32,443,925	\$ 35,186,481	\$ 38,551,102	\$ 40,160,833	\$ 52,242,066	\$ 49,662,915	\$ 50,785,349	\$ 56,338,408
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$ 12,943,084	\$ 17,264,297	\$ 16,121,589	\$ 14,988,527	\$ 15,884,987	\$ 18,810,255	\$ 8,826,735	\$ 13,838,554	\$ 17,425,164	\$ 17,610,722

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	68.14%	62.79%	66.80%	70.13%	70.82%	68.10%	85.55%	78.21%	74.45%	76.19%
Covered Payroll	\$ 5,531,971 \$	5,744,609 \$	5,908,574 \$	6,229,293 \$	6,482,045 \$	7,075,908 \$	7,047,861 \$	6,827,656 \$	6,560,707 \$	6,822,798
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	233.97%	300.53%	272.85%	240.61%	245.06%	265.84%	125.24%	202.68%	265.60%	258.12%

Tier II Firefighter retirees are provided postemployment benefit increases based on the lesser of 3.00% of the original retirement benefits or one-half of the Consumer Price Index (Urban) for the prior September. The average increase in the CPI-U for September 1992 through September 2022 was 2.52% (on a compounded basis). Changes in Benefit Terms in 2023 related to Tier II benefit increases.

Changes in assumption related to the projected individual pay increases, inflation rate, mortality rates, morality improvement rates, retirement rates, termination rates and disability rates were made in 2020.

In 2020, the results reflect plan benefit changes under PA-101-0610 (SB 1300). These legislative changes reflect modifications to the Tier II plan provisions.

Changes in assumptions related to the discount rate were made in 2019.

# SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS POLICE PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense	5.30%	(1.60%)	9.98%	7.62%	4.20%	(2.96%)	29.29%	(5.53%)	1.00%	9.70%

# SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

Last Ten Fiscal Years

FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Annual money-weighted rate of return,										
net of investment expense	7.26%	0.74%	7.77%	6.26%	7.25%	1.67%	27.24%	(6.23%)	0.70%	10.70%

#### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

Last Seven Fiscal Years

MEASUREMENT DATE APRIL 30,	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY							
Service Cost	\$ 120,186	\$ 124,957	\$ 109,111	\$ 150,761	\$ 219,673	\$ 163,893	\$ 159,849
Interest	160,856	163,403	159,615	133,554	122,330	230,052	236,984
Differences Between Expected							
and Actual Experience	-	-	(66,180)	-	955,826	-	614,613
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	54,086	-	75,724
Changes of Assumptions	-	79,519	951,236	151,438	(653,700)	(74,780)	(105,164)
Benefit Payments	(224,631)	(209,087)	(201,398)	(229,398)	(298,059)	(316,015)	(434,186)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	56,411	158,792	952,384	206,355	400,156	3,150	547,820
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	4,164,077	4,220,488	4,379,280	5,331,664	5,538,019	5,938,175	5,941,325
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY - ENDING	\$ 4,220,488	\$ 4,379,280	\$ 5,331,664	\$ 5,538,019	\$ 5,938,175	\$ 5,941,325	\$ 6,489,145
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 21,087,988	\$ 23,410,540	\$ 23,397,653	\$ 24,788,593	\$ 23,594,626	\$ 24,419,749	\$ 24,698,571
Employer's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	20.01%	18.71%	22.79%	22.34%	25.17%	24.33%	26.27%

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2024. Changes in benefit terms related to PSEBA benefits were made in 2024.

Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2023.

Changes in assumption related to the discount rate, starting per capita costs, health care trend rates were made in 2022. Changes in benefit terms related to updating decrements and PSEBA benefits were made in 2022.

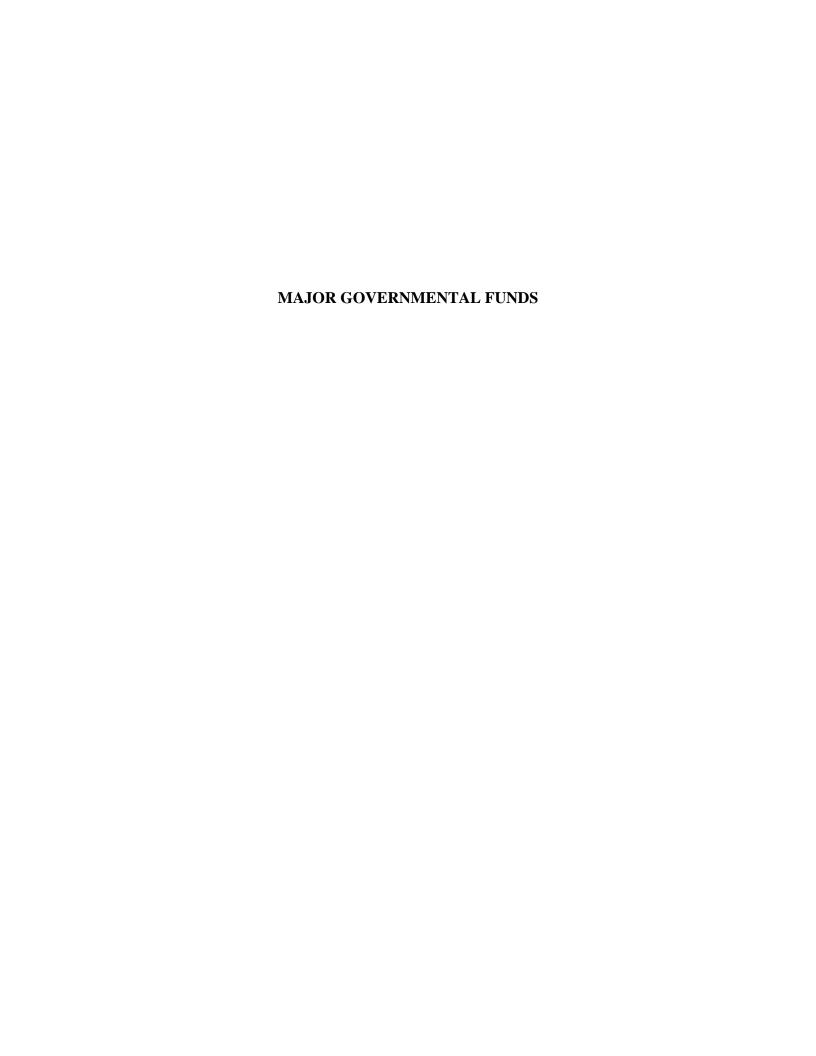
Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2021.

Changes in assumption related to the projected total payroll increases, inflation rate, mortality rates, morality improvement rates, retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates and the discount rate were made in 2020.

Changes in assumption related to the discount rate were made in 2019.

Ultimately, this schedule should present information for the last ten years. However, until ten years of information can be compiled, information will be presented for as many years as is available.

# COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



#### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	_	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Charges for Services						
Review Fees	\$	90,000	\$	90,000	\$ 232,698	\$ 142,698
Parking		120,000		120,000	124,201	4,201
Police Revenue		85,000		85,000	86,828	1,828
Other Fees		201,000 337,650		201,000	242,250	41,250
Rental Income		337,030		337,650	393,769	56,119
Total Charges for Services		833,650		833,650	1,079,746	246,096
Licenses and Permits						
Liquor Licenses		125,000		125,000	147,399	22,399
Miscellaneous Licenses and Permits		14,000		14,000	17,375	3,375
Building Permits		500,000		500,000	1,101,302	601,302
Total Licenses and Permits		639,000		639,000	1,266,076	627,076
Intergovernmental						
Income Tax		6,452,518		6,452,518	6,592,621	140,103
Local Use Tax		1,639,775		1,639,775	1,518,838	(120,937)
Replacement Tax		355,857		355,857	376,351	20,494
State Sales Tax		14,601,444		14,401,444	15,169,052	767,608
Grants		71,000		71,000	115,180	44,180
Total Intergovernmental		23,120,594		22,920,594	23,772,042	851,448
Fines and Forfeitures						
Police Fines		279,000		279,000	444,197	165,197
Adjudication Fines		55,000		55,000	54,495	(505)
Total Fines and Forfeitures		334,000		334,000	498,692	164,692
Property Taxes		5,767,047		5,767,047	5,768,388	1,341
Other Taxes						
Auto Rental Tax		51,932		51,932	58,694	6,762
Franchise Fees - Cable		603,438		603,438	543,973	(59,465)
Home Rule Sales Tax		6,979,256		6,979,256	7,179,057	199,801
Hotel Tax		345,000		345,000	352,400	7,400
Telecommunications Tax		482,053		482,053	528,630	46,577
Cannabis Tax		-		200,000	324,664	124,664
Total Other Taxes		8,461,679		8,661,679	8,987,418	325,739
Investment Income		300,000		300,000	1,623,809	1,323,809
Miscellaneous						
Host Fees		420,000		420,000	434,477	14,477
Other		242,254		267,254	1,159,005	891,751
Total Miscellaneous		662,254		687,254	1,593,482	906,228
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	40,118,224	\$	40,143,224	\$ 44,589,653	\$ 4,446,429

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual			Variance Over (Under)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Executive Department						
Personal Services	\$ 22,800	\$ 22,800	\$	22,800	\$	-
Contractual Services	475,675	500,675		477,625		(23,050)
Total Executive Department	 498,475	523,475		500,425		(23,050)
Legal and Judiciary Department						
Contractual Services	 563,695	563,695		717,292		153,597
Total Legal and Judiciary Department	563,695	563,695		717,292		153,597
Administration Department						
Personal Services	1,838,051	1,838,051		1,699,494		(138,557)
Contractual Services	312,473	312,473		241,356		(71,117)
Materials and Supplies	82,756	82,756		77,031		(5,725)
Total Administration Department	 2,233,280	2,233,280		2,017,881		(215,399)
Administration Adjudication Department						
Personal Services	32,557	32,557		29,411		(3,146)
Contractual Services	33,000	33,000		18,254		(14,746)
Materials and Supplies	 1,100	1,100		-		(1,100)
Total Administration Adjudication Department	66,657	66,657		47,665		(18,992)
Community Development						
Personal Services	1,778,578	1,778,578		1,702,729		(75,849)
Contractual Services	877,679	877,679		472,748		(404,931)
Materials and Supplies	 21,334	21,334		21,610		276
Total Community Development	2,677,591	2,677,591		2,197,087		(480,504)
Information Technology						
Personal Services	217,905	217,905		193,358		(24,547)
Contractual Services	739,397	739,397		612,608		(126,789)
Materials and Supplies	 523,814	523,814		480,224		(43,590)
Total Information Technology	 1,481,116	1,481,116		1,286,190		(194,926)
Total General Government	7,520,814	7,545,814		6,766,540		(779,274)

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

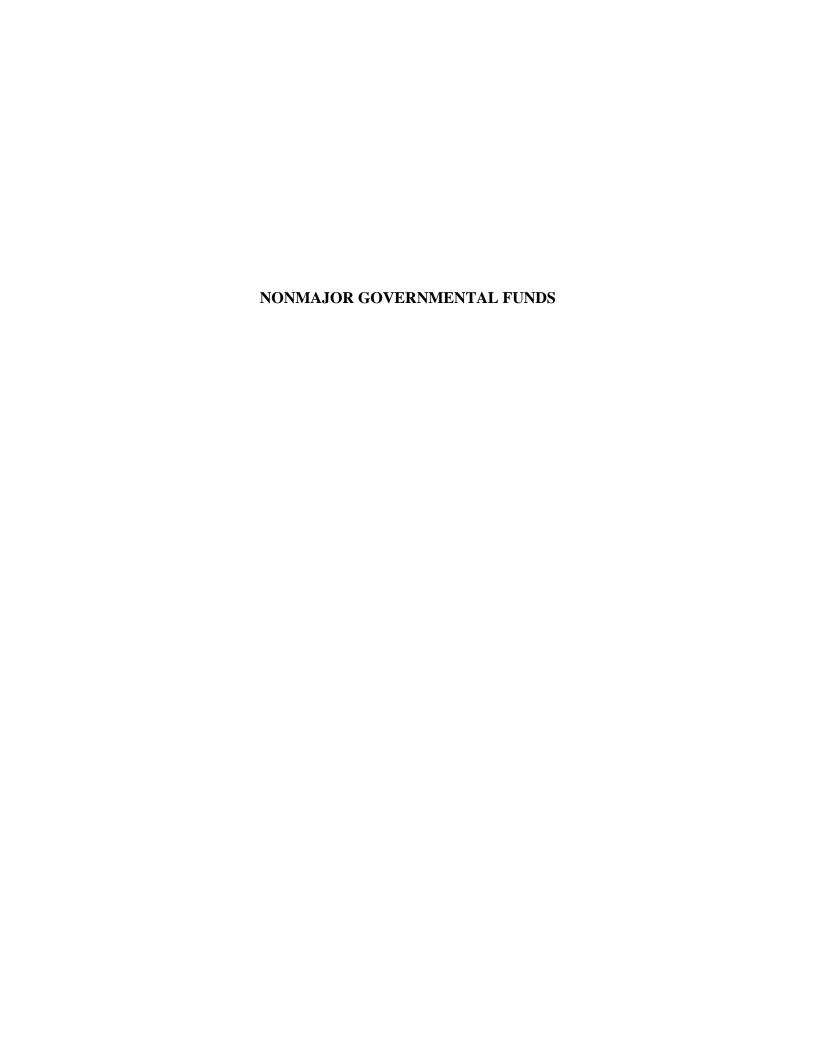
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
PUBLIC SAFETY				
Police Department				
Personal Services	\$ 9,923,096	\$ 9,923,096	\$ 9,761,375	\$ (161,721)
Contractual Services	1,617,595	1,617,595	1,430,507	(187,088)
Materials and Supplies	388,748	388,748	370,255	(18,493)
Total Police Department	11,929,439	11,929,439	11,562,137	(367,302)
Pension Obligation				
Police Pension Contribution	3,481,415	3,481,415	3,482,254	839
Fire Pension Contribution	2,285,632	2,285,632	2,286,134	502
Total Pension Obligation	5,767,047	5,767,047	5,768,388	1,341
Fire and Police Commission				
Contractual Services	36,614	36,614	42,538	5,924
Total Fire and Police Commission	36,614	36,614	42,538	5,924
Total Public Safety	17,733,100	17,733,100	17,373,063	(360,037)
HIGHWAY AND STREETS				
Engineering Department				
Personal Services	1,120,554	1,120,554	1,060,180	(60,374)
Contractual Services	256,280	256,280	185,798	(70,482)
Materials and Supplies	31,870	31,870	26,345	(5,525)
Total Engineering Department	1,408,704	1,408,704	1,272,323	(136,381)
Street Department				
Personal Services	1,843,622	1,843,622	1,686,286	(157,336)
Contractual Services	1,632,230	1,632,230	1,564,985	(67,245)
Materials and Supplies	315,553	315,553	271,643	(43,910)
Total Street Department	3,791,405	3,791,405	3,522,914	(268,491)
Fleet Services				
Personal Services	662,223	662,223	572,382	(89,841)
Contractual Services	86,284	86,284	115,291	29,007
Materials and Supplies	20,762	20,762	24,808	4,046
Total Fleet Services	769,269	769,269	712,481	(56,788)

# SCHEDULE OF DETAILED EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
HIGHWAY AND STREETS (Continued)							
Facility Services							
Personal Services	\$	252,715	\$ 252,715	\$	254,749	\$	2,034
Contractual Services		655,871	655,871		399,227		(256,644)
Materials and Supplies		4,824	4,824		2,383		(2,441)
Total Facility Services		913,410	913,410		656,359		(257,051)
Total Highways and Streets		6,882,788	6,882,788		6,164,077		(718,711)
CULTURE AND RECREATION							
Park Operations							
Personal Services		470,953	470,953		434,706		(36,247)
Contractual Services		279,925	279,925		291,392		11,467
Materials and Supplies		95,725	95,725		175,148		79,423
Total Three Oaks Recreation		846,603	846,603		901,246		54,643
Total Culture and Recreation		846,603	846,603		901,246		54,643
DEBT SERVICE							
Principal		41,997	41,997		41,997		-
Interest and Fees		10,927	10,927		10,720		(207)
Total Debt Service		52,924	52,924		52,717		(207)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	33,036,229	\$ 33,061,229	\$	31,257,643	\$	(1,803,586)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL AND EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

	Origina Budget			Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES								
Licenses and Permits	\$ 60,0	000	\$	60,000	\$	81,800	\$	21,800
Other Taxes	208,		·	208,567	·	238,314	·	29,747
Miscellaneous Income	687,2			687,215		99,873		(587,342)
Total Revenues	955,7	782		955,782		419,987		(535,795)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service								
Principal	715,	534		715,534		658,004		(57,530)
Interest	78,	172		78,172		60,069		(18,103)
Capital Outlay								
Information Technology	871,2	200		871,200		396,696		(474,504)
Police	1,365,	572		1,365,572		993,009		(372,563)
Streets	7,772,9	925		7,772,925		3,627,672		(4,145,253)
Road Reconstruction	2,175,0	000		2,175,000		2,029,915		(145,085)
Community Development	539,0	000		539,000		116,040		(422,960)
Engineering	4,595,3	345		4,595,345		1,970,538		(2,624,807)
Fleet and Facility Services	3,611,6	544		3,611,644		2,557,533		(1,054,111)
Fire Rescue	1,559,0	011		1,559,011		915,980		(643,031)
Parks Operations	982,0	000		982,000		540,778		(441,222)
Administration	40,0	000		40,000		12,625		(27,375)
Total Expenditures	24,305,4	403	2	24,305,403		13,878,859		(10,426,544)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES	(23,349,6	521)	(2	23,349,621)	(	13,458,872)		9,890,749
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Leases Issued	830,	563		830,563		491,512		(339,051)
Transfers In (Out)	9,947,3	362		9,947,362		9,512,816		(434,546)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,777,9	925	1	0,777,925		10,004,328		(773,597)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (12,571,0	596)	\$ (1	2,571,696)	l	(3,454,544)	\$	9,117,152
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						19,549,643		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	16,095,099		



#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2024

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and Investments	\$	8,893,800	\$	_	\$	6,233,084	\$	15,126,884	
Receivables	Ψ	0,075,000	Ψ		Ψ	0,233,004	Ψ	13,120,004	
Property Taxes		1,372,821				443,343		1,816,164	
Accounts Receivable		1,372,821		-		443,343		1,810,104	
Other		76,394		-		134,530		210,924	
Due from Other Governments				-		154,550			
		161,241		-		-		161,241	
Due from Other Funds		80		-		-		80	
Total Assets		10,652,035		-		6,810,957		17,462,992	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
None		-		-		-			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources				-					
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	10,652,035	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	6,810,957	\$	17,462,992	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	115,854	\$	-	\$	3,745	\$	119,599	
Recapture Fees Payable		-		-		75,566		75,566	
Due to Other Funds		481,092		_		98,720		579,812	
Advances due to other funds		-		-		186,773		186,773	
						,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Liabilities		596,946		-		364,804		961,750	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred Revenue - Property Taxes		1,372,821		_		443,343		1,816,164	
	-	-,,1				1.2,2.3		-,,	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,372,821		-		443,343		1,816,164	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,969,767		_		808,147		2,777,914	
Total Entollities and Deletted littlews of Resources		1,707,101		_		000,17/		2,111,717	

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (Continued) NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
FUND BALANCES							
Restricted							
IMRF/FICA	\$	1,064,479	\$	-		\$	1,064,479
Public Safety		785,580		-	-		785,580
Park Development		-		-	1,996,142		1,996,142
Parking		72,771		-	-		72,771
Highway and Street Maintenance		6,536,900		-	-		6,536,900
Capital Improvement Projects		-		-	193,441		193,441
Unrestricted							
Assigned							
Special Revenue Funds		222,538		-	-		222,538
Capital		-		-	4,000,000		4,000,000
Unassigned (Deficit)		-		-	(186,773)		(186,773)
Total Fund Balances		8,682,268		-	6,002,810		14,685,078
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,652,035	\$	-	\$ 6,810,957	\$	17,462,992

### COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital Projects			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	110,298	\$	_	\$	_	\$	110,298
Licenses and Permits	_	154,605	_	_	-	-	_	154,605
Intergovernmental		1,908,923		_		608,083		2,517,006
Fines and Forfeitures		96,947		-		-		96,947
Property Taxes		1,821,234		-		320,203		2,141,437
Other Taxes		63,977		-		-		63,977
Investment Income		240,880		87		1,615		242,582
Miscellaneous		113,015		-		79,766		192,781
Total Revenues		4,509,879		87		1,009,667		5,519,633
EXPENDITURES								
Current Operating								
General Government		1,055,919		285,966		55,646		1,397,531
Public Safety		393,567		-		-		393,567
Highways and Streets		1,034,064		-		-		1,034,064
Culture and Recreation		13,460		-		-		13,460
Debt Service				-04.0-0				
Principal		-		781,850		-		781,850
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		240,434		-		240,434
Total Expenditures		2,497,010		1,308,250		55,646		3,860,906
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		2,012,869		(1,308,163)		954,021		1,658,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-		1,022,787		4,043,574		5,066,361
Transfers (Out)		(3,512,816)		(43,679)		(336,611)		(3,893,106)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,512,816)		979,108		3,706,963		1,173,255
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,499,947)		(329,055)		4,660,984		2,831,982
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		10,182,215		329,055		1,341,826		11,853,096
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	8,682,268	\$	-	\$	6,002,810	\$	14,685,078

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for revenues derived from specific restricted taxes or other restricted or committed revenue sources which, by law, are restricted to finance particular functions or activities of government and which therefore cannot be diverted to other uses.

Motor Fuel Tax - To account for the maintenance and various street improvements in the City. Financing is provided by the City's share of motor fuel tax allotments. State statutes require those allotments to be used to maintain streets.

IMRF/FICA - To account for revenues derived from a separate tax levy and disbursement of these funds for contributions to the state-sponsored Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund and to Social Security and Medicare.

Road/Vehicle License - To account for revenues received from the county road and bridge taxes and to account for revenue from vehicle license fees.

School Crossing Guard - To account for expenditures related to school crossing guards.

Restricted Police Fund - To account for revenues derived from narcotic asset seizures and expenses incurred from activities intended to restrict such activities.

Commuter Parking Fund - To account for revenues derived from and expenses incurred to maintain the commuter parking lot.

SSA 47 - To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, inspection, maintenance and repair costs of storm water facilities in Special Service Area No. 47. Financing is being provided by a property tax levy on property owners in the Special Service Area No. 47.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Motor Fuel Tax	IMRF/ FICA	Road/ Vehicle License	School Crossing Guard
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
ASSETS	A	<b>.</b>	404460	4.00.000
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,815,753	\$ 1,064,403	\$ 104,169	\$ 120,993
Receivables Property Taxes, Net		1,297,603		75,218
Accounts Receivable	91.070	1,297,003	-	75,216
Other	25,623	76	8	26,973
Due from Other Governments	144,830	=	-	=
Due from Other Funds		-	-	-
Total Assets	7,077,276	2,362,082	104,177	223,184
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
None		-	-	-
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	-	
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 7,077,276	\$ 2,362,082	\$ 104,177	\$ 223,184
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 62,690	\$ -	\$ 2,178	\$ 27,427
Due to Other Funds	481,032	-	-	
Total Liabilities	543,722	-	2,178	27,427
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax		1,297,603	-	75,218
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,297,603	-	75,218
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	543,722	1,297,603	2,178	102,645
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted				
IMRF/FICA	-	1,064,479	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-
Parking	-	-	-	-
Highway and Street Maintenance	6,533,554	-	-	100 500
Assigned	-	-	101,999	120,539
Total Fund Balances	6,533,554	1,064,479	101,999	120,539
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,077,276	\$ 2,362,082	\$ 104,177	\$ 223,184

R	estricted Police	ommuter Parking	SSA 47	Total
\$	778,789	\$ 5,598	\$ 4,095	\$ 8,893,800
	-	-	-	1,372,821
	-	56,629	-	147,699
	8,563 16,411	15,151	-	76,394 161,241
	10,411	80	-	80
	902 762		4,095	
	803,763	77,458	4,093	10,652,035
	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-
\$	803,763	\$ 77,458	\$ 4,095	\$ 10,652,035
\$	18,183	\$ 4,627 60	\$ 749 -	\$ 115,854 481,092
	18,183	4,687	749	596,946
	-	-	-	1,372,821
	-	-	-	1,372,821
	18,183	4,687	749	1,969,767
	-	-	-	1,064,479
	785,580		-	785,580
	-	72,771	2 246	72,771
	-	-	3,346	6,536,900 222,538
	785,580	72,771	3,346	8,682,268
	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
\$	803,763	\$ 77,458	\$ 4,095	\$ 10,652,035

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Motor Fuel Tax	IMRF/ FICA	Road/ Vehicle License	School Crossing Guard
REVENUES				
Charges for Service	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and Permits	-	-	154,605	-
Intergovernmental	1,797,521	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
Property Taxes	-	1,263,758	484,460	71,816
Other Taxes	-	- 1.670	-	- 150
Investment Income	238,775	1,679	220	158
Miscellaneous	17,515	-	5,927	63,417
Total Revenues	2,053,811	1,265,437	645,212	135,391
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	-	888,348	-	_
Public Safety	-	148,058	-	126,834
Highways and Streets	697,127	296,116	40,821	-
Culture and Recreation		13,460	-	
Total Expenditures	697,127	1,345,982	40,821	126,834
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,356,684	(80,545)	604,391	8,557
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)	(2,940,466)	-	(572,350)	<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,940,466)	-	(572,350)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,583,782)	(80,545)	32,041	8,557
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	8,117,336	1,145,024	69,958	111,982
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 6,533,554	\$ 1,064,479	\$ 101,999	\$ 120,539

R	estricted Police	ommuter Parking	SSA 47 Tota		
\$	_	\$ 110,298	\$	-	\$ 110,298
	-	- -		=	154,605
	111,402	-		-	1,908,923
	-	96,947		-	96,947
	-	=		1,200	1,821,234
	63,977	-		-	63,977
	-	43		5	240,880
	26,156	-		-	113,015
	201,535	207,288		1,205	4,509,879
	_	166,446		1,125	1,055,919
	118,675	-		-	393,567
	-	_		_	1,034,064
	=	-		_	13,460
	118,675	166,446		1,125	2,497,010
	82,860	40,842		80	2,012,869
	-	-		-	(3,512,816)
	-	-		-	(3,512,816)
	82,860	40,842		80	(1,499,947)
	702,720	31,929		3,266	10,182,215
\$	785,580	\$ 72,771	\$	3,346	\$ 8,682,268

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MOTOR FUEL TAX FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,860,249	\$ 1,860,249	\$ 1,797,521	\$ (62,728)
Investment Income	20,000	20,000	238,775	218,775
Miscellaneous	49,035	49,035	17,515	(31,520)
Total Revenues	1,929,284	1,929,284	2,053,811	124,527
EXPENDITURES Highway and Streets				
Contractual Services	227,500	227,500	150,215	(77,285)
Materials and Supplies	733,000	733,000	546,912	(186,088)
Total Expenditures	960,500	960,500	697,127	(263,373)
EXCESS OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	968,784	968,784	1,356,684	387,900
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)	(6,335,832)	(6,335,832)	(2,940,466)	3,395,366
Transfers (Out)	(0,333,032)	(0,555,052)	(2,5 10, 100)	2,222,200
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(6,335,832)	(6,335,832)	(2,940,466)	3,395,366
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (5,367,048)	\$ (5,367,048)	(1,583,782)	\$ 3,783,266
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			8,117,336	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 6,533,554	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMRF/FICA FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 1,272,510	\$ 1,272,510	\$ 1,263,758	\$ (8,752)
Investment Income	2,000	2,000	1,679	(321)
Total Revenues	1,274,510	1,274,510	1,265,437	(9,073)
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Services				
General Government	1,007,471	1,007,471	888,348	(119,123)
Public Safety	167,912	167,912	148,058	(19,854)
Highways and Streets	335,824	335,824	296,116	(39,708)
Culture and Recreation	15,265	15,265	13,460	(1,805)
Total Expenditures	1,526,472	1,526,472	1,345,982	(180,490)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (251,962)	\$ (251,962)	(80,545)	\$ 171,417
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			1,145,024	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 1,064,479	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD/VEHICLE LICENSE FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)	
REVENUES							
Licenses and Permits	\$	170,000	\$	170,000	\$ 154,605	\$	(15,395)
Property Taxes		453,000		453,000	484,460		31,460
Investment Income		100		100	220		120
Miscellaneous		-		-	5,927		5,927
Total Revenues		623,100		623,100	645,212		22,112
EXPENDITURES							
Highways and Streets		50,750		50,750	40,821		(9,929)
Total Expenditures		50,750		50,750	40,821		(9,929)
EXCESS OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		572,350		572,350	604,391		32,041
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)		(572,350)		(572,350)	(572,350)		<u>-</u>
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(572,350)		(572,350)	(572,350)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	32,041	\$	32,041
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				,	69,958	Ī	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				:	\$ 101,999	:	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHOOL CROSSING GUARD FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$ 71,900	\$ 71,900	\$	71,816	\$	(84)	
Investment Income	100	100		158		58	
Miscellaneous	 71,900	71,900		63,417		(8,483)	
Total Revenues	 143,900	143,900		135,391		(8,509)	
EXPENDITURES							
Public Safety							
Contractual Services	 143,799	143,799		126,834		(16,965)	
Total Expenditures	 143,799	143,799		126,834		(16,965)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 101	\$ 101	•	8,557	\$	8,456	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				111,982	•		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	120,539	:		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL RESTRICTED POLICE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Over (Under)		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$ 45,500	\$	45,500	\$	111,402	\$	65,902	
Other Taxes	60,000		60,000		63,977		3,977	
Miscellaneous Income	500		500		26,156		25,656	
Total Revenues	106,000		106,000		201,535		95,535	
EXPENDITURES Public Safety								
Miscellaneous	 164,997		164,997		118,675		(46,322)	
Total Expenditures	164,997		164,997		118,675		(46,322)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (58,997)	\$	(58,997)		82,860	\$	141,857	
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					702,720			
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	785,580			

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COMMUTER PARKING LOT FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual		Variance Over (Under)	
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	110,298	\$	35,298
Fines and Forfeitures		50,000		50,000		96,947		46,947
Investment Income		-		-		43		43
Total Revenues		125,000		125,000		207,288		82,288
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Personnel Services		131,252		131,252		131,252		_
Contractual Services		142,078		142,078		32,148		(109,930)
Materials and Supplies		4,619		4,619		3,046		(1,573)
Total Expenditures		277,949		277,949		166,446		(111,503)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(152,949)		(152,949)		40,842		193,791
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		152,949		152,949		-		(152,949)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		152,949		152,949		-		(152,949)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	:	40,842	\$	40,842
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						31,929		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	72,771	ı	

### NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service are used to account for the resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principal on general and special obligation debt other than that payable from the Special Assessment Fund and debt issued for and serviced by the Proprietary Funds.

Special Assessment No. 149 - To account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on the General Obligation Bonds, Series 1997 related to the North Shore water and sewer project. Financing is being provided by assessments to property owners in the North Crystal Lake Park Beach Subdivision.

Crystal Heights Debt Service - To account for the accumulation of resources to retire principal and interest on the 2004 General Obligation Bonds related to Crystal Heights. Financing is being provided by assessments to property owners in Special Service Area No. 43 (Crystal Heights Subdivision).

Three Oaks Debt Service - To account for debt service costs associated with the Three Oaks Recreation Area within the Vulcan Lake TIF.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

April 30, 2024

ASSETS AND DEFERRED	Asse	ecial ssment . 149	He	ystal ights Service	Three Oaks Debt Service		Total
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS							
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Total Assets		-		_	-		_
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> None		-		-	-		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		-	-		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES	ф		Ф		d)	ф	
None	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_
Total Liabilities		-		-	-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES None		_		_	-		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-	-		-
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-	-		-
FUND BALANCES							
None		-		-	-		-
Total Fund Balances		_		_	-		_
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

	Special Crystal Three O Assessment Heights Debt No. 149 Debt Service Service		ebt		Total			
REVENUES								
Investment Income	\$	-	\$	87	\$	-	\$	87
Total Revenues		-		87		-		87
EXPENDITURES								
General Government								
Contractual		-		-	4	503		503
Other		-		285,463		-		285,463
Debt Service								
Principal Retirement		-		-	781,8			781,850
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-	240,4	134		240,434
Total Expenditures		-		285,463	1,022,7	787		1,308,250
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		-		(285,376)	(1,022,7	787)	(	(1,308,163)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		-		-	1,022,7	787		1,022,787
Transfers (Out)		(43,573)		(106)		-		(43,679)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(43,573)		(106)	1,022,7	787		979,108
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(43,573)		(285,482)		-		(329,055)
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		43,573	285,482		-			329,055
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL THREE OAKS DEBT SERVICE FUND

		riginal udget		Final Budget	Actual	ariance Over Under)
REVENUES						
None	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 
Total Revenues		-		-	-	
EXPENDITURES						
General Government						
Contractual		1,000		1,000	503	(497)
Debt Service						
Principal Retirement		781,850		781,850	781,850	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges		240,435		240,435	240,434	(1)
Total Expenditures	1	,023,285		1,023,285	1,022,787	(498)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	(1	,023,285)	(	(1,023,285)	(1,022,787)	498
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In (Out)	1	,023,285		1,023,285	1,022,787	(498)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1	,023,285		1,023,285	1,022,787	(498)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-	-	\$ -
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					-	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$ -	

### NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The Capital Projects Funds account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition and/or construction of capital equipment and facilities by the City except those financed by the Proprietary Funds.

Main Street TIF Project Fund - To account for the initial planning and engineering design services of the Main Street TIF, including improvements to the Main Street and Crystal Lake Avenue intersection.

Virginia Street Corridor TIF Project Fund - To account for the initial planning and engineering design services of the Virginia Street Corridor TIF, intended to spur a comprehensive revitalization of this area.

Vulcan Lakes TIF Project Fund - To account for the initial planning and engineering design services of the Vulcan Lakes TIF, intended to spur a comprehensive revitalization of this area and will include residential, retail and recreational facilities.

Three Oaks Development - To account for funds from developers set aside for the future development of the Three Oaks Recreation Area.

NCLPB Project Fund - To account for the proceeds of Series 1997 General Obligation Bonds used in the construction and installation of water mains, sewer mains and roadway improvements in the North Crystal Lake Park Beach area.

Waters Edge TIF Project Fund - To account for the initial planning and engineering design services of the Waters Edge TIF.

Vehicle Replacement Fund - To account for operations related to City vehicle replacement.

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

April 30, 2024

	Main Street TIF Construction	Virginia Street Corridor TIF	Vulcan Lakes TIF District
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
ASSETS  Cash and Investments Receivables Property Taxes, Net Other	\$ 85,566 64,856 6	\$ - 202,074	\$ - 125,736
Total Assets	150,428	202,074	125,736
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> None		-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 150,428	\$ 202,074	\$ 125,736
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES  Accounts Payable Recapture Fees Payable Due to Other Funds Advances Due to Other Funds	\$ - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -
Total Liabilities		-	-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	64,856	202,074	125,736
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	64,856	202,074	125,736
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	64,856	202,074	125,736
FUND BALANCES Restricted Park Development Capital Improvements Assigned	85,572	- -	- -
Capital	-	-	-
Unassigned (Deficit)	<del></del>	-	<del>-</del>
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	85,572	-	-
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 150,428	\$ 202,074	\$ 125,736

	hree Oaks evelopment		ICLPB ject Fund		aters Edge IF Project	R	Vehicle eplacement		Total
\$	2,094,755	\$	49,018	\$	3,745	\$	4,000,000	\$	6,233,084
	107		- 134,417		50,677		-		443,343 134,530
	2,094,862		183,435		54,422		4,000,000		6,810,957
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-
\$	2,094,862	\$	183,435	\$	54,422	\$	4,000,000	\$	6,810,957
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,745	\$	-		3,745
	- 98,720		75,566		-		-		75,566
	96,720		-		186,773		-		98,720 186,773
	98,720		75,566		190,518		-		364,804
	-		-		50,677		-		443,343
	-		-		50,677		-		443,343
	98,720		75,566		241,195		-		808,147
			•		·				
	1,996,142 -		- 107,869		- -		- -		1,996,142 193,441
	- -		- -		- (186,773)		4,000,000		4,000,000 (186,773)
	1,996,142		107,869		(186,773)		4,000,000		6,002,810
\$	2,094,862	\$	183,435	\$	54,422	\$	4,000,000	\$	6,810,957
Ψ.	2,071,002	Ψ	100,100	Ψ	5 1, 122	Ψ	.,000,000	Ψ	5,515,757

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	Main Street TIF Project	Virginia Street Corridor F Project	Vulcan Lakes TIF Project	
REVENUES				
Property Tax	\$ 48,640	\$	150,984 \$	88,484
Investment Income	89		36	27
Intergovernmental	-		-	-
Miscellaneous Income	 -			
Total Revenues	 48,729		151,020	88,511
EXPENDITURES				
General Government				
Contractual	820		820	820
Other	-		-	
Total Expenditures	 820		820	820
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	47,909		150,200	87,691
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers In	-		-	-
Transfers (Out)	 -		(150,200)	(87,691)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		(150,200)	(87,691)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	47,909		-	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), MAY 1	37,663		-	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT), APRIL 30	\$ 85,572	\$	- \$	

	hree Oaks evelopment		CLPB ect Fund		aters Edge F Project		Vehicle placement		Total
\$	_	\$	_	\$	32,095	\$	_	\$	320,203
•	1,456	*	_	_	7	_	_	_	1,615
	608,083		_		-		-		608,083
	-		79,766		-		-		79,766
	609,539		79,766		32,102		-		1,009,667
	_		_		37,684		_		40,144
	-		15,502		-		-		15,502
	-		15,502		37,684		-		55,646
	609,539		64,264		(5,582)		-		954,021
	_		43,574		_		4,000,000		4,043,574
	(98,720)				-		-		(336,611)
	(98,720)		43,574		-		4,000,000		3,706,963
	510,819		107,838		(5,582)		4,000,000		4,660,984
	1,485,323		31		(181,191)		-		1,341,826
\$	1,996,142	\$	107,869	\$	(186,773)	\$	4,000,000	\$	6,002,810

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL MAIN STREET TIF PROJECT FUND

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		·	ariance Over Under)
REVENUES	Φ	40.000	Φ	40.000	Ф	40.640	Ф	0.640
Property Taxes Investment Income	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	48,640 89	\$	8,640 89
Total Revenues		40,000		40,000		48,729		8,729
EXPENDITURES								
Contracted Services		820		820		820		-
Total Expenditures		820		820		820		
EXCESS OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		39,180		39,180		47,909		8,729
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)		(39,180)		(39,180)				39,180
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(39,180)		(39,180)		-		39,180
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-		47,909	\$	47,909
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						37,663	Ī	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30					\$	85,572	Ī	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL VIRGINIA STREET CORRIDOR TIF PROJECT FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		ariance Over Under)		
REVENUES	_		_		_		_	
Property Taxes Investment Income	\$	140,000	\$	140,000	\$	150,984 36	\$	10,984 36
Total Revenues		140,000		140,000		151,020		11,020
EXPENDITURES General Governmental								
Contractual		820		820		820		
Total Expenditures		820		820		820		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		139,180		139,180		150,200		11,020
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)		(139,180)		(139,180)		(150,200)		(11,020)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(139,180)		(139,180)		(150,200)		(11,020)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$	-
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1						-		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				:	\$	-		

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL VULCAN LAKES TIF PROJECT FUND

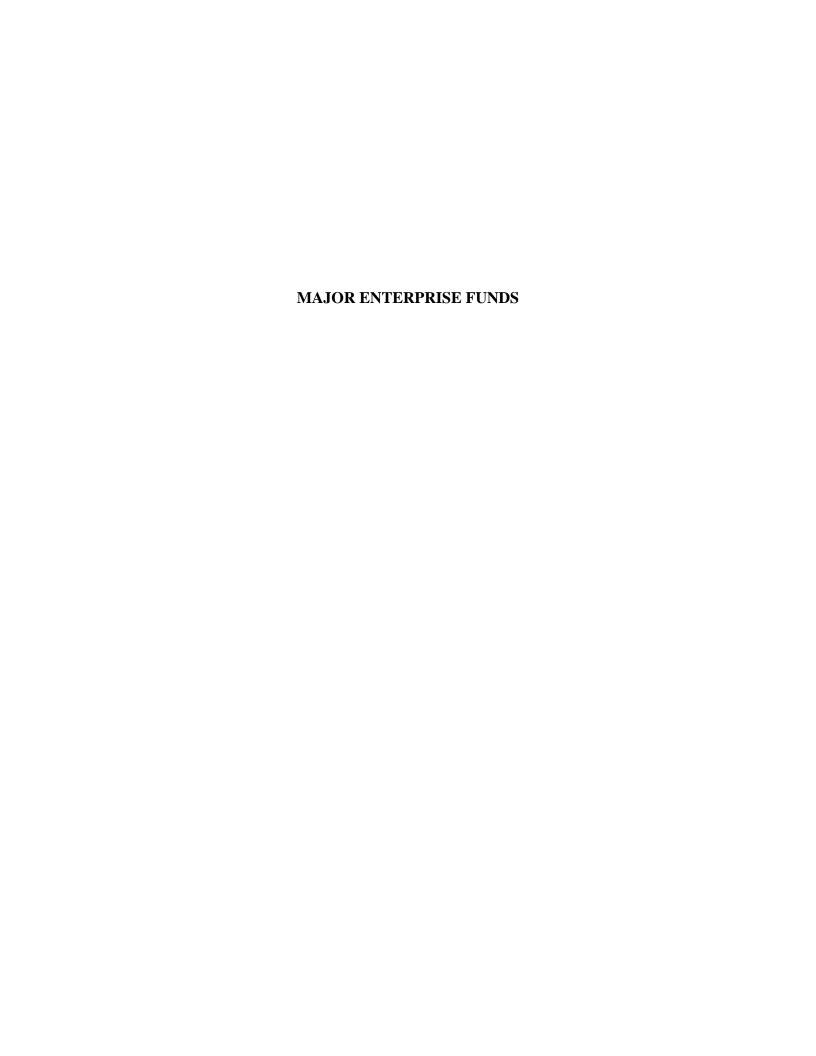
	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		ariance Over Under)	
REVENUES	_			_			
Property Taxes Investment Income	\$	71,750	\$ 71,750	\$	88,484 27	\$	16,734 27
Total Revenues		71,750	71,750		88,511		16,761
EXPENDITURES General Governmental							
Contractual		820	820		820		
Total Expenditures		820	820		820		
EXCESS OF REVENUES		70.020	70.020		07.601		16761
OVER EXPENDITURES		70,930	70,930		87,691		16,761
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)		(70,930)	(70,930)		(87,691)		(16,761)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(70,930)	(70,930)		(87,691)		(16,761)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$ -		-	\$	_
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					-		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			:	\$	-	ı	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL THREE OAKS DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Original Final Budget Budget				Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES Investment Income Intergovernmental	\$	500 -	\$ 500	) \$	1,456 608,083	\$	956 608,083
Total Revenues		500	500	)	609,539		609,039
EXPENDITURES None		-	-		-		<u>-</u> _
Total Expenditures		-	-		-		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		500	500	)	609,539		609,039
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)	(1,400,	000)	(1,400,000	))	(98,720)		1,301,280
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,400,	000)	(1,400,000	))	(98,720)		1,301,280
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (1,399,	500)	\$ (1,399,500	))	510,819	\$	1,910,319
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					1,485,323	ı	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30				\$	1,996,142	İ	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WATERS EDGE TIF PROJECT FUND

	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	32,095	32,095
Investment income	<u> </u>	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	7	7
Total Revenues		-		-		32,102	32,102
EXPENDITURES							
General Governmental Contractual		45,000		45,000		37,684	(7,316)
Total Expenditures		45,000		45,000		37,684	(7,316)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(45,000)	\$	(45,000)		(5,582)\$	39,418
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), MAY 1				-		(181,191)	
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT), APRIL 30				_	\$	(186,773)	

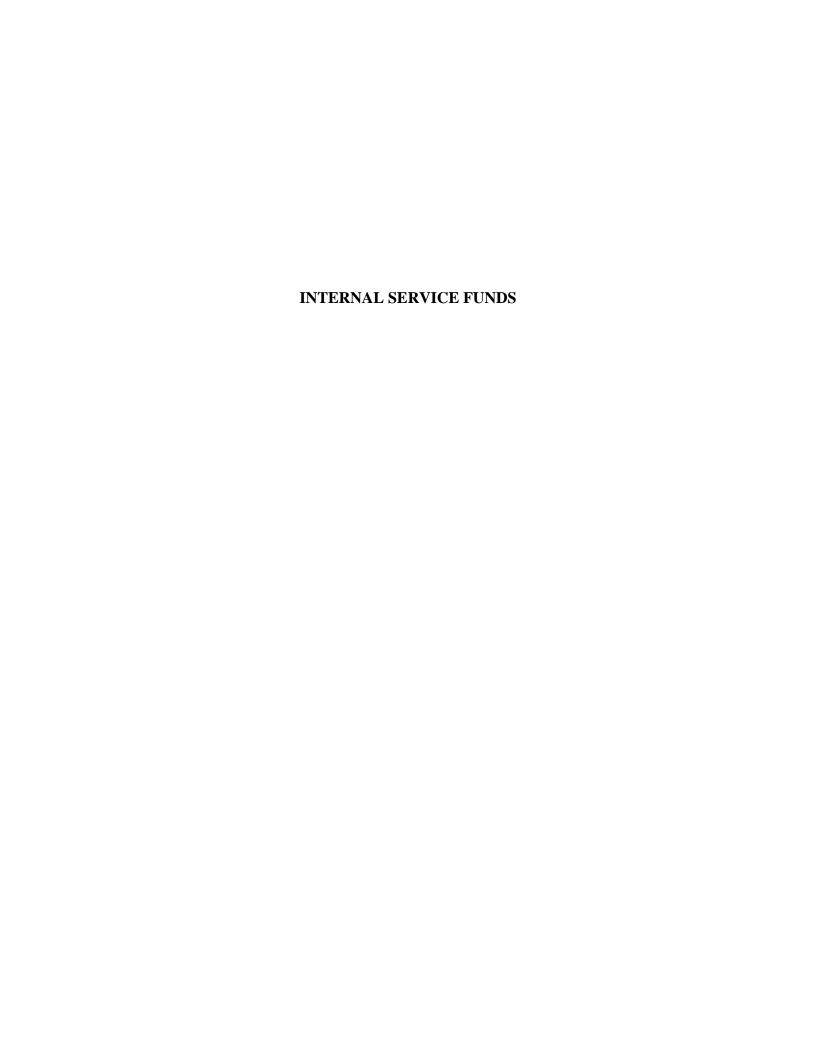


### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
OPERATING REVENUES						
Charges for Sales and Services						
Water Sales	\$	6,989,237	\$	6,989,237	\$ 7,308,999	\$ 319,762
Sewer Sales	·	6,897,293	·	6,897,293	6,991,688	94,395
Penalties		310,000		310,000	290,660	(19,340)
Water Meter Fees		45,000		45,000	119,168	74,168
Meter Rental Fees		7,000		7,000	20,147	13,147
Water Turn On Fee		10,000		10,000	14,448	4,448
Red Tag Fee		30,000		30,000	40,225	10,225
Miscellaneous Income		115,000		115,000	224,268	109,268
Total Operating Revenues		14,403,530		14,403,530	15,009,603	606,073
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Administration		5,583,079		5 592 070	1 467 502	(4 115 496)
Water Operations				5,583,079 20,369,723	1,467,593 8,988,191	(4,115,486)
Sewer Operations		20,369,723 8,395,681		8,395,681	4,821,192	(11,381,532) (3,574,489)
Sewer Operations		8,393,081		8,393,081	4,821,192	(3,374,489)
Total Operating Expenses		34,348,483		34,348,483	15,276,976	(19,071,507)
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(19,944,953)		(19,944,953)	(267,373)	19,677,580
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
IEPA Loan Proceeds		9,061,472		9,061,472	754,482	(8,306,990)
Principal payments		(4,414,660)		(4,414,660)	(3,061,734)	1,352,926
Interest Expense		(16,133)		(16,133)	(865,898)	(849,765)
Other Tax		2,702,890		2,702,890	2,596,683	(106,207)
Investment Income		128,000		128,000	936,253	808,253
Grants		2,279,815		2,279,815	1,326,955	(952,860)
Rental Income		336,353		336,353	303,920	(32,433)
Connection Fees		625,000		625,000	1,686,553	1,061,553
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		10,702,737		10,702,737	3,677,214	(7,025,523)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS		(9,242,216)		(9,242,216)	3,409,841	12,652,057
TRANSFERS IN (OUT)		4,050,000		4,050,000	98,720	(3,951,280)
NET INCOME (LOSS) - BUDGET BASIS	\$	(5,192,216)	\$	(5,192,216)	3,508,561	\$ 8,700,777

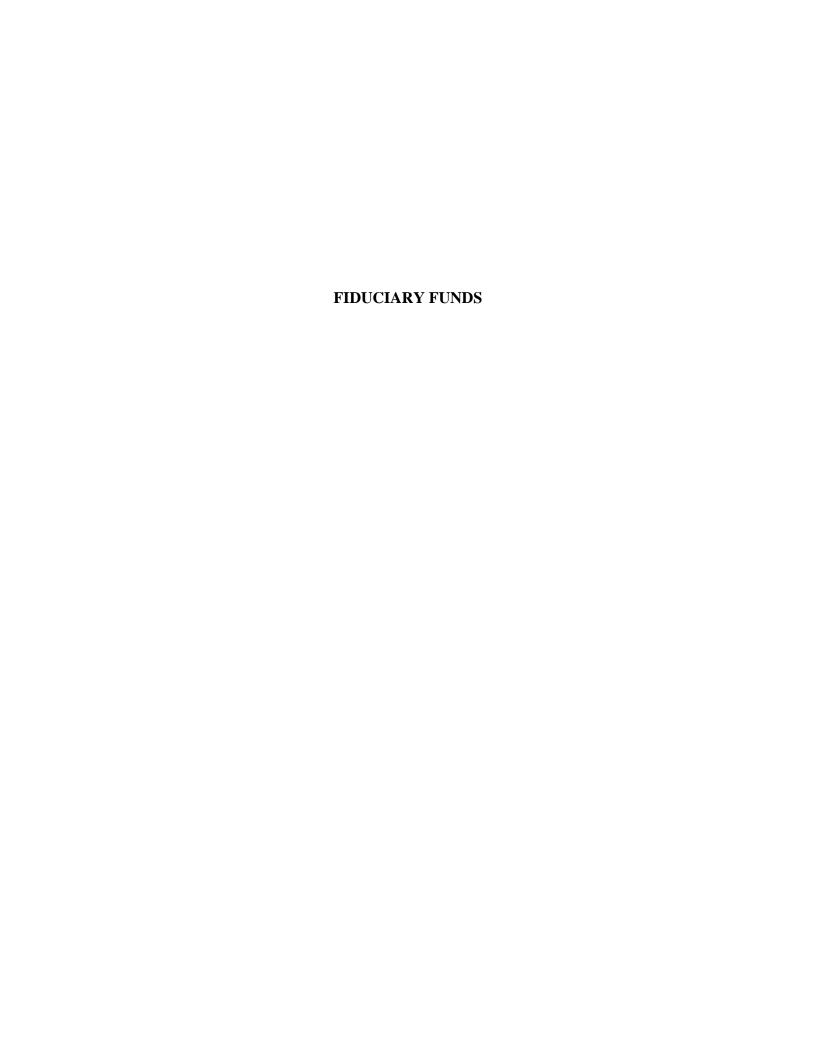
### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS (Continued) WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
ADJUSTMENTS TO GAAP BASIS				
Capital Assets Capitalized - Water			\$ 3,900,763	
Capital Assets Capitalized - Sewer			1,392,685	
Capital Assets Capitalized - Administrative			548,397	
Depreciation			(4,183,980)	
Amortization			(173,798)	
IEPA Loan Proceeds			(754,482)	
Principal Payments			3,061,734	
Well ARO Amortization			(9,500)	
Loss on Sale of Capital Assets			(7,196)	
Pension Expense			169,043	
OPEB Expense			(7,308)	
Change in Compensated Absences			 (24,412)	
Total Adjustments to GAAP Basis			 3,911,946	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION			7,420,507	
NET POSITION, MAY 1			 67,146,868	
NET POSITION, APRIL 30			\$ 74,567,375	



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GROUP INSURANCE FUND

		ginal dget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
					(=====)
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for Services					
Employer Contributions	\$ 5,1	76,583	\$ 5,176,583	\$ 5,124,229	\$ (52,354)
<b>Employee Contributions</b>	1,1	02,248	1,102,248	1,112,009	9,761
Miscellaneous Income		24,500	24,500	81,399	56,899
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	6,3	03,331	6,303,331	6,317,637	14,306
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administration	6,2	93,851	6,293,851	5,759,765	(534,086)
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	6,2	93,851	6,293,851	5,759,765	(534,086)
OPERATING INCOME		9,480	9,480	557,872	548,392
NON-OPERATING REVENUES					
Investment Income		500	500	1,333	833
					_
<b>Total Non-Operating Revenues</b>		500	500	1,333	833
					_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	9,980	\$ 9,980	559,205	\$ 549,225
				•	
NET POSITION, MAY 1				1,432,430	
NET POSITION, APRIL 30				\$ 1,991,635	



## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

## April 30, 2024

	Police Pension			irefighters' Pension	Total		
ASSETS							
Cash and Short-Term Investments	\$	414,991	\$	289,624	\$	704,615	
Investments, at Fair Value							
Investments Held in the Illinois Police Officers' Pension Investment Fund		53,502,963				53,502,963	
Investments Held in the Illinois Firefighters'		33,302,903		-		33,302,903	
Pension Investment Fund		-		56,044,583		56,044,583	
Prepaid Expenses		-		6,862		6,862	
Total Assets		53,917,954		56,341,069		110,259,023	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable		1,985		2,661		4,646	
Total Liabilities		1,985		2,661		4,646	
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$	53,915,969	\$	56,338,408	\$	110,254,377	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION PENSION TRUST FUNDS

	Police Pension	Firefighters' Pension	Total
ADDITIONS			
Contributions			
Employer	\$ 3,482,254	\$ 2,286,134	\$ 5,768,388
Employee	1,125,031	646,058	1,771,089
Total Contributions	4,607,285	2,932,192	7,539,477
Investment Income			
Net Appreciation in Fair			
Value of Investments	4,414,806	4,456,705	8,871,511
Interest	397,072	1,049,520	1,446,592
Total Investment Income	4,811,878	5,506,225	10,318,103
Less Investment Expense	(53,964)	(61,554)	(115,518)
Net Investment Income	4,757,914	5,444,671	10,202,585
Total Additions	9,365,199	8,376,863	17,742,062
DEDUCTIONS			
Pension Benefits and Refunds	4,721,701	2,760,245	7,481,946
Administrative Expenses	14,894	63,559	78,453
Total Deductions	4,736,595	2,823,804	7,560,399
NET INCREASE	4,628,604	5,553,059	10,181,663
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS			
May 1	49,287,365	50,785,349	100,072,714
April 30	\$ 53,915,969	\$ 56,338,408	\$ 110,254,377

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION -BUDGET AND ACTUAL POLICE PENSION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 3,481,415	\$ 3,481,415	\$ 3,482,254	\$ 839
Employee	730,007	730,007	1,125,031	395,024
Total Contributions	4,211,422	4,211,422	4,607,285	395,863
Investment Income				
Net Appreciation in Fair				
Value of Investments	_	_	4,414,806	4,414,806
Interest	1,100,000	1,100,000	397,072	(702,928)
Total Investment Income	1,100,000	1,100,000	4,811,878	3,711,878
Less Investment Expense	(110,000)	(110,000)	(53,964)	56,036
Net Investment Income	990,000	990,000	4,757,914	3,767,914
Total Additions	5,201,422	5,201,422	9,365,199	4,163,777
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Pension Benefits and Refunds	4,098,584	4,098,584	4,721,701	623,117
Administrative Expenses	28,200	28,200	14,894	(13,306)
Total Deductions	4,126,784	4,126,784	4,736,595	609,811
NET INCREASE	\$ 1,074,638	\$ 1,074,638	4,628,604	\$ 3,553,966
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS				
May 1			49,287,365	
April 30			\$ 53,915,969	:

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION -BUDGET AND ACTUAL FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
ADDITIONS				
Contributions				
Employer	\$ 2,285,632	\$ 2,285,632	\$ 2,286,134	\$ 502
Employee	692,228	692,228	646,058	(46,170)
Total Contributions	2,977,860	2,977,860	2,932,192	(45,668)
Investment Income				
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments			1 156 705	1 156 705
Value of investments Interest	1,100,000	1,100,000	4,456,705	4,456,705
merest	1,100,000	1,100,000	1,049,520	(50,480)
Total Investment Income	1,100,000	1,100,000	5,506,225	4,406,225
Less Investment Expense	(150,000)	(150,000)	(61,554)	88,446
Net Investment Income	950,000	950,000	5,444,671	4,494,671
Total Additions	3,927,860	3,927,860	8,376,863	4,449,003
DEDUCTIONS				
Pension Benefits and Refunds	2,394,275	2,394,275	2,760,245	365,970
Administrative Expenses	28,000	28,000	63,559	35,559
Total Deductions	2,422,275	2,422,275	2,823,804	401,529
NET INCREASE	\$ 1,505,585	\$ 1,505,585	5,553,059	\$ 4,047,474
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION BENEFITS				
May 1			50,785,349	
April 30			\$ 56,338,408	

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION **CUSTODIAL FUNDS**

April 30, 2024

	SSA 44 Tracy Trail		SSA 45 ryn Mawr	SSA 46 Ryland	Total
ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable	\$	15,274 1	\$ 431,805	\$ 53,306 \$ 4	5 500,385
Total Assets		15,275	431,805	53,310	500,390
LIABILITIES None		-	-	-	
Total Liabilities		-	-	-	
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE	\$	15,275	\$ 431,805	\$ 53,310 \$	500,390

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

	SSA 44 Tracy Trail			SSA 45 ryn Mawr	SSA 46 Ryland	Total	
ADDITIONS							
Contributions							
Property Owner	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 178,273 \$	178,273	
Total Contributions		-		-	178,273	178,273	
Investment Income							
Interest		15		20,628	153	20,796	
Total Investment Income		15		20,628	153	20,796	
Total Additions		15		20,628	178,426	199,069	
DEDUCTIONS							
Debt Service							
Principal		-		-	95,000	95,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		23,201	83,772	106,973	
Total Deductions		-		23,201	178,772	201,973	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		15		(2,573)	(346)	(2,904)	
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR DEBT SERVICE							
May 1		15,260		434,378	53,656	503,294	
April 30	\$	15,275	\$	431,805	\$ 53,310 \$	500,390	

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT

The component unit column in the basic financial statements includes the financial data of the City's component unit. It is reported in a separate column to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

#### Crystal Lake Public Library:

The Library operates and maintains the City's public library facilities. The Library's board is appointed by the Mayor with the consent of the City Council. The Library may not issue bonded debt, and its annual budget and property tax levy requests are subject to the City Council's approval. Separate financial statements for the Library are not available.

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND BALANCE SHEET

	General Operating Fund C		Nonmajor overnmental	Adjustments		Statement of Net Position
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,209,749	\$	1,825,100	\$ -	\$	5,034,849
Receivables						
Property Taxes, Net	4,545,099		496,998	-		5,042,097
Accounts	44		-	-		44
Accrued interest	6,664		902	-		7,566
Prepaid Items	62,016		-	-		62,016
Due from Primary Government	-		127,907	-		127,907
Capital Assets						
Nondepreciable	-		-	2,472,56	1	2,472,561
Depreciable, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	=		-	5,048,83	7	5,048,837
Total Assets	 7,823,572		2,450,907	7,521,39	8	17,795,877
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Items - IMRF	-		-	1,178,26	5	1,178,265
Pension Items - OPEB	 -		-	60,36	1	60,361
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	 -		-	1,238,62	6	1,238,626
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 7,823,572	\$	2,450,907	\$ 8,760,02	4 \$	19,034,503
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 117,026	\$	686	\$ -	\$	117,712
Accrued Payroll	130,865		21,633	-		152,498
Accrued Taxes	-		52,349	-		52,349
Deposits	-		17,288	-		17,288
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Due Within One Year	-		-	87,82	5	87,825
Due in More than One Year	 -		-	2,064,10	5	2,064,105
Total Liabilities	 247,891		91,956	2,151,93	0	2,491,777
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Revenue - Property Tax	4,545,099		496,998	-		5,042,097
Pension Items - IMRF	-		-	4,16	3	4,163
Pension Items - OPEB	 -		-	25,48	8	25,488
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 4,545,099		496,998	29,65	1	5,071,748
Total Liabilities and Deferred						
Inflows of Resources	4,792,990		588,954	2,181,58	1	7,563,525

#### DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND BALANCE SHEET (Continued)

	General Operating Fund		Nonmajor Governmental			djustments	Statement of Net Position	
FUND BALANCES								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,521,398	\$	7,521,398
Nonspendable								
Prepaid Items		62,016		-		(62,016)		-
Restricted								
Retirement		-		446,393		-		446,393
Working Cash		-		54,240		-		54,240
Library		-		927,968		-		927,968
Unrestricted								
Assigned		-		433,352		(433,352)		-
Unassigned (Deficit)		2,968,566		-		(447,587)		2,520,979
Total Fund Balances		3,030,582		1,861,953		6,578,443		11,470,978
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	7,823,572	\$	2,450,907	\$	8,760,024	\$	19,034,503

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

		General Operating	N	Vonmajor			Statement
	C	Fund		vernmental	A	ljustments	f Activities
REVENUES							
Property Tax	\$	4,443,876	\$	495,622	\$	-	\$ 4,939,498
Intergovernmental		61,211		-		-	61,211
Fines and Forfeitures		106,865		-		-	106,865
Investment Income		216,643		39,531		-	256,174
Rental Income		-		143,429		-	143,429
Donations		-		9,870		-	9,870
Miscellaneous		6,448		128,164		-	134,612
Total Revenues		4,835,043		816,616		_	5,651,659
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Culture and Recreation		4,312,765		527,455		225,813	5,066,033
Capital Outlay		94,669		1,191		(95,860)	
Total Expenditures		4,407,434		528,646		129,953	5,066,033
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		427,609		287,970		(129,953)	585,626
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In		_		507,615		(507,615)	_
Transfers (Out)		(245,144)		(262,471)		507,615	_
Insurance Proceeds		175,089		-		-	175,089
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(70,055)		245,144		-	175,089
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		357,554		533,114		(129,953)	760,715
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1		2,673,028		1,328,839		6,708,396	10,710,263
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$	3,030,582	\$	1,861,953	\$	6,578,443	\$ 11,470,978

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL OPERATING FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 4,646,359	\$ 4,591,000	\$ 4,443,876	\$ (147,124)
Intergovernmental	143,794	143,794	61,211	(82,583)
Fines and Forfeitures	117,000	133,000	106,865	(26,135)
Investment Income	50,000	95,000	216,643	121,643
Miscellaneous	25,070	25,070	6,448	(18,622)
Total Revenues	4,982,223	4,987,864	4,835,043	(152,821)
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Culture and Recreation				
Personnel Services	3,495,629	3,495,629	3,137,475	(358,154)
Contracted Services	1,232,200	1,294,141	663,824	(630,317)
Materials and Supplies	682,202	650,600	511,466	(139, 134)
Capital Outlay	117,192	107,494	94,669	(12,825)
Total Expenditures	5,527,223	5,547,864	4,407,434	(1,140,430)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER EXPENDITURES	(545,000)	(560,000)	427,609	987,609
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers (Out)	-	(163,752)	(245,144)	(81,392)
Insurance Proceeds		-	175,089	175,089
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(163,752)	(70,055)	93,697
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (545,000)	\$ (723,752)	357,554	\$ 1,081,306
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			2,673,028	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 3,030,582	

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR LIBRARY FUNDS

	Special Revenue Funds						
	_	ift and emorial	Ames	IMRF			
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
ASSETS Cash and Investments Receivables Property Taxes, Net Accrued Interest Due from Primary Government	\$	16,538 \$	394,045 S - 902 -	338,801			
Total Assets		16,538	394,947	613,045			
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> None			-				
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-	-	-			
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	16,538 \$	394,947	613,045			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Accrued Taxes Deposits	\$	686 \$ - -	- S	5 - 11,917 - -			
Total Liabilities		686	_	11,917			
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</b> Deferred Revenue - Property Tax		-	-	274,244			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-	274,244			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources		686	-	286,161			
FUND BALANCES Restricted Retirement Working Cash Library Assigned		- - 15,852 -	- - 394,947 -	326,884 - - -			
Total Fund Balances		15,852	394,947	326,884			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	16,538 \$	394,947	613,045			

 Special Rev	⁄enu	e Funds	Capital Project Fund Public Library Construction			Permanent Fund Working		
FICA		Reserve		and Repair		Cash		Total
\$ 129,225	\$	517,169	\$	375,082	\$	54,240	\$	1,825,100
222,754		-		-		-		496,998
-		-		-		-		902
 -		-		127,907		-		127,907
 351,979		517,169		502,989		54,240		2,450,907
 -		-		-		-		
_		_		_	_			_
\$ 351,979	\$	517,169	\$	502,989	\$	54,240	\$	2,450,907
\$ - 0.716	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	686
9,716		-		52,349		-		21,633 52,349
-		-		17,288		-		17,288
9,716		_		69,637		-		91,956
 222,754		-		-		_		496,998
222,754		_		_		_		496,998
								,
 232,470		-		69,637		-		588,954
119,509		-		-		54.040		446,393
-		517,169		-		54,240		54,240 927,968
-		517,109		433,352		-		433,352
119,509		517,169		433,352		54,240		1,861,953
\$ 351,979	\$	517,169	\$	502,989	\$	54,240	\$	2,450,907

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NONMAJOR LIBRARY FUNDS

	Spe	ecial	Revenue Fui	nds	
	ift and emorial		Ames		IMRF
REVENUES					
Property Tax	\$ -	\$	-	\$	333,304
Investment Income	256		4,830		8,948
Rental Income	-		-		-
Donations	9,870		-		-
Miscellaneous	-		-		
Total Revenues	 10,126		4,830		342,252
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Culture and Recreation					
Personnel	-		-		243,857
Contractual	693		-		-
Materials and Supplies	5,432		-		-
Capital Outlay	 1,191		-		
Total Expenditures	 7,316		-		243,857
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
OVER EXPENDITURES	 2,810		4,830		98,395
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In Transfers (Out)	 -		-		60,581
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		60,581
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,810		4,830		158,976
FUND BALANCES, MAY 1	 13,042		390,117		167,908
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 30	\$ 15,852	\$	394,947	\$	326,884

 Special Revenu					manent Fund	
FICA	Special Reserve	Co	onstruction nd Repair		orking Cash	Total
					<u> </u>	
\$ 162,318 \$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 495,622
6,317	3,990		12,442		2,748	39,531
-	-		143,429		-	143,429
-	-		-		-	9,870
 -	-		128,164		-	128,164
168,635	3,990		284,035		2,748	816,616
200,147	_		_		_	444,004
-	6,133		71,193		-	78,019
-	-		-		-	5,432
-	-		-		-	1,191
200,147	6,133		71,193		_	528,646
(31,512)	(2,143)		212,842		2,748	287,970
_	447,034		_		_	507,615
-	-		(262,471)		-	(262,471)
	447,034		(262,471)			 245,144
(31,512)	444,891		(49,629)		2,748	533,114
 151,021	72,278		482,981		51,492	1,328,839
\$ 119,509 \$	517,169	\$	433,352	\$	54,240	\$ 1,861,953

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GIFT AND MEMORIAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	,	Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Donations	\$ 55,450	\$ 51,050	\$ 9,870	\$	(41,180)
Investment Income	 -	-	256		256
Total Revenues	 55,450	51,050	10,126		(40,924)
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Culture and Recreation					
Contractual	7,840	1,687	693		(994)
Supplies and Materials	21,000	19,938	5,432		(14,506)
Capital Outlay	 44,700	42,160	1,191		(40,969)
Total Expenditures	73,540	63,785	7,316		(56,469)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (18,090)	\$ (12,735)	2,810	\$	15,545
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			13,042	•	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 15,852	_	

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL IMRF FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	ariance Over Under)
REVENUES Property Taxes Investment Income	\$ 333,641	\$ 333,652	\$	333,304 8,948	\$ (348) 8,948
Total Revenues	 333,641	333,652		342,252	8,600
EXPENDITURES  Culture and Recreation Personnel Services	333,641	333,652		243,857	(89,795)
Total Expenditures	 333,641	333,652		243,857	(89,795)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-			98,395	98,395
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-	-		60,581	60,581
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-		60,581	60,581
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	=	158,976	\$ 158,976
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1				167,908	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$	326,884	

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FICA FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Property Taxes	\$ 211,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 162,318	\$	(62,682)
Investment Income	-	-	6,317		6,317
Total Revenues	211,000	225,000	168,635		(56,365)
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and Recreation	211 000	227.000	200 4 45		(0.4.0.50)
Personnel Services	 211,000	225,000	200,147		(24,853)
Total Expenditures	 211,000	225,000	200,147		(24,853)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ -	(31,512)	\$	(31,512)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			 151,021		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 119,509	Ī	

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL RESERVE FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES						
Investment Income	\$ -	\$	-	\$	3,990	\$ 3,990
Total Revenues	 -		-		3,990	3,990
EXPENDITURES  Current  Culture and Recreation						
Contracted Services	 241,000		386,812		6,133	(380,679)
Total Expenditures	 241,000		386,812		6,133	(380,679)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	 (241,000)		(386,812)		(2,143)	384,669
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers In	-		-		447,034	447,034
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-		447,034	447,034
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (241,000)	\$	(386,812)		444,891	\$ 831,703
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1					72,278	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			;	\$	517,169	

# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNIT - CRYSTAL LAKE PUBLIC LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PUBLIC LIBRARY CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR FUND

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		Variance Over (Under)
REVENUES					
Investment Income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,442	\$	12,442
Rental Income Miscellaneous	142,320 260	144,145 200,000	143,429 128,164		(716) (71,836)
Miscenaneous	 200	200,000	120,104		(71,830)
Total Revenues	142,580	344,145	284,035		(60,110)
EXPENDITURES Current Culture and Recreation					
Contractual Services	142,580	344,145	71,193		(272,952)
Total Expenditures	142,580	344,145	71,193		(272,952)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	-	-	212,842		212,842
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (Out)	 -	-	(262,471)		(262,471)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	(262,471)		(262,471)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 	\$ -	(49,629)	\$	(49,629)
FUND BALANCE, MAY 1			 482,981	i	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 30			\$ 433,352	!	

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Crystal Lake, Illinois' annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information displays about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	Page(s)
Financial Trends  These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have been changed over time.	149-158
Revenue Capacity  These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	159-162
Debt Capacity  These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	163-166
Demographic and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	167-168
Operating Information  These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	169-171

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2015	2016*		2017	2018
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	169,307,809	\$ 173,957,143	\$	176,078,381	\$ 175,911,065
Restricted	·	8,310,611	7,095,286	·	7,369,493	8,417,145
Unrestricted (Deficit)		16,387,714	(15,551,944)		(20,991,234)	(27,233,715)
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	194,006,134	\$ 165,500,485	\$	162,456,640	\$ 157,094,495
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	45,482,321	\$ 44,805,894	\$	44,551,283	\$ 44,397,118
Unrestricted		6,465,993	5,786,960		6,510,946	7,018,743
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	\$	51,948,314	\$ 50,592,854	\$	51,062,229	\$ 51,415,861
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	214,790,130	\$ 218,763,037	\$	220,629,664	\$ 220,308,183
Restricted		8,310,611	7,095,286		7,369,493	8,417,145
Unrestricted (Deficit)		22,853,707	(9,764,984)		(14,480,288)	(20,214,972)
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	245,954,448	\$ 216,093,339	\$	213,518,869	\$ 208,510,356

<sup>\*</sup>The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2016.

#### Data Source

**Audited Financial Statements** 

	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	173,931,309	\$	174,038,413	\$	177,510,754	\$	175,285,923	\$	176,875,488	\$	181,837,388
	8,500,749		9,379,343		12,269,407		12,059,384		11,849,081		10,649,313
	(26,053,960)		(31,443,463)		(25,836,721)		(12,047,193)		(3,745,443)		2,281,808
ф	157 279 000	ф	151 074 202	¢	162 042 440	¢	175 200 114	¢	194 070 127	¢	104.769.500
\$	156,378,098	\$	151,974,293	\$	163,943,440	\$	175,298,114	\$	184,979,126	\$	194,768,509
\$	44,395,007	\$	49,163,769	\$	52,160,171	\$	54,063,611	\$	54,686,616	\$	55,271,549
	8,979,964		8,040,946		8,306,998		10,756,654		12,460,252		19,295,826
\$	53,374,971	\$	57,204,715	\$	60,467,169	\$	64,820,265	\$	67,146,868	\$	74,567,375
\$	218,326,316	\$	223,202,182	\$	229,670,925	\$	229,349,534	\$	231,562,104	\$	237,108,937
	8,500,749		9,379,343		12,269,407		12,059,384		11,849,081		10,649,313
	(17,073,996)		(23,402,517)		(17,529,723)		(1,290,539)		8,714,809		21,577,634
	<u> </u>										
\$	209,753,069	\$	209,179,008	\$	224,410,609	\$	240,118,379	\$	252,125,994	\$	269,335,884

#### CHANGE IN NET POSITION

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2015	2016*	2017	2018
EXPENSES				
Governmental Activities				
General Government	\$ 9,219,290	\$ 9,453,754	\$ 9,186,944	\$ 9,480,281
Public Safety	23,670,546	25,243,996	28,675,754	28,257,439
Highways and Streets	9,738,091	11,137,715	8,803,178	9,075,738
Culture and Recreation	1,045,576	1,158,493	1,202,081	1,240,815
Interest	 531,492	472,785	434,677	395,280
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	 44,204,995	47,466,743	48,302,634	48,449,553
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
Waterworks and Sewerage	 12,584,450	11,161,179	10,911,625	11,871,081
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	 12,584,450	11,161,179	10,911,625	11,871,081
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT EXPENSES	\$ 56,789,445	\$ 58,627,922	\$ 59,214,259	\$ 60,320,634
PROGRAM REVENUES				
Governmental Activities				
Charges for Services				
General Government	\$ 1,185,748	\$ 1,015,508	\$ 1,151,113	\$ 1,278,712
Public Safety	3,888,838	3,907,398	4,548,947	4,675,869
Highways and Streets	234,750	240,659	216,074	227,659
Culture and Recreation	406,991	494,003	626,341	652,572
Operating Grants and Contributions				
Public Works	1,446,094	3,371,612	1,064,996	1,072,190
Highways and Streets	658,469	275,424	240,876	169,325
Capital Grants and Contributions				
Public Safety	-	-	-	-
Highways and Streets	1,226,760	2,627,832	305,691	1,023,140
Culture and Recreation	 243,238	2,076	23,132	4,370
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	 9,290,888	11,934,512	8,177,170	9,103,837
Business-Type Activities				
Charges for Services				
Waterworks and Sewerage	9,411,316	10,048,556	11,182,267	11,967,058
Operating Grants and Contributions	-	-	-	3,500
Capital Grants and Contributions	 312,550	849,507	113,616	
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	 9,723,866	10,898,063	11,295,883	11,970,558
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT				
PROGRAM REVENUES	\$ 19,014,754	\$ 22,832,575	\$ 19,473,053	\$ 21,074,395

 2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 8,975,593 28,418,257 10,526,101 1,316,230 357,479	\$ 10,132,372 30,628,583 10,577,802 1,295,958 295,700	\$ 8,086,815 26,072,431 9,917,045 1,059,755 134,854	\$ 7,181,840 26,893,048 9,192,114 1,289,476 296,979	\$ 9,204,627 30,424,252 11,473,336 1,558,416 250,474	\$ 8,868,981 30,928,000 11,648,259 1,745,214 202,288
· ·	,	·	· ·	·	<u> </u>
 49,593,660	52,930,415	45,270,900	44,853,457	52,911,105	53,392,742
 12,508,300	13,345,604	13,923,480	13,221,966	15,048,735	14,538,180
 12,508,300	13,345,604	13,923,480	13,221,966	15,048,735	14,538,180
\$ 62,101,960	\$ 66,276,019	\$ 59,194,380	\$ 58,075,423	\$ 67,959,840	\$ 67,930,922
\$ 1,769,715 4,759,684 207,974 637,618	\$ 1,221,025 4,815,622 440,929 399,884	\$ 1,300,137 4,819,013 217,594 278,033	\$ 1,186,320 5,731,210 234,576 530,037	\$ 1,268,491 5,968,139 251,923 545,769	\$ 1,715,823 5,753,213 269,142 623,701
1,076,674 318,273	2,008,677 28,361	2,929,526 2,351,705	2,574,252 172,244	2,170,297 67,724	1,797,521 136,057
- 488,055 4,638	- 120,168 758,751	1,880 2,053,878	- - 199,629	595,105 1,687,500 318,683	57,734 - 608,083
9,262,631	9,793,417	13,951,766	10,628,268	12,873,631	10,961,274
7,202,001	2,20,111	15,751,700	10,020,200	12,070,001	10,201,21 T
13,953,200	14,279,570	15,285,114	15,323,203	15,397,219	16,775,808
 <u>-</u>	69,920	609,019	1,165,579	109,003	- -
 13,953,200	14,349,490	15,894,133	16,488,782	15,506,222	16,775,808
\$ 23,215,831	\$ 24,142,907	\$ 29,845,899	\$ 27,117,050	\$ 28,379,853	\$ 27,737,082

#### CHANGE IN NET POSITION (Continued)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		2015	2016*	2017	2018
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE					
Governmental Activities	\$	(34,914,107) \$	(35,532,231) \$	(40,125,464) \$	(39,345,716)
Business-Type Activities	φ	(2,860,584)	(263,116)	384,258	99,477
Business-Type Activities		(2,000,304)	(203,110)	304,236	99,477
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE	\$	(37,774,691) \$	(35,795,347) \$	(39,741,206) \$	(39,246,239)
		(67,771,071) 4	(00,770,017)	(6),7.11,200) \$	(5),2:0,25)
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER					
CHANGES IN NET POSITION					
Governmental Activities					
Taxes					
Property	\$	11,054,823 \$	13,424,456 \$	12,368,764 \$	12,499,058
Home Rule		5,084,373	5,040,729	5,078,986	5,159,592
Auto Rental		47,986	42,515	43,751	40,230
Franchise Fees - Cable		692,094	790,182	615,070	728,314
Telecommunications		1,381,207	1,276,159	1,155,832	1,076,925
Hotel/Other		298,471	301,467	357,772	408,156
Intergovernmental					
Replacement		156,255	133,431	160,573	147,318
State Sales and Use		11,903,296	12,103,709	12,310,138	12,595,524
Income		4,104,684	4,167,471	3,841,569	3,707,369
Investment Income		179,247	470,909	484,987	334,737
Miscellaneous		938,298	1,170,199	664,177	920,423
Release of Commitment of SSA Debt		-	-	-	_
Transfers		-	-	-	-
Total Governmental Activities		35,840,734	38,921,227	37,081,619	37,617,646
Business-Type Activities					
Investment Income		39,673	79,071	(12,899)	(3,132)
Miscellaneous		116,233	209,444	98,016	257,285
Other Tax		-	-	-	-
Grants		-	-	-	-
Connection Charges		-	-	-	-
Rental Income		-	-	-	-
Transfers		-	-	-	
Total Business-Type Activities		155,906	288,515	85,117	254,153
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	35,996,640 \$	39,209,742 \$	37,166,736 \$	37,871,799
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
Governmental Activities	\$	926,627 \$	3,388,996 \$		(1,728,070)
Business-Type Activities		(2,704,678)	25,399	469,375	353,630
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(1,778,051) \$	3,414,395 \$	(2,574,470) \$	(1,374,440)

<sup>\*</sup>The City implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in 2016.

Data Source

Audited Financial Statements

	2010	2020	2021	2022	2022	2024
	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$	(40,331,029) \$	(43,136,998) \$	(31,319,134) \$	(34,225,189) \$	(40,037,474) \$	(42,431,468)
	1,444,900	1,003,886	1,970,653	3,266,816	457,487	2,237,628
\$	(38,886,129) \$	(42,133,112) \$	(29,348,481) \$	(30,958,373) \$	(39,579,987) \$	(40,193,840)
Ψ	(30,000,122) ψ	(+2,133,112) ψ	(2),340,401) ψ	(30,230,373) ψ	(3),31),301) ψ	(40,173,040)
\$	12,985,292 \$	13,034,033 \$	13,698,616 \$	13,693,963 \$	14,543,492 \$	15,248,645
Ф	5,403,739	5,296,696	5,523,531	6,652,098	6,826,463	7,179,057
	43,839	42,370	39,076	59,236	60,825	58,694
	670,865	700,274	620,139	643,023	604,830	543,973
	988,663	829,847	664,080	589,605	557,117	528,630
	393.659	1,478,225	2,062,893	2,374,264	2,344,342	979,355
	5,5,55	1,,220	2,002,000	2,07.,20.	2,0,0 .2	<i>&gt;,&gt;,</i> ccc
	140,488	153,893	166,446	383,730	526,372	376,351
	13,321,347	13,315,600	14,035,251	15,405,431	15,819,262	16,687,890
	4,215,078	4,008,499	4,670,667	5,835,642	6,506,600	6,592,621
	1,036,053	1,317,219	375,853	(1,716,158)	329,908	1,924,376
	498,526	2,295,775	1,999,312	1,946,219	1,716,455	2,199,979
	, -	, , , -	, , , <u>-</u>	· · · · -	, , , <u>-</u>	-
	(82,917)	-	-	(287,190)	-	(98,720)
	39,614,632	42,472,431	43,855,864	45,579,863	49,835,666	52,220,851
	39,014,032	42,472,431	43,633,604	43,373,603	49,833,000	32,220,631
	283,436	578,038	154,482	(366,107)	246,960	936,253
	147,859	297,458	137,319	165,199	638,101	224,268
	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	999,998	1,000,000	2,596,683
	-	-	-	-	-	1,326,955
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	82,917	-	-	287,190	-	98,720
	514,212	1,875,496	1,291,801	1,086,280	1,885,061	5,182,879
¢	40,128,844 \$	44 347 027   ¢	15 117 665 ¢	46,666,143 \$	51,720,727 \$	57,403,730
\$	+0,120,044 J	44,347,927 \$	45,147,665 \$	+0,000,143 \$	51,720,727 \$	31,403,130
\$	(716,397) \$	(664,567) \$	12,536,730 \$	11,354,674 \$	9,798,192 \$	9,789,383
	1,959,112	2,879,382	3,262,454	4,353,096	2,342,548	7,420,507
\$	1,242,715 \$	2,214,815 \$	15,799,184 \$	15,707,770 \$	12,140,740 \$	17,209,890
Ф	1,242,/13 \$	4,414,013 Þ	12,177,104	15,101,110 \$	12,140,740 \$	17,209,090

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	2015	2016	2017	2018
GENERAL FUND				
Nonspendable	\$ 1,578,916	\$ 1,807,119	\$ 2,295,685	\$ 2,455,422
Committed	3,128	3,128	3,128	3,796
Unrestricted				
Assigned	3,615,389	1,082,174	2,584,111	1,848,473
Unassigned	 7,820,204	10,224,095	9,616,898	11,533,098
TOTAL GENERAL FUND	\$ 13,017,637	\$ 13,116,516	\$ 14,499,822	\$ 15,840,789
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS				
Nonspendable	\$ 7,392	\$ 7,860	\$ 4,923	\$ 46,355
Restricted	8,995,527	7,781,945	7,910,749	8,883,168
Committed	_	-	-	-
Unrestricted				
Assigned	8,588,879	9,645,831	7,044,977	6,069,668
Unassigned (Deficit)	 (1,621)	-	-	-
TOTAL ALL OTHER				
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 17,590,177	\$ 17,435,636	\$ 14,960,649	\$ 14,999,191

Data Source

**Audited Financial Statements** 

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
\$ 2,513,094	\$ 3,146,413	\$ 3,282,256	\$ 4,210,068	\$ 4,521,627	\$ 5,314,416
37,611	122,612	338,750	424,350	583,848	865,295
2,620,028	3,632,706	4,687,516	347,797	368,929	2,108,555
14,172,882	15,479,489	13,447,755	14,768,666	15,422,765	15,399,501
\$ 19,343,615	\$ 22,381,220	\$ 21,756,277	\$ 19,750,881	\$ 20,897,169	\$ 23,687,767
\$ 47,313	\$ 7,868	\$ 219,758	\$ 304,461	\$ 383,467	\$ 432,596
9,060,963	9,379,343	12,269,407	12,059,384	11,849,081	10,649,313
253,534	332,702	543,117	632,363	798,362	1,082,161
5,871,826	6,649,886	9,763,042	21,769,082	26,190,667	27,484,691
-	-	(23,919)	(95,214)	(181,191)	(186,773)
\$ 15,233,636	\$ 16,369,799	\$ 22,771,405	\$ 34,670,076	\$ 39,040,386	\$ 39,461,988

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

		-01-		•04.5		-04-		****
Fiscal Year		2015		2016		2017		2018
REVENUES								
Charges for Services	\$	4,255,331	\$	4,561,965	\$	5,259,621	\$	5,264,409
Licenses and Permits	Ψ	594,261	Ψ	546,408	Ψ	626,878	Ψ	659,908
Intergovernmental		19,178,195		22,510,761		17,740,346		18,841,214
Fines and Forfeitures		1,186,481		715,857		687,186		520,692
Property Taxes		11,054,823		13,424,456		12,368,764		12,499,057
Other Taxes		7,504,131		7,451,052		7,251,411		7,317,786
Developer Donations		7,501,151		7,131,032		7,231,111		7,517,700
Investment Income		179,247		470,909		484,987		334,734
Miscellaneous		1,037,793		1,232,711		943,772		1,350,750
Miscenaneous		1,037,793		1,232,711		943,112		1,330,730
Total Revenues		44,990,262		50,914,119		45,362,965		46,788,550
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		8,433,073		8,013,493		8,176,893		8,312,721
Public Health and Safety		22,521,524		23,852,909		23,956,258		24,143,224
Public Works		8,248,411		7,333,376		7,122,954		5,426,131
Culture and Recreation		563,450		618,351		7,122,934		723,546
Debt Service		303,430		010,331		730,744		723,340
Principal		1,338,673		1,383,967		1,426,983		1,447,120
Interest		545,577		589,605		475,339		479,218
Capital Outlay		4,943,965		9,178,080		4,559,275		4,877,081
Total Expenditures		46,594,673		50,969,781		46,454,646		45,409,041
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,604,411)		(55,662)		(1,091,681)		1,379,509
OVER EM ENDITORES		(1,004,411)		(33,002)		(1,0)1,001)		1,577,507
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers In		10,011,992		9,006,449		7,315,265		6,702,316
Transfers (Out)		(10,039,717)		(9,006,449)		(7,315,265)		(6,702,316)
Bonds Issued		-		-		-		-
Premium (Discount) on Bonds Issued		-		-		-		-
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow		-		-		-		_
Leases Issued		_		_		_		_
Proceeds From Sale of Capital Assets		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(27,725)		-		-		_
		, , ,						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(1,632,136)	\$	(55,662)	\$	(1,091,681)	\$	1,379,509
DEBT SERVICE AS A PERCENTAGE OF NONCAPITAL EXPENDITURES		4.39%		4.20%		4.42%		4.27%

	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023		2024
\$	5,567,308	\$	5,239,878	\$	4,761,355	\$	5,833,269	\$	5,994,755	\$	6,185,781
Ψ	887,689	Ψ	899,643	Ψ	1,158,614	Ψ	1,034,141	Ψ	1,059,180	Ψ	1,502,481
	18,972,402		19,559,437		24,193,553		24,417,463		25,113,422		26,316,906
	465,779		462,293		301,362		368,879		528,493		595,639
	12,985,292		13,034,033		13,698,616		13,693,963		14,543,492		15,248,645
	7,500,765		8,347,412		8,909,719		10,318,226		10,393,577		9,289,709
	-		410,527		553,878		199,629		, , , , <u>-</u>		-
	1,036,053		1,317,219		375,853		(1,716,158)		329,908		1,924,376
	1,611,094		2,629,098		2,200,268		2,395,649		3,058,970		2,194,091
	49,026,382		51,899,540		56,153,218		56,545,061		61,021,797		63,257,628
	- , , -		- , ,		,,						,,-
	0.010.505		0.101.505		0.010.045		7 410 <b>3</b> 4 4		5 5 40 40 <b>0</b>		0.164.051
	8,212,507		9,121,535		8,313,267		7,419,264		7,540,492		8,164,071
	25,231,400		25,551,179		25,839,379		26,974,821		28,930,616		29,450,821
	5,761,105		5,948,684		6,188,853		6,475,910		7,064,744		7,198,141
	743,393		661,596		510,466		776,629		926,822		914,706
	1,496,632		9,975,381		1,051,080		1,384,794		1,499,329		1,481,851
	411,984		228,933		550,858		395,496		359,007		311,223
	3,491,356		6,150,077		9,778,291		3,485,976		9,160,231		13,160,786
	15 210 277		57 627 205		52 222 104		46 012 900		55 401 241		60 691 500
	45,348,377		57,637,385		52,232,194		46,912,890		55,481,241		60,681,599
	3,678,005		(5,737,845)		3,921,024		9,632,171		5,540,556		2,576,029
	3,098,328		6,609,374		9,969,342		14,512,565		12,506,632		14,729,482
	(3,098,328)		(6,609,374)		(10,382,457)		(14,512,565)		(12,506,632)		(14,828,202)
	(3,070,320)		7,954,054		(10,302,437)		-		(12,500,052)		-
	_		787,327		_		_		_		_
	_		-		_		_		_		_
	59,266		813,338		2,483,808		125,043		157,233		491,512
	-		52,807		195,719		136,061		-		62,188
					,		,				
	59,266		9,607,526		2,266,412		261,104		157,233		454,980
\$	3,737,271	\$	3,869,681	\$	6,187,436	\$	9,893,275	\$	5,697,789	\$	3,031,009
	4.200/		10 730/		2 560/		3.88%		2 720/		2.520/
	4.20%		18.72%		3.56%		3.88%		3.72%		3.52%

#### ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

#### Last Ten Levy Years

Levy Year	Farm Property	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Mineral Property	Rail Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Percentage of Assessed Value
2014	\$ 1,275,219	\$ 682,859,738	\$ 215,592,383	\$ 56,205,928	\$ 766,260	\$ 1,320,683	\$ 958,020,211	1.2351	\$ 2,874,060,633	33.33%
2015	1,404,385	699,260,973	217,281,136	59,020,112	844,076	1,581,706	979,392,388	1.2130	2,938,177,164	33.33%
2016	1,526,396	740,647,736	228,349,107	61,366,135	844,076	1,608,116	1,034,341,566	1.1485	3,103,024,698	33.33%
2017	1,622,445	786,070,587	235,117,515	64,679,519	844,076	1,639,399	1,089,973,541	1.1452	3,269,920,623	33.33%
2018	1,761,344	830,734,889	246,047,143	66,264,371	1,465,540	1,760,154	1,148,033,441	1.0873	3,444,100,323	33.33%
2019	1,886,251	863,066,368	262,375,574	69,136,637	1,525,433	1,920,523	1,199,910,786	1.0879	3,599,732,358	33.33%
2020	1,818,208	903,785,948	265,462,865	70,787,741	1,560,639	2,001,775	1,245,417,176	1.0481	3,736,251,528	33.33%
2021	1,996,645	936,467,067	275,263,871	73,138,016	1,606,507	2,177,547	1,290,649,653	1.0743	3,871,948,959	33.33%
2022	2,144,058	1,013,312,568	296,394,616	76,805,530	1,670,033	2,387,892	1,392,714,697	1.0382	4,178,144,091	33.33%
2023	2,339,725	1,103,721,571	317,920,939	80,953,603	1,770,279	2,580,804	1,509,286,921	0.9868	4,527,860,763	33.33%

Note: Property in the City is assessed using a multiplier of 33.3%, therefore the estimated actual taxable values are equal to assessed value multiplied by 3. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

#### Data Source

McHenry County Clerk

#### PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS

Last Ten Levy Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Operating										
Municipal Retirement	0.0868	0.0914	0.0849	0.0958	0.1313	0.1372	0.1461	0.1540	0.1729	0.1761
Police Pension	0.2394	0.2500	0.2697	0.2353	0.2242	0.2083	0.2219	0.2022	0.2034	0.1952
School Cross Guard	0.0050	0.0052	0.0043	0.0044	0.0046	0.0048	0.0050	0.0053	0.0046	0.0047
Fire Protection	0.5041	0.5276	0.5383	0.5501	0.5710	0.5761	0.5992	0.6315	0.6592	0.6736
Firemen Pension	0.1514	0.1641	0.1771	0.1625	0.1569	0.1609	0.1729	0.1556	0.1729	0.1856
Total City of Crystal Lake	0.9868	1.0382	1.0743	1.0481	1.0879	1.0873	1.1452	1.1485	1.2130	1.2351
Crystal Lake Public Library	0.3374	0.3550	0.3674	0.3755	0.3897	0.3997	0.4210	0.4345	0.4589	0.4670
McHenry County	0.6649	0.6982	0.7365	0.7621	0.7868	0.8317	0.9019	1.0539	1.0781	1.1412
District 47	3.6730	3.7431	3.8048	3.8548	3.8851	3.9469	4.0463	4.1616	4.3488	4.3867
District 155	2.4096	2.4353	2.1383	2.1636	2.5236	2.5646	2.6953	2.7749	2.9060	2.9721
Debt Service										
McHenry County	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
District 47	-	0.0065	-	-	-	-	0.2143	0.2119	0.2103	0.2655
District 155	0.0341	0.0421	0.3371	0.3485	0.0466	0.0485	0.0066	0.0537	0.1196	0.1227
Total Tax Rate										
City of Crystal Lake	0.9868	1.0382	1.0743	1.0481	1.0879	1.0873	1.1452	1.1485	1.2130	1.2351
Crystal Lake Public Library	0.3374	0.3550	0.3674	0.3755	0.3897	0.3997	0.4210	0.4345	0.4589	0.4670
McHenry County	0.6649	0.6982	0.7365	0.7621	0.7868	0.8317	0.9019	1.0539	1.0781	1.1412
District 47	3.6730	3.7496	3.8048	3.8548	3.8851	3.9469	4.2607	4.3735	4.5591	4.6522
District 155	2.4437	2.4774	2.4754	2.5121	2.5702	2.6130	2.7019	2.8286	3.0255	3.0948
Other										
College District 528 MCC	0.2821	0.3060	0.3297	0.3433	0.3564	0.3655	0.3847	0.4066	0.4348	0.4453
McHenry County Conservation	0.2030	0.2125	0.2219	0.2236	0.2286	0.2380	0.2449	0.2588	0.2766	0.2840
Crystal Lake Park District	0.4500	0.4629	0.4703	0.4813	0.4886	0.5003	0.5178	0.5310	0.5535	0.5582
Township (Algonquin)	0.0489	0.0524	0.0543	0.0558	0.0573	0.0603	0.0638	0.0712	0.0828	0.0851
Road and Bridge (Algonquin)	0.1177	0.1201	0.1231	0.1265	0.1323	0.1417	0.1527	0.1705	0.1862	0.1913

Data Source

McHenry County Clerk.

#### PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023			2014	
Taxpayer	Type of Business	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total District Taxable Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total District Taxable Assessed Value
Chern Partners LLC	Residential	\$ 11,988,033	1	0.79%	\$ 7,254,804	2	0.76%
Continental 544 Fund LLC	Residential	10,225,435	2	0.68%			
PMAT Crystal, LLC	Commercial	9,999,116	3	0.66%			
KPR US LLC	Industrial	7,246,938	4	0.48%			
Centro Bradley Crystal Lake	Commercial	6,348,998	5	0.42%			
Cunat Exc III Darlington	Residential	6,288,177	6	0.42%			
Chern Randall Baric Randall	Residential	6,141,295	7	0.41%			
Stag Industrial Holdings	Industrial	5,232,612	8	0.35%			
ARHC CLCRYIL01 LLC	Commercial	3,813,717	9	0.25%			
Crystal Lake LP	Commercial	3,795,228	10	0.25%			
Crystal Point LLC	Commercial				7,561,697	1	0.79%
Bradley Oper. Ltd. Partnership	Commercial				5,860,002	3	0.61%
Cobalt Industrail	Industrial				4,557,882	4	0.48%
Tyco Healthcare Group	Manufacturing				4,102,762	5	0.43%
Walmart Real Est Business	Commercial				3,996,945	6	0.42%
Sunrise Residential Housing	Residential				3,732,373	7	0.39%
Northern IL Medical Center	Healthcare				3,125,735	8	0.33%
Chicago Title	Commercial				2,923,878	9	0.31%
Home State Bank	Commercial				2,853,610	10	0.30%
		\$ 71,079,549	=	5.10%	\$ 45,969,688	=	4.82%

Note: Every effort has been made to seek out and report the largest taxpayers. However, many of the taxpayers listed contain multiple parcels and it is possible that some parcels and their valuations have been overlooked.

#### Data Source

McHenry County Treasurer

#### PROPERTY TAX EXTENSIONS AND COLLECTIONS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Taxes Extended				Collected W Fiscal Year of		Collections	,	Total Collections to Date			
	Ended April 30,	for the Fiscal Year		Amount	Percentage of Extension	In Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Extension		
	2015	\$ 11,634,049	\$	11,622,227	99.90	-	\$	11,622,227	99.90		
	2016	11,785,312		11,765,244	99.83	-		11,765,244	99.83		
	2017	11,879,677		11,864,090	99.87	-		11,864,090	99.87		
	2018	11,879,703		11,873,307	99.95	-		11,873,307	99.95		
	2019	12,482,104		12,464,739	99.86	-		12,464,739	99.86		
	2020	12,482,131		12,456,521	99.79	-		12,456,521	99.79		
	2021	13,053,697		13,030,707	99.82	-		13,030,707	99.82		
	2022	13,053,672		13,028,661	99.81	-		13,028,661	99.81		
	2023	13,865,914		13,847,890	99.87	-		13,847,890	99.87		
	2024	14,459,457		14,441,441	99.88	-		14,441,441	99.88		

Note: Above schedule excludes taxes levied and collected on special service areas. There is a two year difference between the levy year and the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied.

#### Data Source

McHenry County Clerk

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT - BY TYPE

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 Gov	ern	mental Activi	ties			Business-Tyj	oe A	ctivities		i.					
Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	General Obligation Bonds	τ	namortized Bond Premium		Lease Liability	General Obligation Bonds	Notes Payable	τ	namortized Bond Premium	Lease Liability		Total Primary Government	Per	ntage of rsonal come		Per apita
2015	\$ 16,299,470	\$	65,351	\$	-	\$ 24,398,153	\$ -	\$	977,272	\$ -	\$	41,740,246		3.67%	6	1,024
2016	14,898,250		48,095		-	22,411,000	1,900,000		901,155	-		40,158,500		2.80%		986
2017	13,453,551		30,379		-	20,364,550	10,426,422		822,722	-		45,097,624		3.17%		1,107
2018	11,988,542		12,491		-	18,270,226	15,537,661		741,277	-		46,550,197		3.36%		1,143
2019	10,473,372		(6,047)		54,611	16,108,783	15,235,751		658,204	59,664		42,584,338		3.07%		1,045
2020	9,339,638		794,276		780,680	20,301,671	14,389,153		1,187,033	160,682		46,953,133		3.39%		1,152
2021	7,716,268		708,630		2,817,479	17,598,732	13,525,659		1,107,355	501,116		43,975,239		2.67%		1,092
2022	6,967,332		623,693		2,293,855	15,712,668	16,266,699		994,313	415,156		43,273,716		2.70%		1,075
2023	6,151,361		530,758		1,176,190	21,398,639	18,407,107		700,101	321,998		48,686,154		2.88%		1,197
2024	5,327,518		436,973		986,480	19,367,482	18,251,057		569,011	215,466		45,153,987		2.47%		1,110

## RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	General Obligation Debt	Unamortized Bond Premium	Less Amounts Available in Debt Service Funds	Net Bonded Debt	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per Capita
2015	\$ 40,697,623	\$ 1,042,623	\$ 656,449	\$ 41,083,797	3.79%	\$ 1,008.36
2016	37,309,250	949,250	607,044	37,651,456	3.80%	904.04
2017	32,965,000	853,101	535,819	33,282,282	3.47%	816.88
2018	29,505,000	753,768	470,617	29,788,151	2.88%	731.12
2019	26,582,155	652,157	380,381	26,853,931	2.34%	659.11
2020	29,641,309	1,981,309	263,268	31,359,350	2.61%	769.69
2021	25,315,000	1,815,985	328,566	26,802,419	2.23%	665.58
2022	22,680,000	1,618,006	328,811	23,969,195	1.86%	595.23
2023	27,550,000	1,230,859	329,055	28,451,804	2.04%	706.54
2024	24,695,000	1,005,984	-	25,700,984	1.70%	638.23

Notes: Population data can be found at page 167 - demographic and economic statistics.

Property value data can be found at page 159 - assessed value and actual value of taxable property.

# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES BONDED DEBT, UNAMORTIZED BOND PREMIUM AND CAPITAL LEASES

# April 30, 2024

	Bonded	Applicable	e to the City
<b>Governmental Unit</b>	Debt	Percent	Amount
Bonded Debt	\$ 5,327,518		
Unamortized Bond Premium	436,973		
Lease Liability	986,480		
Total City of Crystal Lake	6,750,971	100% _	\$ 6,750,971
Overlapping:			
School District Number 155	11,635,000	41.22%	4,795,947
Elgin Community College Number 509	127,385,000	0.002%	2,548
School District Number 200	65,533,650	0.93%	606,842
School District Number 300	198,250,000	0.01%	15,860
McHenry County Conservation District	37,600,000	13.57%	5,101,192
Crystal Lake Park District	1,219,990	75.50%	921,031
Cary Park District	817,890	0.04%	311
Huntley Park District	1,180,000	0.60% _	7,056
Total others	443,621,530	_	11,450,787
Total overlapping debt	\$ 450,372,501	=	\$ 18,201,758

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

The City is a home rule municipality. To date, the General Assembly has set no limits for home-rule municipalities.

Article VII, Section 6(k) of the Illinois Constitution governs computation of the legal debt margin.

"The General Assembly may limit by law the amount and require referendum approval of debt to be incurred by home-rule municipalities, payable from ad valorem property tax receipts, only in excess of the following percentages of the assessed value of its taxable property ...(2) if its population is more than 25,000 and less than 500,000 an aggregate of one percent...indebtedness which is outstanding on the effective date (July 1, 1971) of this constitution or which is thereafter approved by referendum...shall not be included in the foregoing percentage amounts."

#### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

#### Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended April 30,	Estimated Population (1)	Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)	
_	April 30,	r opulation (1)	Hicome	 income (2)	Emonnent (3)	Kate (4)	•
	2015	40,743	\$ 1,434,275,829	\$ 35,203	14,336	4.9%	
	2016	40,743	1,268,451,819	31,133	14,020	5.0%	
	2017	40,743	1,420,912,125	34,875	13,896	3.2%	
	2018	40,743	1,386,932,463	34,041	13,695	3.5%	
	2019	40,743	1,468,214,748	36,036	13,357	2.8%	
	2020	40,743	1,710,187,425	41,975	13,138	16.1%	(5)
	2021	40,269	1,645,028,919	40,851	12,639	5.0%	
	2022	40,269	1,601,981,358	39,782	12,787	2.5%	
	2023	40,269	1,671,445,383	41,507	12,647	3.6%	
	2024	40,269	1,808,521,059	44,911	12,545	3.5%	

#### **Data Sources**

- (1) U.S. Census Bureau
- (2) U.S. Census Bureau
- (3) Elementary and High School obtained from School Districts
- (4) IL Department of Employment Security Local Area Unemployment Statistics
- (5) Change in Unemployment rate is attributable to closures as a result of COVID-19 and the Govenor's Stayat-Home Orders.

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

# Current Year

Employer	Employees	Rank	% of Total City Population
CL Elementary School District 47	1,528	1	3.79%
Crystal Lake School District 155	725	2	1.80%
McHenry County College	500	3	1.24%
Knaack Manufacturing	500	4	1.24%
Crystal Lake Park District	480	5	1.19%
Aptar Group	475	6	1.18%
Walmart	350	7	0.87%
City of Crystal Lake	241	8	0.60%
Clayens	230	9	0.57%
Technipaq	225	10	0.56%
Jewel Foodstores	220	11	0.55%
Mercyhealth	150	12	0.37%
	5,624	-	13.97%

Information is not readily available for previous years.

# **Data Sources**

Crystal Lake Website, Demographic Data and Statistics, Labor Statistics

#### FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES

Last Ten Fiscal Years

-	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	30.50	30.05	30.05	29.95	37.25	37.75	38.75	38.75	39.25	40.25
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police	78.70	78.70	77.70	77.70	77.75	77.75	77.75	78.75	78.75	79.75
Fire	68.00	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.50	67.75
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS										
Administration	4.50	5.75	4.75	3.25	4.25	4.25	4.25	5.25	5.25	5.25
Engineering	8.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fleet and Facilities	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.50	6.50	6.50
Maintenance	15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00	17.00	17.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	19.00
WATERWORKS AND SEWERAGE	29.00	29.00	29.00	30.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	30.00	31.00	31.00
_	240.70	240.00	238.00	237.40	238.75	239.25	241.25	244.75	246.25	249.50

Notes: Full-time equivalent employment is a unit of measure that indicates the workload of an employee. An FTE of 1.0 is equivalent to a full-time worker, while an FTE of 0.75 or 0.5 signals three-quarter or half of a full work load. In Fiscal Year 2021, Engineering moved from the Community Development Department (General Government) to the Public Works Department.

#### Data Source

City of Crystal Lake records

#### OPERATING INDICATORS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
POLICE										
Physical Arrests	899	891	642	611	769	854	838	905	935	1,010
Parking Violations	3,754	3,090	2,278	2,019	3,228	2,339	3,310	3,742	4,131	5,406
Traffic Violations	4,456	9,434	3,379	3,697	8,788	9,937	10,910	11,869	13,961	11,267
FIRE										
Number of Calls Answered	7,487	7,642	6,704	6,283	6,799	6,345	6,228	5,894	5,833	5,695
Inspections	967	1,277	743	588	853	957	981	650	833	1,104
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS										
Street Resurfacing (Lane Miles)	10.7	10.9	12.3	10.8	10.0	6.9	6.9	8.3	6.0	6.9
WATER										
New Connections	205	103	99	123	76	19	8	12	5	23
Water Main Breaks	26	15	25	22	21	28	19	24	18	29
Average Daily Consumption										
(Millions of Gallons)	3.63	4.20	4.10	3.87	4.01	3.85	3.85	3.90	3.93	3.93
WASTEWATER										
Average Daily Sewage Treatment										
(Millions of Gallons)	3.84	4.19	3.84	4.77	5.00	4.80	4.80	4.80	5.10	5.10
LIBRARY										
Circulation										
Physical Materials	481,611	489,613	444,589	115,152	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
E-Materials	104,088	90,121	85,340	94,193	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reference Questions	61,815	62,697	46,152	13,592	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Cardholders	17,685	17,685	18,680	21,109	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Programs										
Number	1,015	1,012	921	1,020	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Attendance	47,615	51,325	38,162	88,730	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Data Source

City and Library records

N/A - data not available

### CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS

Last Ten Fiscal Years

_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
PUBLIC SAFETY										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Patrol Units	22	22	22	22	19	19	19	23	23	23
Fire										
Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
HIGHWAYS AND STREETS										
Streets (Miles)	177	176	176	176	176	176	176	160	160	160
Streetlights	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,417	2,410	2,410
Traffic Signals	35	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
CULTURE AND RECREATION										
Parks Acreage	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450
WATER										
Water Mains (Miles)	240	240	240	240	236	230	230	230	230	230
Fire Hydrants	3,263	3,206	3,234	3,181	3,122	3,122	3,122	3,114	3,095	3,095
Maximum Daily Capacity										
(Million of Gallons)	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54	8.54
SEWER										
Sanitary Sewers (Miles)	165	165	165	165	161	166	166	166	166	166
Storm Sewers (Miles)	122	122	122	122	115	114	60	60	60	60
Maximum Daily Treatment										
(Millions of Gallons)	20.20	20.20	20.20	20.20	20.20	20.20	19.50	16.50	16.50	16.50

Data Source

City records





COVERAGE DECLARATIONS
November 1, 2023 to November 1, 2024

Coverage Period: November 1, 2023 to November 1, 2024

Coverage Period: November 1, 2023 to Novemb	er 1, 2024				
Types of Coverages	Pool Self-Insured Retention	Limits			
General Liability  Bodily Injury and Property Damage  Law Enforcement Activities  Employee Benefits	\$3,000,000	\$15,000,000 (per member)			
Auto Liability  Uninsured/Underinsured Motorist	\$3,000,000	\$15,000,000 \$50,000 (per member)			
Public Officials Liability  Wrongful Acts Employment Practices	\$3,000,000	\$15,000,000 (per member)			
Workers' Compensation  Employer's Liability	\$1,500,000	Statutory \$1,000,000 (per member)			
First Party Property – All Risk (all risks are covered unless excluded) including also:  Flood Zone A/V  Flood (Non-Zone A/V)  Contingent Business Interruption (Sales Tax)  Scheduled Emergency Vehicles-Agreed Value	\$1,000,000	\$250,000,000 per occurrence \$5,000,000 \$25,000,000 \$10,000,000 Scheduled \$50,000,000			
Boiler/Machinery	\$ 150,000	(per member)			
Crime	\$ 100,000	\$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000 \$25,000 (per member)			
Cyber Risk  Data Compromise/Breach Response Computer Attack System Restoration Cyber Extortion (IRMA excess \$75,000) Misdirected Payments Computer Fraud Data Compromise Liability Network Security Liability Electronic Media Liability Public Relations  Public Officials Bonds	Member Deductible - \$10,000	\$1,000,000 member aggregate  \$500,000 \$500,000 \$100,000 \$25,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$1,000,000 \$5,000 Statutory Limits			
<ul> <li>Mayor/President, Treasurer, Clerk</li> <li>Special District Trustees</li> <li>Supplemental</li> </ul>	Ψ0	As Scheduled			
Yearly Aggregates	Limits				
Member Annual Payment Cap (Applies to general/auto liability and public officials' liability Loss Fund Payments only)	\$6,000,000 \$73,949,381				
Agency Aggregate Cap	φ13,949,38T				

G:\\RMA Organization\Coverage Documents.Reinsurance Agreements by Year\2024\Coverage Declarations-2024.doc